

Electron Temperature

The plasma current density is given by relation

$$j = E\sigma \quad (1)$$

where σ is the specific conductivity of plasma given by

$$\sigma(r) = 1.544 \cdot 10^3 \frac{T_e(r)^{3/2}}{Z_{eff}} \quad (2)$$

and E is the electric field, which we assumed constant in the poloidal cross-section of plasma:

$$E = \frac{U_{loop}}{2\pi R} \quad (3)$$

The total plasma current is obtained by integration of current density over the plasma cross-section:

$$I_{pl} = \int_0^a E\sigma(r)2\pi r dr \quad (4)$$

where a is the distance from the centre to the edge of the plasma. Using (2), (3) and (4) we obtained

$$I_{pl} = \int_0^a \frac{U_{loop}}{2\pi R} 1.544 \cdot 10^3 \frac{T_e(r)^{3/2}}{Z_{eff}} 2\pi r dr = \frac{U_{loop}}{2\pi R} 1.544 \cdot 10^3 \frac{2\pi}{Z_{eff}} \int_0^a T_e(r)^{3/2} r dr \quad (5)$$

If we assume a parabolical profile with the peaking factor $\nu=2$ for the electron temperature

$$T_e(r) = T_e(0) \left(1 - \frac{r^2}{a^2}\right)^\nu \quad (6)$$

then the integral in (5) could be written as

$$\int_0^a T_e(0)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{r^2}{a^2}\right)^3 2\pi r dr = 2\pi T_e(0)^{3/2} \frac{a^2}{8} \quad (7)$$

It is possible to express the electron temperature in the center of plasma after the substitution (6) into (5) as

$$T_e(0) = \left(\frac{8RZ_{eff}}{1.544 \cdot 10^3 a^2}\right)^{2/3} \left(\frac{I_{pl}}{U_{loop}}\right)^{2/3} \quad (8)$$

We consider $a=78\text{mm}$ for the tokamak GOLEM geometry (plasma shift is 7 mm downwards from magnetic axis) and the effective ion charge $Z_{eff}=2,5$. The final equation for the central electron temperature is given by

$$T_e(0) = 89,8 \left(\frac{I_{pl}[\text{kA}]}{U_{loop}}\right)^{2/3} \quad (9)$$

The equation 9¹ is used in the program `ElectronTemperatureTime.pl` for the evaluation of the central electron temperature in each time step. The evaluated data are saved in files `ElectronTemperatureTime.txt`(dot point) and `ElectronTemperatureTimecp.txt`(comma point) and plotted in graphs `ElectronTemperature.ps` and `ElectronTemperature.png`.

¹There were used following assumptions in derivation: the electron temperature has a parabolic shape with the peak factor $\nu=2$, the plasma position (from which is derived the plasma cross-section) is not calculated from the data from Mirnov coils but is set fixed, as well as the effective ion charge which is estimated

References

- [1] BROTÁNKOVÁ, J. *Study of high temperature plasma in tokamak-like experimental devices*, Disertation theses, Charles University in Prague, Faculty of Mathematics and Physics, 2009