

Introduction to the tokamak GOLEM operation Practical guide

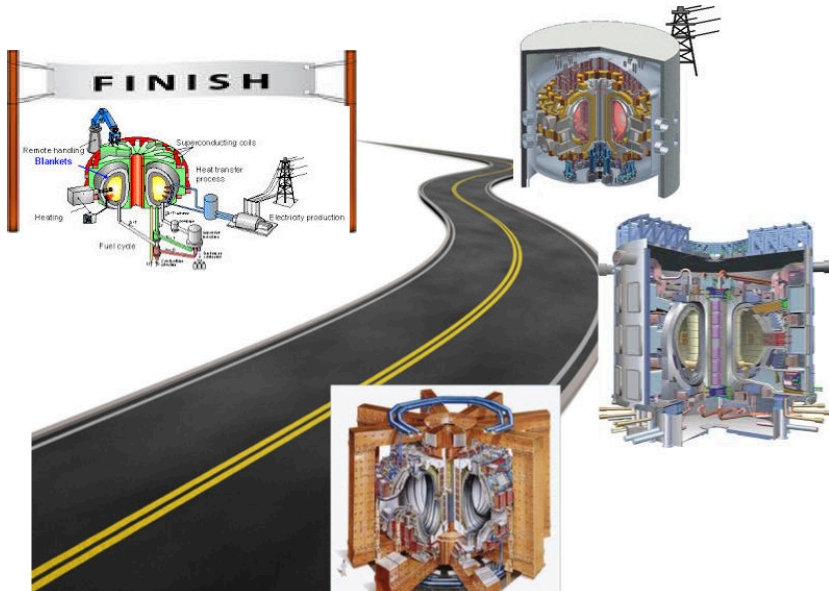
Vojtěch Svoboda
on behalf of the tokamak GOLEM team
for the ZJT@FJFI

December 18, 2023

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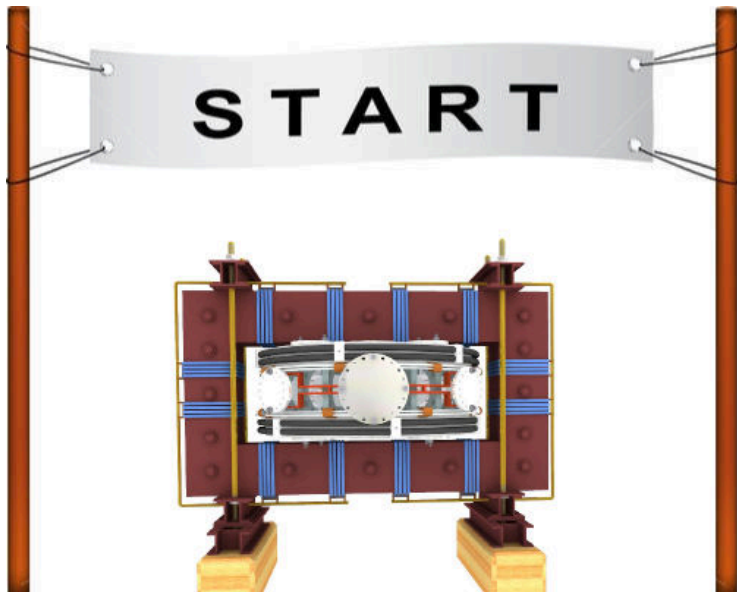
Milestones to Fusion Power Plant



Education importance

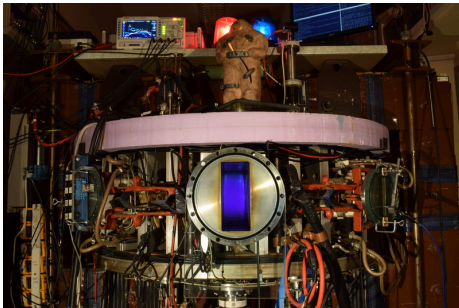


Let's start with the tokamak GOLEM - *the smallest tokamak in the World with the biggest control room*



The GOLEM tokamak basic characteristics

The grandfather of all tokamaks (ITER newslines 06/18)



- Vessel major radius: $R_0 = 0.4$ m
- Vessel minor radius: $r_0 = 0.1$ m
- Maximum plasma current:
 $I_p^{\max} < 8$ kA
- Maximum toroidal magnetic field: $B_t^{\max} < 0.5$ T
- Typical electron density:
 $\langle n_e \rangle \in (0.2, 3) \cdot 10^{19} \text{ m}^{-3}$
- Maximum electron temperature:
 $T_e^{\max} < 80$ eV
- Maximum discharge duration:
 $\tau_p^{\max} < 25$ ms

Tokamak GOLEM @ Wikipedia ..


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W https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tokamak

home Kalendarj Produkce Forecast Slovník Ráno

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Tokamak

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

This article is about the fusion reaction device. For other uses, see [Tokamak \(disambiguation\)](#).

A **tokamak** (Russian: **токамак**) is a device that uses a powerful magnetic field to confine plasma in the shape of a torus. Achieving a stable plasma equilibrium requires magnetic field lines that wrap around the torus in a helical shape. Such a helical field can be generated by adding a toroidal field


it decays into a proton and electron with the emission of energy. When the time comes to actually try to make electricity from a tokamak-based reactor, some of the neutrons produced in the fusion process would be absorbed by a liquid metal blanket and their kinetic energy would be used in heat-transfer processes to ultimately turn a generator.

Experimental tokamaks [[edit](#)]


Currently in operation [[edit](#)]

(in chronological order of start of operations)

- 1960s: TM1-MH (since 1977 Castor; since 2007 Golem^[122]) in Prague, Czech Republic. In operation in Kurchatov Institute since early 1960s but renamed to Castor in 1977 and moved to IPP CAS,^[131] Prague; in 2007 moved to FNSPE, Czech Technical University in Prague and renamed to Golem.^[14]
- 1975: T-10, in Kurchatov Institute, Moscow, Russia (formerly Soviet Union); 2 MW
- 1983: Joint European Torus (JET), in Culham, United Kingdom
- 1985: JT-60, in Naka, Ibaraki Prefecture, Japan; (Currently undergoing upgrade to Super, Advanced model)
- 1987: STOR-M, University of Saskatchewan; Canada; first demonstration of alternating current in a tokamak.
- 1988: Tore Supra,^[151] at the CEA, Cadarache, France
- 1989: Aditya, at Institute for Plasma Research (IPR) in Gujarat, India
- 1980s: DIII-D,^[16] in San Diego, USA; operated by General Atomics since the late 1980s
- 1989: COMPASS,^[133] in Prague, Czech Republic; in operation since 2008, previously operated from 1989 to 1999 in Culham, United Kingdom
- 1990: FTU, in Frascati, Italy
- 1991: Tokamak ISTTOK,^[171] at the Instituto de Plasmas e Fusão Nuclear, Lisbon, Portugal;
- 1991: ASDEX Upgrade, in Garching, Germany

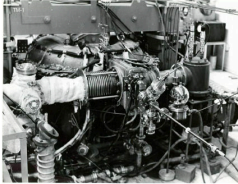


Alcator C-Mod



The GOLEM tokamak for education - historical background

Kurchatov Institute near Moscow,
Soviet Union
1960: **TM1-MH**



1974



Culham Centre for Fusion Energy
Great Britain
1989: **COMPASS-D**



2006



Institute of Plasma Physics
Czech republic
CASTOR **COMPASS**



2008



Czech Technical University Prague
Czech republic
GOLEM



GOLEM

... somewhere, in the ancient cellars of Prague,

there is hidden indeed "infernal" power. Yet it is the very power of celestial stars themselves. Calmly dormant, awaiting mankind to discover the magic key, to use this power for their benefit. . .

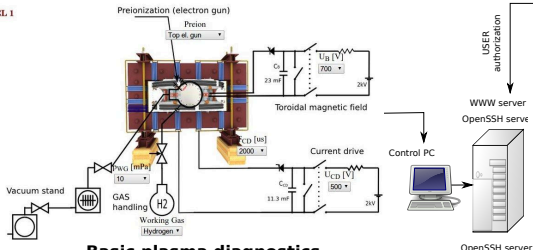


At the end of the 16th century, in the times when the Czech lands were ruled by Emperor Rudolf II, in Prague, there were Rabbi Judah Loew, well known alchemist, thinker, scholar, writer and inventor of the legendary GOLEM - a clay creature inspired with the Universe power that pursued his master's command after being brought to life with a shem, . Golem is not perceived as a symbol of evil, but rather as a symbol of power which might be useful but is very challenging to handle. To learn more of the Golem legend, see e.g. [1].

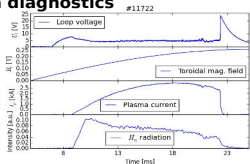
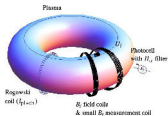
The global schematic overview of the GOLEM experiment

LEVEL 1

Tokamak technology setup



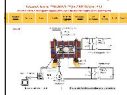
Basic plasma diagnostics



Virtual control room (remote participation)

WWW control interface

HTML & PHP scripts



SSH control interface

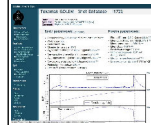
WINDOWS via putty



LINUX via ssh
or ssh+X tunnel
(advanced mode)

Data presentation

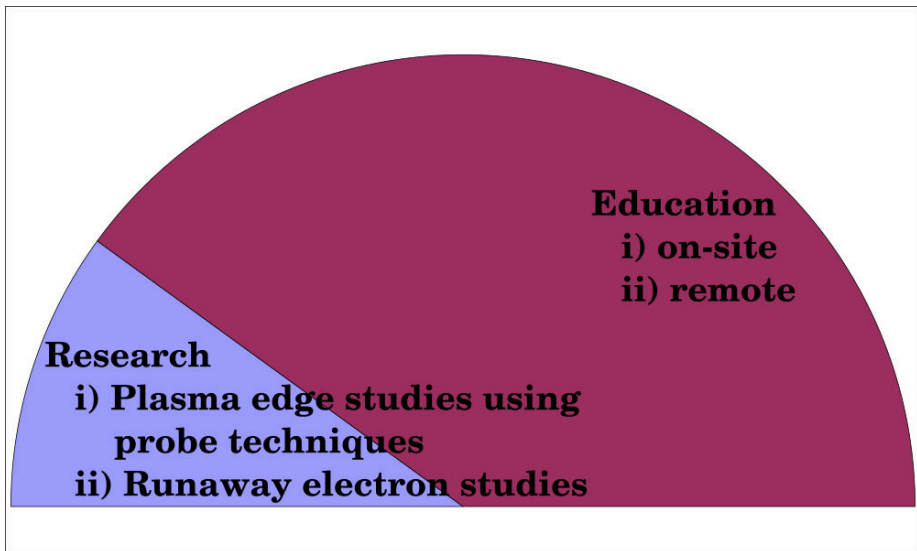
HTML (www pages)



Data handling

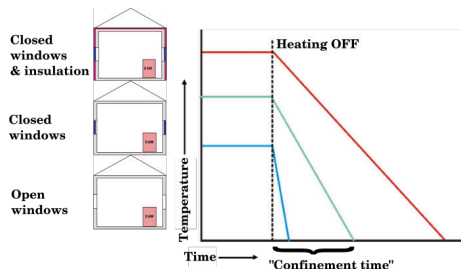
- *wget
- *gnuplot
- *idl
- *mathematica
- *matlab
- *etc...

The GOLEM tokamak mission

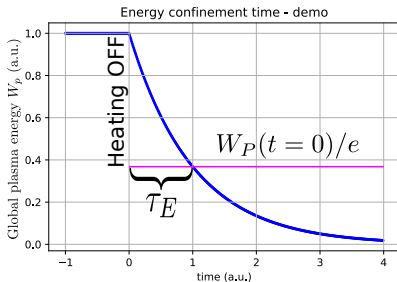


Towards ... Energy confinement time

House



Tokamak



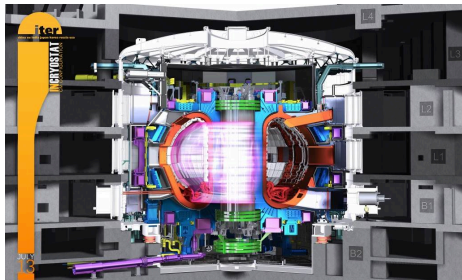
- Net power = Efficiency \times (Fusion - Radiation loss - Conduction loss)
- The confinement time: $\tau_E = \frac{W}{P_{\text{loss}}}$
- Energy density $W = 3nk_B T$ & rate of radiation and conduction energy loss per unit volume P_{loss}
- Reactions per volume per time of fusion reactions is:
 $f = n_d n_t \langle \sigma v \rangle = \frac{1}{4} n^2 \langle \sigma v \rangle$
- Fusion heating fE_{ch} , where $E_{\text{ch}} = 3.5 \text{ MeV}$ should exceed the losses:
 $fE_{\text{ch}} \geq P_{\text{loss}}$

$$n\tau_E \geq L \equiv \frac{12}{E_{\text{ch}}} \frac{k_B T}{\langle \sigma v \rangle} \geq 1.5 \cdot 10^{20} \frac{\text{s}}{\text{m}^3}$$

(DT reaction @ minimum $\approx 26 \text{ keV}$)

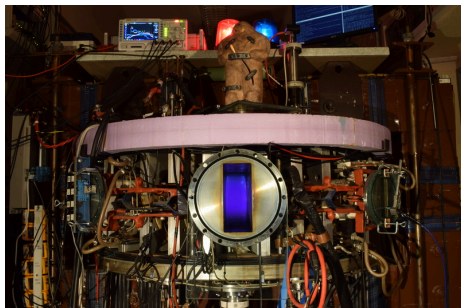
The competition

The ITER: 3.6 s



credit:[3]

The GOLEM: ??? s or ms or us ??



credit:[4]

Production

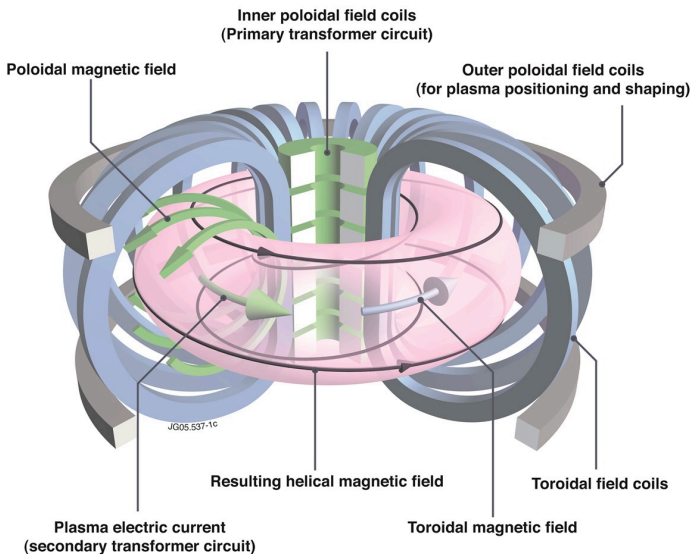
- Everything via `http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/ZJT`
 - This presentation
 - Control rooms
 - Contact: Vojtech Svoboda,
+420 737673903,
`vojtech.svoboda@fjfi.cvut.cz`
 - Videoconference:
`https://meet.google.com/hnv-qjhu-xvi`



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Tokamak magnetic confinement concept



Tokamak (GOLEM) basic concept to confine and heat the plasma

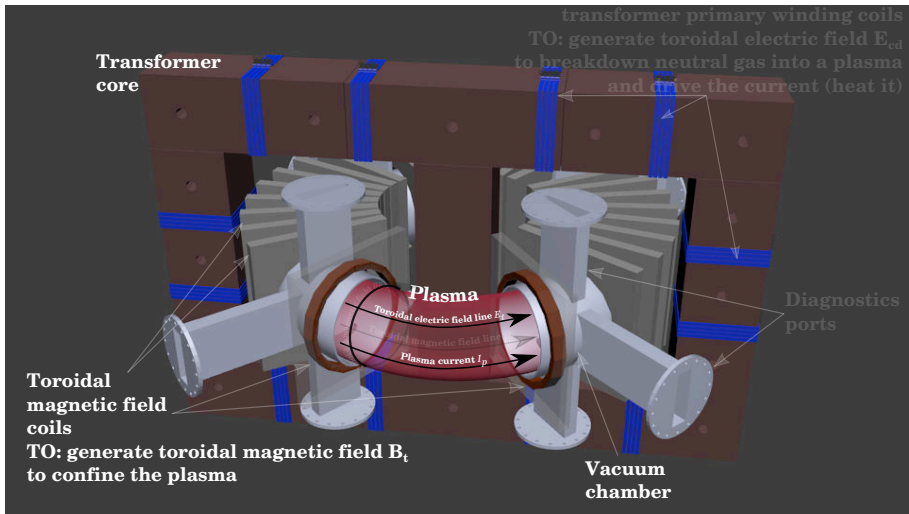


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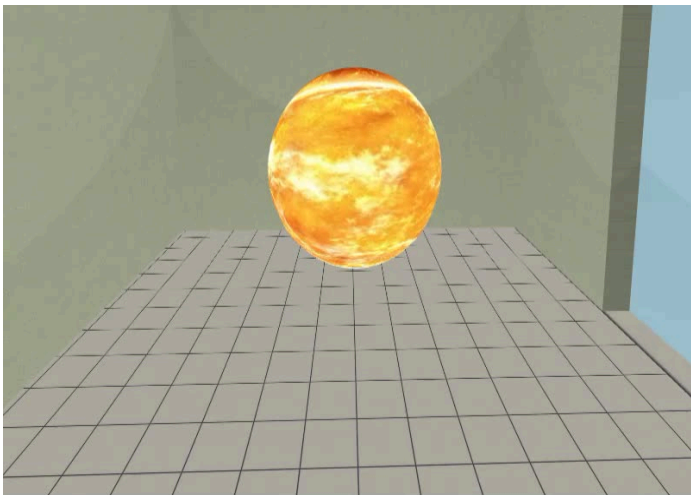
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3 The Tokamak GOLEM (remote) operation

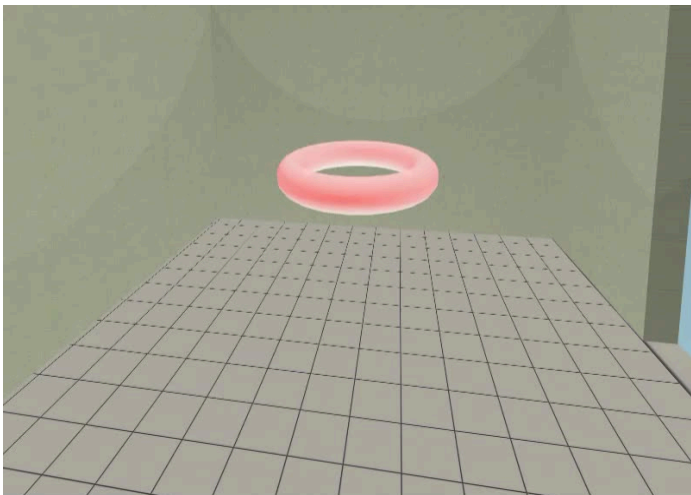
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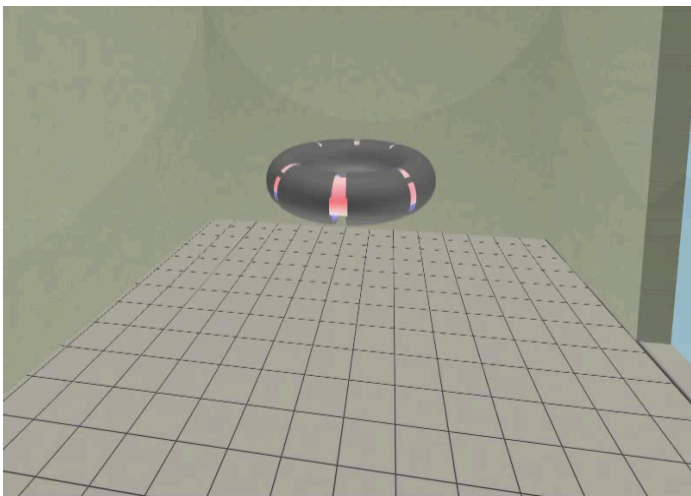
Our goal: the technology to create a μ Sun on the Earth



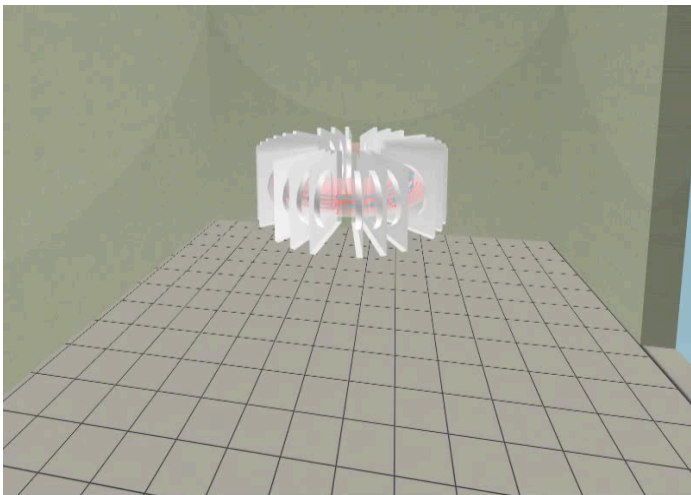
Magnetic confinement requires toroidal geometry



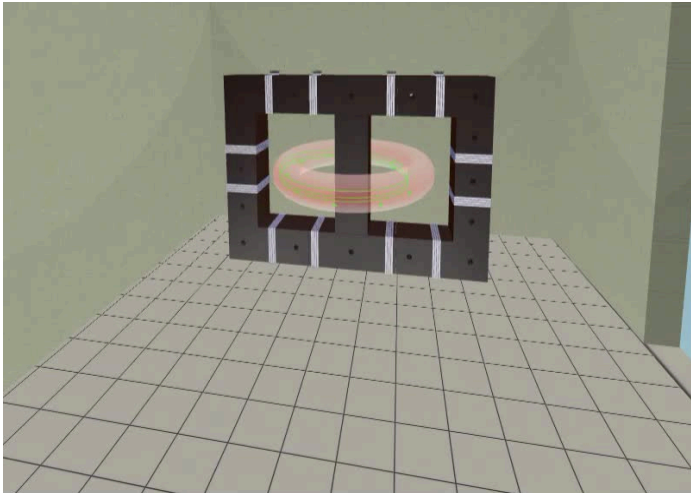
A chamber contains the thermonuclear reaction



Toroidal magnetic field coils confine the plasma



A transformer action creates and heats the plasma



The final technology altogether

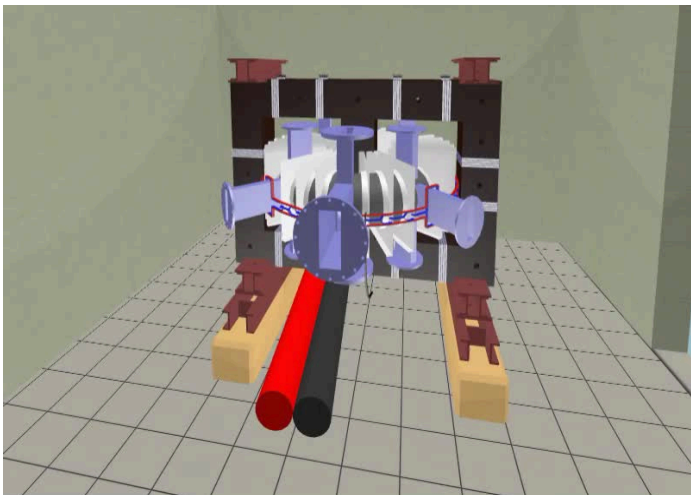


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Infrastructure room (below tokamak) 10/16



Infrastructure room (below tokamak) 10/16

Current drive CD field
and toroidal magnetic Bt field
circuits

To the tokamak
GOLEM

Rotary
pump

Vacuum
control

Current drive CD
capacitors

Plasma
stabilization

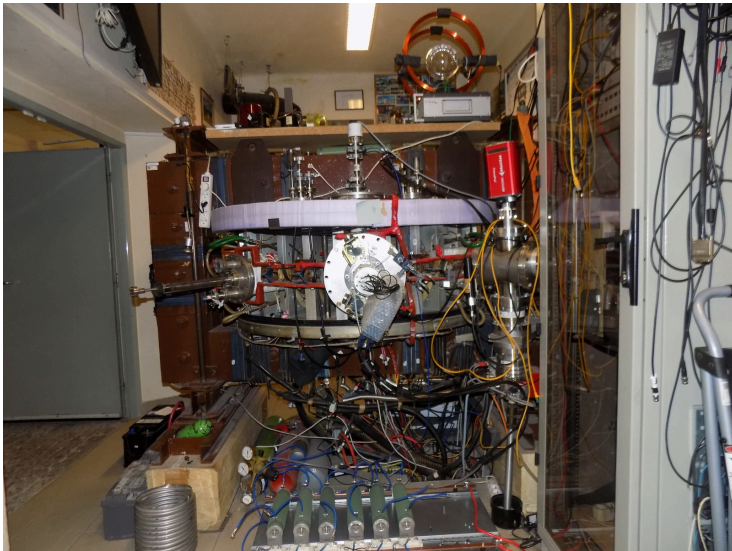
power
supply
2kV

Toroidal
magnetic field B
capacitors

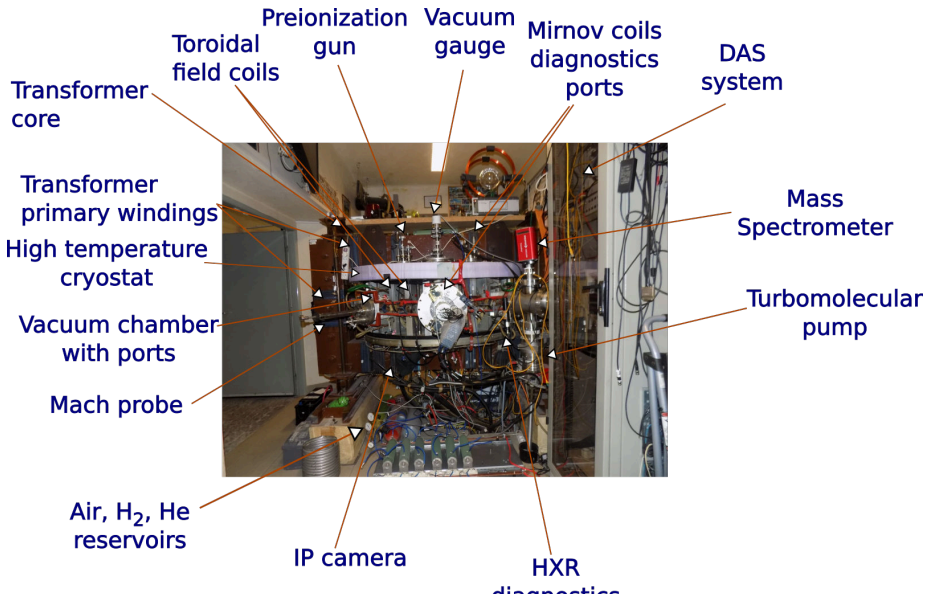
fire
protection
system



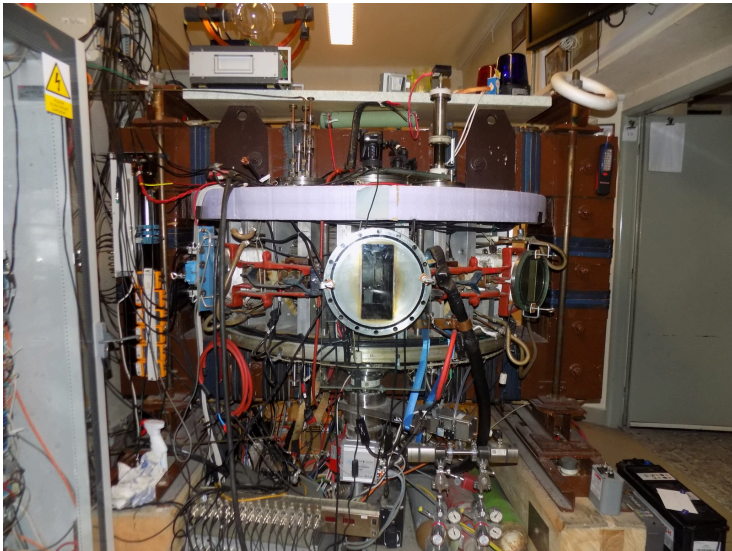
Tokamak room (North) 10/16



Tokamak room (North) 10/16



Tokamak room (South) 10/16



Tokamak room (South) 10/16

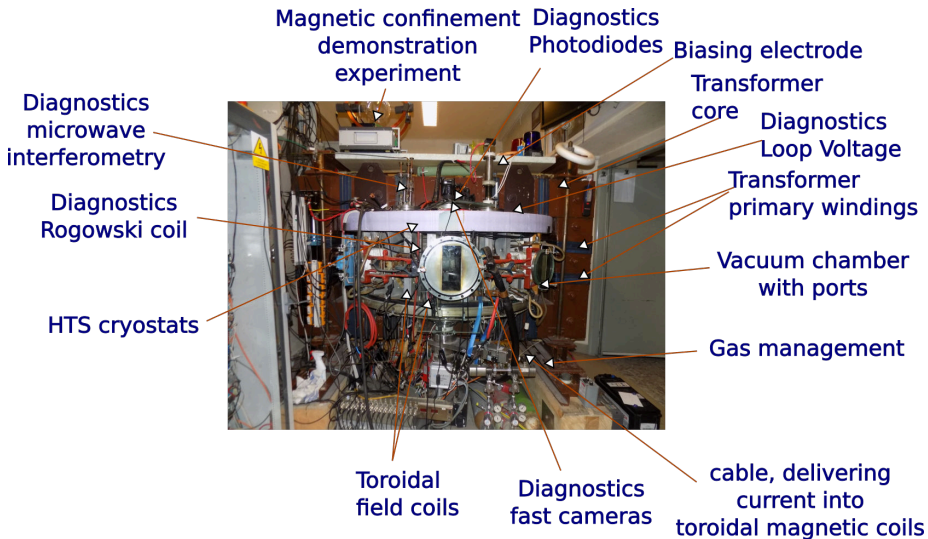


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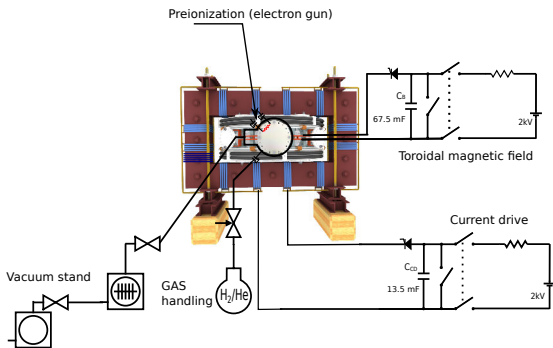
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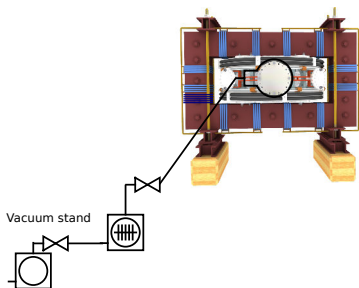
Plasma in Tokamak (GOLEM) - the least to do



To do:

- session start phase:
 - Evacuate the chamber
- pre-discharge phase
 - Charge the capacitors
 - Fill in the working gas
 - Preionization
- discharge phase
 - Toroidal magnetic field to confine plasma
 - Toroidal electric field to breakdown neutral gas into plasma
 - Toroidal electric field to heat the plasma
 - Plasma positioning
 - Diagnostics
- post-discharge phase

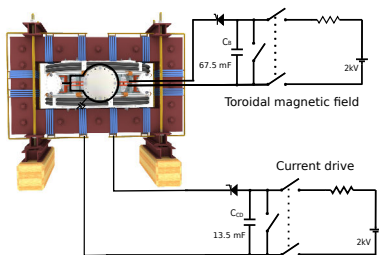
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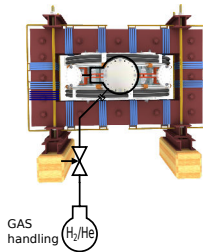
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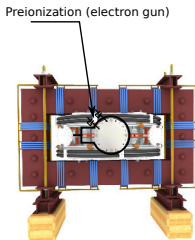
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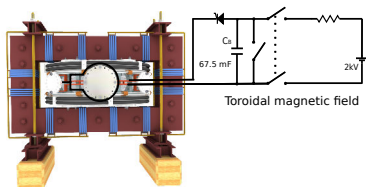
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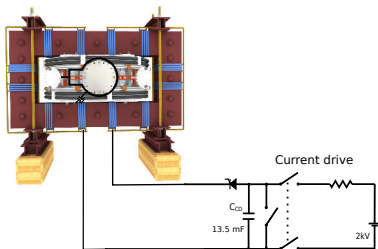
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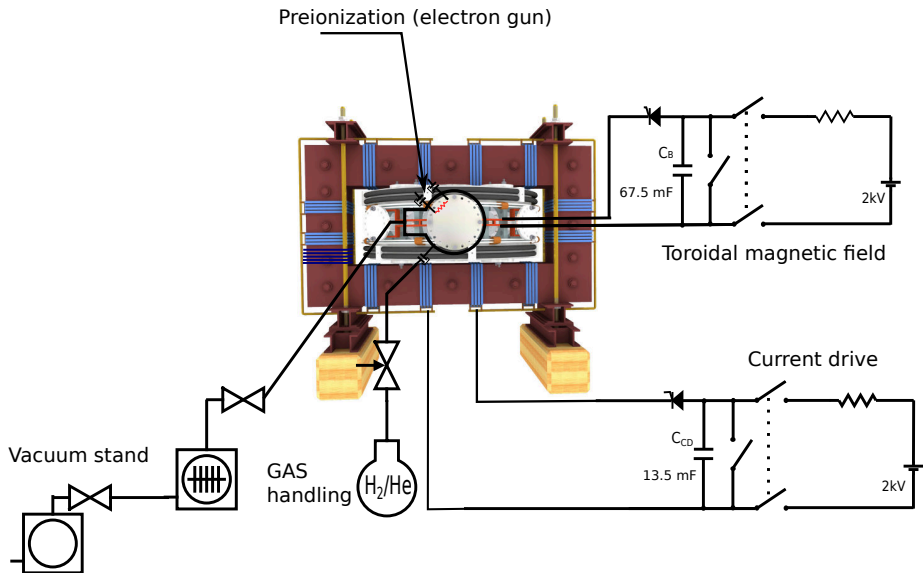
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Tokamak GOLEM - schematic experimental setup

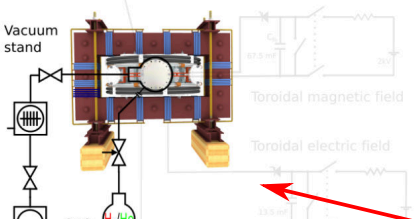


Remote control interface of the GOLEM tokamak

Introduction Working gas Preionization Magnetic field Electric field Submit

Set the pressure and type of the working gas from which the plasma is formed. Pressure must be high enough for plasma to form, but low enough for gas breakdown to occur.

Preionization (electron gun)



Vacuum stand

GAS handling H_2/He

Toroidal magnetic field

Toroidal electric field

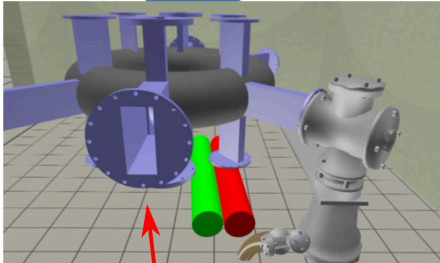
Gas type and pressure $p_{WG} = 16 \text{ mPa}$

Hydrogen Helium

Next Set recommended value

rendering settings

3D model rendering method: Static image (fast) Interactive X3DOM (slower)



3D model rendering

engineering scheme

sliders and checkboxes

workflow buttons

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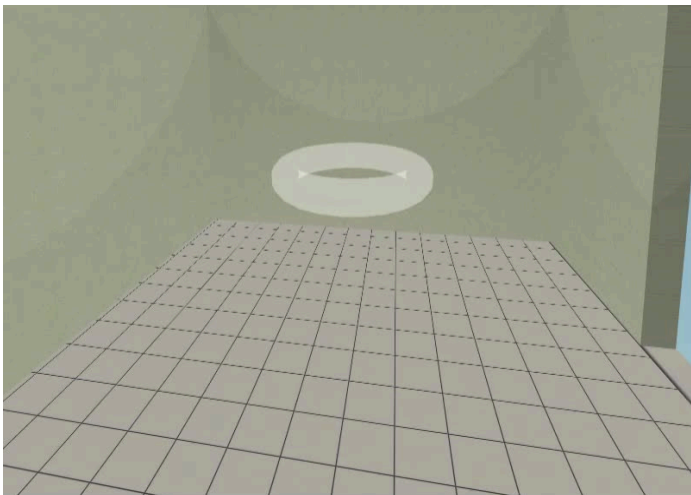
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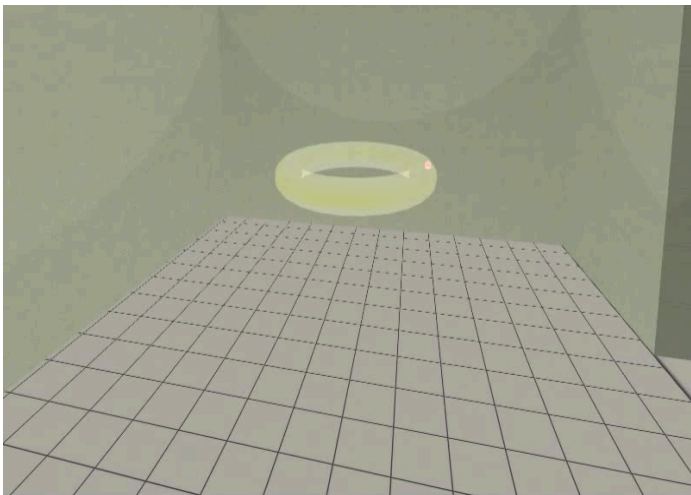
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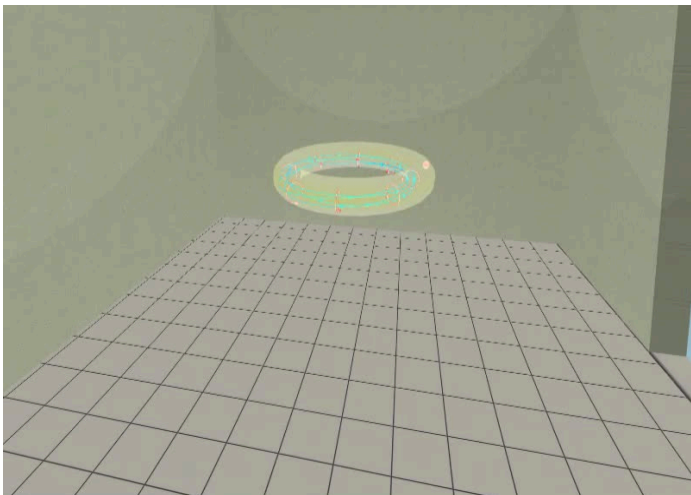
Introduce the working gas (Hydrogen x Helium)



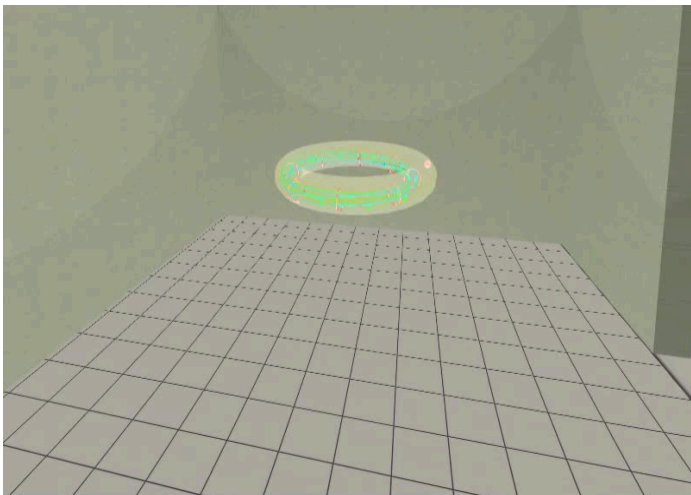
Switch on the preionization



Introduce the magnetic field



Introduce the electric field



Plasma ..

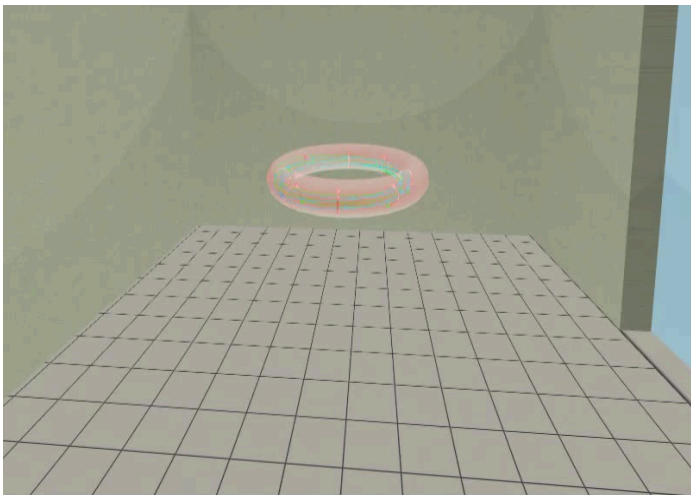


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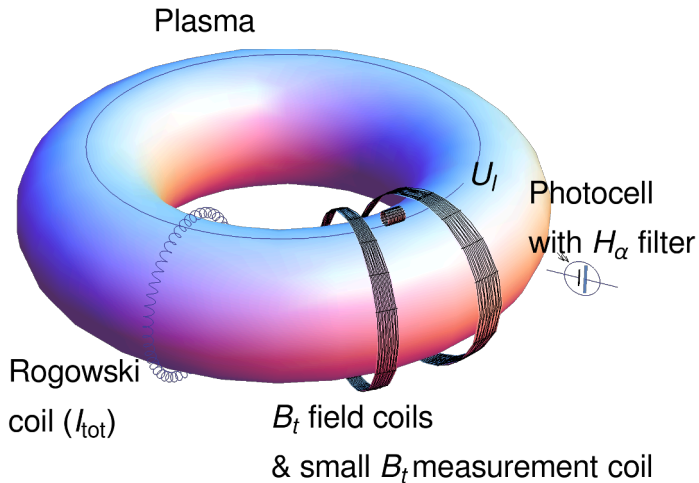
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The GOLEM tokamak - basic diagnostics



Hands on the GOLEM tokamak - equipment



Basic diagnostics - numerical processing, shot homepage

GOLEM - Shot #39187

Tokamak GOLEM - Shot Database - #39187

The date of discharge execution: 22-05-18 17:55:04
The session mission: GOLEM II -> EDU (MHD + biasing)
The session ID: 39183
The discharge comment: Vert & Rad Stab
Discharge command: `loop j, /Dirigent.sh --discharge --UBT 1200 --TBT 0 --Ucd 450 --Tcd 350 --preionization 1 --gas H --pressure 10 --diagnostics.limitermirrorcoils "vacuum_shot=39109" --discharge.preionization "main_switch='on',powsup_heater=80,powsup_accel=100" --discharge.position_stabilization "main_switch='on',radial_switch='on',vertical_wavemode='3000,0,9000,-20;18000,0,20000,0,30000,0' --discharge.vertical_switch='on',radial_wavemode='2000,0,3000,0,8000,-20;18000,0,19000,0,25000,0'" --ScanDefinition "39184 39185" --comment "Vert & Rad Stab"`

Technological parameters

- Working Gas: $p_{\text{discharge, before}} = 1,66 \text{ mPa}$; $p_{\text{discharge, post}} = 10,40 \text{ mPa}$ ($p_{\text{HWC}}^{\text{request}} = 10 \text{ mPa}$ @ $N_{\text{HWC}}^{\text{request}} = H$)
- Toroidal magnetic field: $U_{\text{BI}}^{\text{request}} = 1200 \text{ V}$ @ $I_{\text{BI}}^{\text{request}} = 0,0 \text{ us}$
- Current drive field: $U_{\text{CD}}^{\text{request}} = 450 \text{ V}$ @ $I_{\text{CD}}^{\text{request}} = 350,0 \text{ us}$

Plasma

- Plasma: yes or no:
- Time parameters: $\Delta t_p = 15,08 \text{ ms}$ (from: $t_{\text{start}} = 2,49 \text{ ms}$, to: $t_{\text{end}} = 17,57 \text{ ms}$)

Plasma parameters

- Loop voltage: $\bar{U}_{\text{loop}} = 8,02 \text{ V}$; $\max_{r \in [0, \text{discharge}]} \bar{U}_{\text{loop}} = 9,89 \text{ V}$; $U_{\text{loopdown}} = 10,83 \text{ V}$
- Toroidal magnetic field: $\bar{B}_t = 0,40 \text{ T}$; $\max_{r \in [0, \text{discharge}]} \bar{B}_t = 0,57 \text{ T}$
- Plasma current: $I_p = 9,67 \text{ kA}$; $\max_{r \in [0, \text{discharge}]} I_p = 9,67 \text{ kA}$; $I_{\text{CD}} = 11,66 \text{ kA}$

On stage diagnostics

Data flow: measurement → digitization → analysis

Name	Experiment setup	Data acquisition system	Raw data	Analysis results
Basic Diagnostics				

Basic diagnostics - numerical processing, raw data

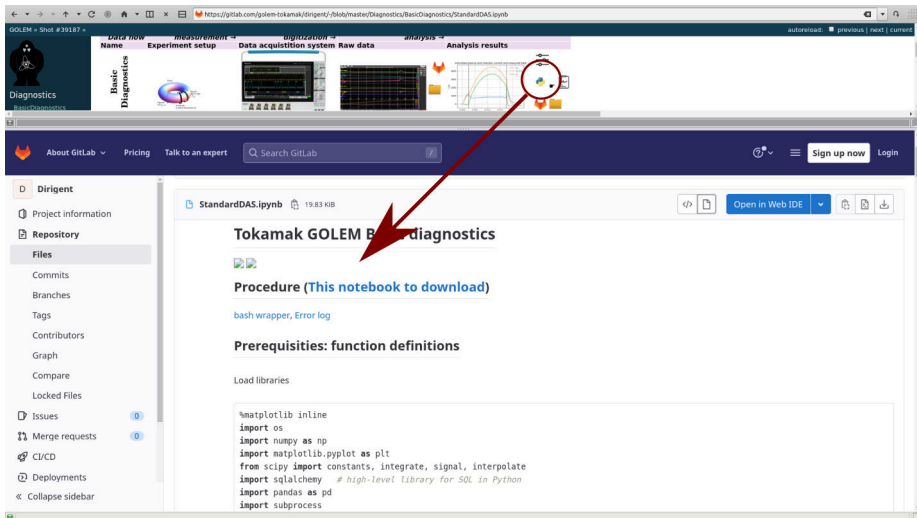
The image shows a web browser displaying a diagnostics interface for a Golem system. The top part of the browser shows a graph with a blue line and a red vertical line. Below the graph is a navigation menu with sections: Diagnostics (listing tools like FastCameras, Interferometry, etc.), Other (listing files like flowviewer), and Navigation (listing Next, Previous, Current). The main content area is titled "On stage diagnostics" and features a flow diagram with stages: Data flow, measurement, digitization, and analysis. Each stage has a corresponding visualization: a pie chart for Diagnostics, an oscilloscope for measurement, a data acquisition system for digitization, and a graph for analysis. A red circle highlights a folder icon in the analysis stage, with a red arrow pointing from it to the file index below.

Index of /shots/39187/Devices/Oscilloscopes/TektrMSO56-a

Name	Last modified	Size	Description
Parent Directory	-	-	-
BasicDiagnostics.sh	2022-05-18 17:58	3.2K	
ScreenshotAll.png	2022-05-18 17:58	184K	
TektrMSO56_ALL.csv	2022-05-18 17:58	3.9M	
Universals.sh	2022-05-18 17:58	1.2K	
das.jpg	2022-05-18 17:58	13K	
ls-all	2022-05-18 17:58	2.4K	
rawdata.jpg	2022-05-18 17:58	13K	

Apache/2.4.38 (Debian) Server at golem.fjfi.cvut.cz Port 80

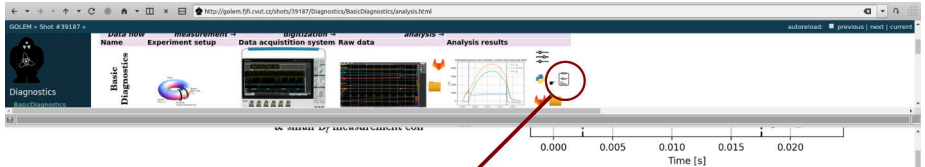
Basic diagnostics - numerical processing, Jupyter-notebook@GitLab Download & play



The screenshot displays a web browser window showing a GitLab repository page for a Jupyter notebook. The browser's address bar shows the URL: `https://gitlab.com/golem-tokamak/dirigent/-/blob/master/Diagnostics/basicDiagnostics/StandardDAS.ipynb`. The page header includes navigation tabs for 'Data flow', 'Measurement', 'Data acquisition system', 'Raw data', and 'Analysis results'. Below the header is a navigation bar with 'About GitLab', 'Pricing', 'Talk to an expert', a search bar, and 'Sign up now' and 'Login' buttons. The left sidebar shows the repository structure, including 'Files', 'Commits', 'Branches', 'Tags', 'Contributors', 'Graph', 'Compare', 'Locked Files', 'Issues', 'Merge requests', 'CI/CD', 'Deployments', and 'Collapse sidebar'. The main content area shows the notebook file 'StandardDAS.ipynb' (19.83 KIB) with a 'Download' icon and an 'Open in Web IDE' button. The notebook content is titled 'Tokamak GOLEM Basic diagnostics' and includes a 'Procedure' section with a link to download the notebook, a 'bash wrapper, Error log' link, and a 'Prerequisites: function definitions' section. The code in the notebook includes the following imports:

```
%matplotlib inline
import os
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from scipy import constants, integrate, signal, interpolate
import sqlalchemy # high-level library for SQL in Python
import pandas as pd
import subprocess
```

Basic diagnostics - numerical processing, Jupyter-notebook applied on the Discharge



Procedure ([This notebook to download](#))

[bash wrapper](#), [Error log](#)

Prerequisites: function definitions

Load libraries

```
In [1]: %matplotlib inline
import os
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from scipy import constants, integrate, signal, interpolate
import sqlalchemy # high-level library for SQL in Python
import pandas as pd
import subprocess
```

For interactive web figures

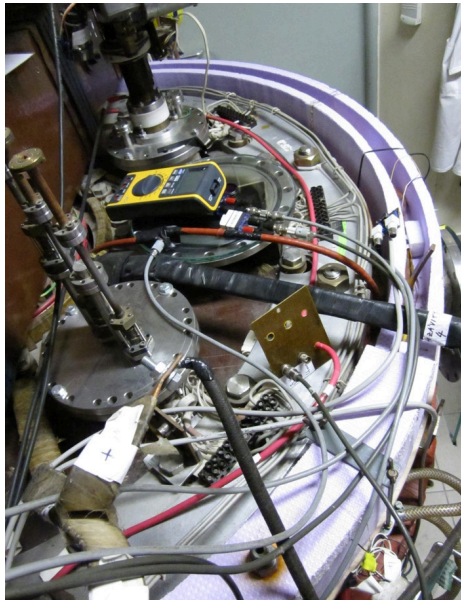
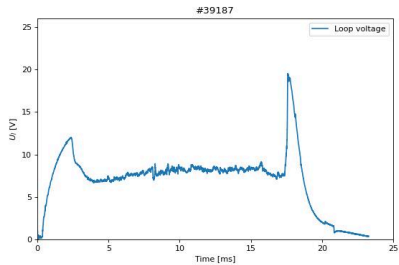
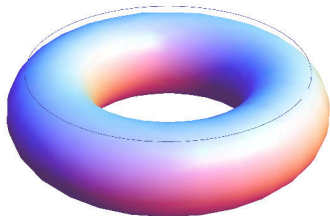
```
In [2]: import holoviews as hv
hv.extension('bokeh')
import hvplot.pandas
```



For conditional rich-text boxes

```
In [3]: from IPython.display import Markdown
```

Loop voltage U_l @ the GOLEM tokamak



Basic diagnostics - numerical processing, U_{loop}

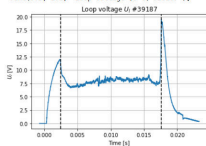
```
t_scale = 1e-3 if in_seconds else 1
if is_plasma:
    for t in (t_plasma_start, t_plasma_end):
        plt.axvline(t = t_scale, color='k', linestyle='--')
```

U_l management

Check the data availability

```
In [11]: loop_voltage = read_signal(shot_no, 'U_Loop')
polarity_CD = read_parameter(shot_no, 'CD_orientation')
if polarity_CD != 'CW': # T000 hardcoded for now!
    loop_voltage *= -1 # make positive
loop_voltage = correct_inf(loop_voltage)
loop_voltage.loc[is_CD] = 0
ax = loop_voltage.plot(grid=True)
show_plasma_limits()
ax.set(xlabel='Time [s]', ylabel='SU_LS [V]', title='Loop voltage SU_LS #{}'.format(shot_no));
```

```
Out[11]: [Text(0.5, 0, 'Time [s]'),
Text(0, 0.5, 'SU_LS [V]'),
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Loop voltage SU_LS #39187')]
```



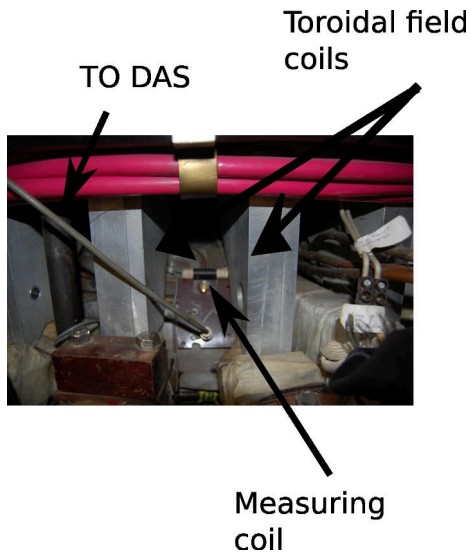
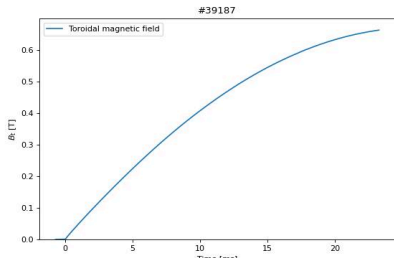
B_t calculation

Check the data availability

It is as magnetic measurement, so the raw data only give $\frac{dB_t}{dt}$

```
In [12]: dBt = read_signal(shot_no, 'U_BtCoil')
polarity_BT = read_parameter(shot_no, 'Bt_orientation')
if polarity_BT != 'CW': # T000 hardcoded for now!
    dBt *= -1 # make positive
dBt = correct_inf(dBt)
dBt -= dBt.loc[offset_s1].mean()
ax = dBt.plot(grid=True)
show_plasma_limits()
ax.set(xlabel='Time [s]', ylabel='dBt [V]', title='BtCoil raw signal #{}'.format(shot_no));
```

Toroidal magnetic field B_t @ the tokamak GOLEM



Basic diagnostics - numerical processing, B_t

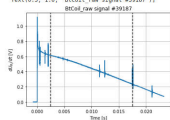
B_t calculation

Check the data availability

It is as magnetic measurement, so the raw data only give $\frac{dB_t}{dt}$

```
In [12]: dBt = read_signal(shot_no, '0_BtCoil')
polarity_Bt = read_parameter(shot_no, 'Bt_orientation')
if polarity_Bt != 'CW':
    dBt *= -1 # make positive # 1000 hardcoded for now!
dBt = correct_infidBt
dBt = dBt.loc[offset_sl].mean()
ax = dBt.plot(grid=True)
show_plasma_limits()
ax.set(xlabel='Time [s]', ylabel='dBt [B.t)/dtS [V]', title='BtCoil_raw signal #{}'.format(shot_no));
```

```
Out[12]: [Text(0.5, 0, 'Time [s]'),
Text(0, 0.5, 'dBt [B.t)/dtS [V]'],
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'BtCoil_raw signal #39187')]
```

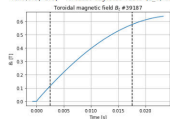


Integration (It is a magnetic diagnostic) & calibration

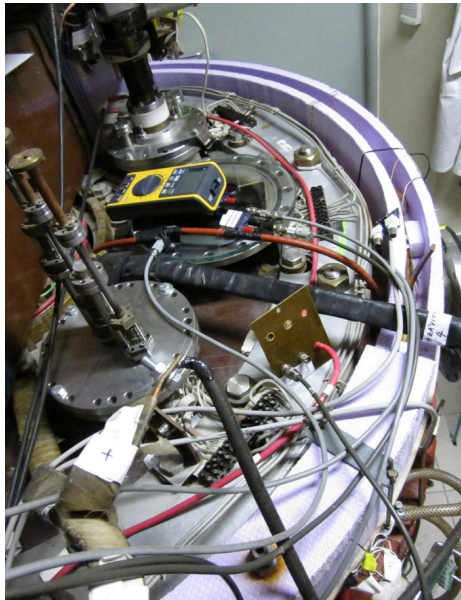
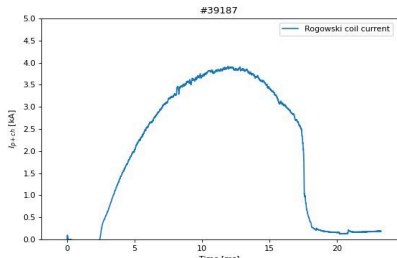
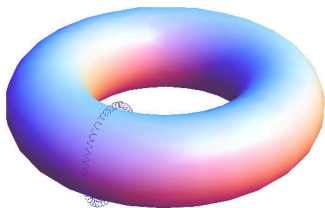
```
In [13]: K_BtCoil = float(read_parameter(shot_no, 'SystemParameters/K_BtCoil')) # Get BtCoil calibration factor
print('BtCoil calibration factor K_BtCoil={}'.format(K_BtCoil))
BtCoil calibration factor K_BtCoil=70.42 T/Vs)
```

```
In [14]: BT = pd.Series(integrate.cumtrapz(dBt, axis=dBt.index, initial=0) * K_BtCoil,
index=dBt.index, name='Bt')
ax = BT.plot(grid=True)
show_plasma_limits()
ax.set(xlabel='Time [s]', ylabel='Bt [T]', title='Toroidal magnetic field Bt ts #{}'.format(shot_no));
```

```
Out[14]: [Text(0.5, 0, 'Time [s]'),
Text(0, 0.5, 'Bt [T]'),
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Toroidal magnetic field Bt ts #39187')]
```



Total current I_{ch+p}



Basic diagnostics - numerical processing, U_{ch+p}

http://system.fyi.cvt.cz/shot/39187/Diagnostics/BasicDiagnostics/analysis.html

Chamber (+ Plasma) current I_{p+ch} calculation

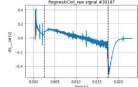
The Rogowski coil around the chamber measures the total current contained within its boundaries. Therefore, if there is plasma, it measures the sum of the plasma and chamber currents. In a vacuum discharge it measures only the chamber current.

Check the data availability

Because it is a magnetic measurement, the raw data only gives $\frac{dI_{p+ch}}{dt}$

```
In [131]: dIpch = read_signal(shot_no, 'I_RogCoil') # 3300 horizontal bar now
if dIpch[0] == 0:
    dIpch *= 1 # zero sensitive
dIpch = correct_bias(dIpch)
dIpch = dIpch.loc[('Fast_s1', None)] # subtract offset
dIpch.loc['I_0'] = 0
ax = dIpch.plot(grid=True)
show_plasma_limits()
ax.set(xlabel='Time [s]', ylabel='dI_{p+ch} [A]', title='Rogowski coil raw signal #39187')
```

```
In [132]: Tstart0, S, R = Time [s]
Tend0, S, R = 140, 1 [poch] [0:04 [s]]
Tstart0, S, R = RogowskiCoil_raw_signal_#39187 [s]
RogowskiCoil_raw_signal_#39187
```

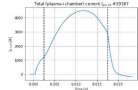


Integration (it is a magnetic diagnostic) & calibration

```
In [133]: K_RogowskiCoil = float(read_parameter(shot_no, 'SystemParameters/K_RogowskiCoil')) # Get Rogowski coil calibration factor
print('Rogowski coil calibration factor: K_RogowskiCoil={0:0.000000} A/V'.format(K_RogowskiCoil))
```

```
In [134]: Ipch = pd.Series(integrate.cumtrapz(dIpch, width_index, initial=0) * K_RogowskiCoil,
                        index=dIpch.index, name='Ipch')
ax = Ipch.plot(grid=True)
show_plasma_limits()
ax.set(xlabel='Time [s]', ylabel='I_{p+ch} [A]', title='Total (plasma+chamber) current #39187').format(shot_no);
```

```
In [135]: Tstart0, S, R = Time [s]
Tend0, S, R = 140, 1 [poch] [0:04 [s]]
Tstart0, S, R = Total plasma+chamber current #39187 [s]
```



Chamber current I_{ch} calculation

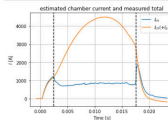
```
In [136]: R_chamber = float(read_parameter(shot_no, 'SystemParameters/R_chamber')) # Get Chamber resistivity
print('Chamber resistivity R_chamber={0} Ohm'.format(R_chamber))
```

Chamber resistivity R_chamber=0.007 Ohm

```
In [137]: L_chamber = float(read_parameter(shot_no, 'SystemParameters/L_chamber')) # Get Chamber inductance
print('Chamber inductance L_chamber={0} H'.format(L_chamber))
```

Chamber inductance L_chamber=4E-06 H

```
In [138]: for i in range(1, len(Ich) + 1):
ax = I.plot()
ax.legend()
show_plasma_limits()
ax.set(xlabel='Time [s]', ylabel='I [A]', title='estimated chamber current and measured total')
plt.grid()
```



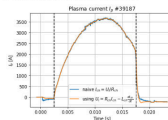
Plasma current I_p calculation

If there is plasma, the plasma current can be estimated as the difference between the total measured current and the estimated chamber current $I_p = I_{p+ch} - I_{ch}$.

```
In [122]: if is_plasma:
    Ip_name = Ipch - loop_voltage/R_chamber # creates a new Series
    Ip = Ipch - Ich
    Ip.name = 'Ip'
    Ip.name.plot(grid=True, label='naive I_{ch} [A] (ch)')
    ax = Ip.plot(grid=True, label='using SQ_{ch} = R_{ch} I_{ch} - L_{ch} / (R_{ch} dt) [s]')
    ax.legend()
    show_plasma_limits()
    ax.set(xlabel='Time [s]', ylabel='I_{p} [A]', title='Plasma current I_{p} [A]').format(shot_no);
else:
    Ip = Ipch * 0 # no current
    heating
```

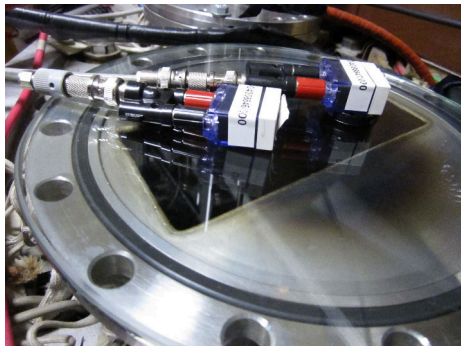
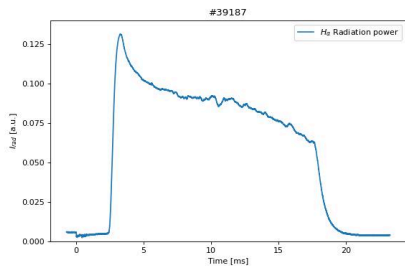
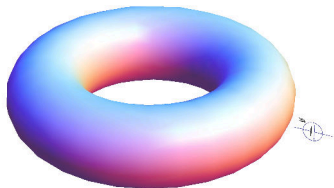
Plasma detected

plasma lifetime of 15.1 ms, from 2.5 ms to 17.6 ms

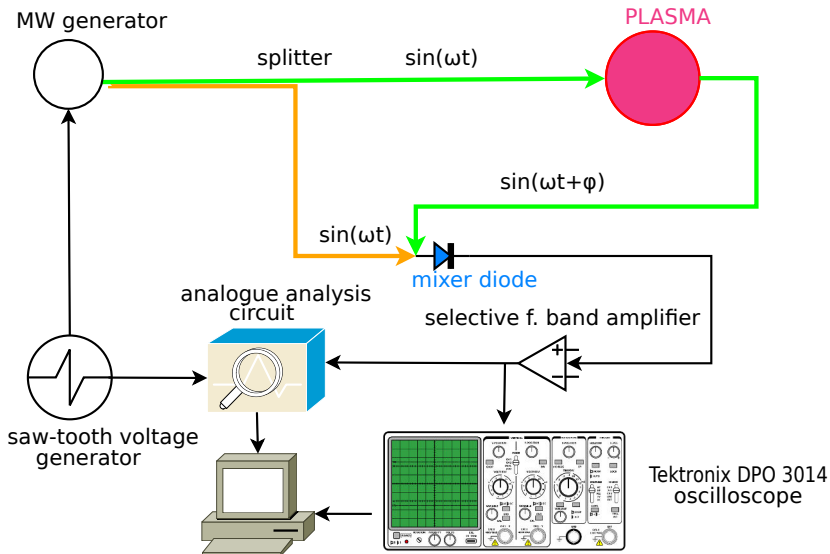


```
In [131]: fig = plt.figure(dpi=200)
for i in range(1, len(Ich) + 1):
    ax = I.plot()
```

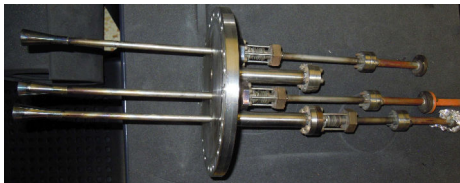
Visible radiation



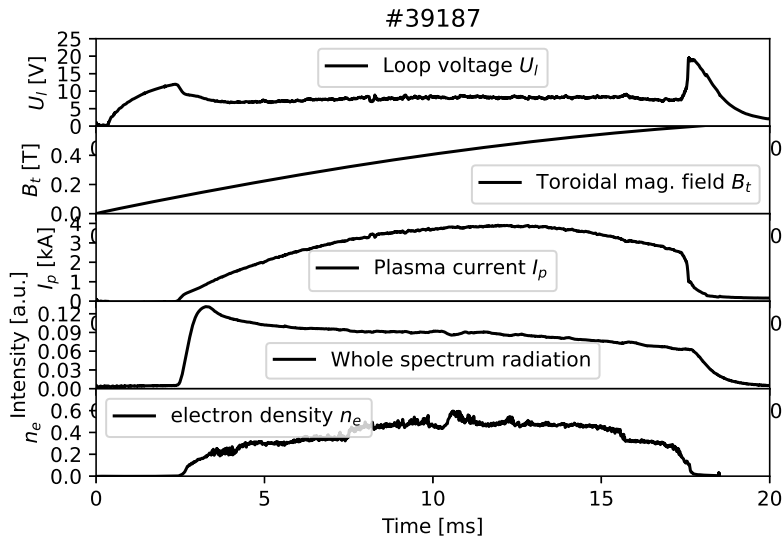
Electron density n_e interferometry measurement scheme



The GOLEM tokamak interferometry HW




Finally "Typical", well executed discharge @ GOLEM



Shot homepage (≈ 2 minutes after discharge execution)

GOLEM # Shot #40631
autoreload



Diagnostics

BasicDiagnostics
DoubleRakeProbe
Interferometry
LimiterFlareCoils
ScribbleProbes

Other

View
Showroom

Navigation

Next
Previous
Current

Go to shot
40631

GOLEM utils

Home
Plot data
Shot interval plot
Manipulators control

Database operations

Shots listing
Shots filtering

Tokamak GOLEM - Shot Database - #40631

The date of discharge execution 23-02-07 17:23:54

The session mission 1Final -> Dringent service

The session ID 40605

The discharge comment Rake probe 50mm

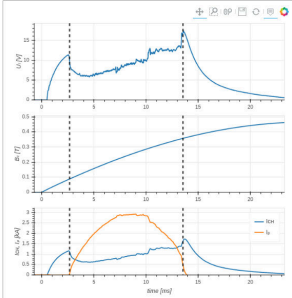
Discharge command jDringent.sh --discharge --UBt 800 --Tbt 0 --Uod 450 --Tod 500 --preionization 1 --gas H --pre issue 15 --diagnostics.limiterflarescoils.vacuum_shot=40615F --discharge.preionization "m air_switch=on;powsup_heater=80;powsup_accel=100" --infrastructure.position_stabilization "main_switch=on;radial_switch=on;vertical_waveform=1000,0.8000,-20,10000,-25,12000,-10,30000,0;vertical_switch=on;radial_waveform=2000,0.3000,0.7000,-20,9500,-25,10000,-20,30000,2,25000,0" --ScanDefinition 40625 40629F --comment "Rake probe 50mm"

[Shot Logbook]

Technological parameters

- Working Gas: $P_{discharge,befire} = 2.46$ mPa; $P_{discharge,pre} = 5.04$ mPa ($P_{WG}^{response} = 15$ mPa@ $\Delta T_{WG}^{response} = 4$ H)
- Toroidal magnetic field: $U_{B_t}^{response} = 800$ V@ $I_{B_t}^{response} = 0.0$ us
- Current drive field: $U_{Eca}^{response} = 450$ V@ $I_{Eca}^{response} = 500.0$ us

Basic Diagnostics



Plasma:

- Plasma: yes or no:
- Time parameters: $\Delta T_p = 10.88$ ms ($t_{rom,start} = 2.67$ ms, $t_{rom,end} = 13.54$ ms)

Plasma parameters:

- Loop voltage: $U_{loop} = 6.82$ V; $max_{T_{loop}}(I_{discharge}) U_{loop} = 16.17$ V; $U_{inductance} = 0.00$ V
- Toroidal magnetic field: $B_t = 0.24$ T; $max_{T_{loop}}(I_{discharge}) B_t = 0.36$ T
- Plasma current: $I_p = 2.28$ kA; $max_{T_{loop}}(I_{discharge}) I_p = 2.92$ kA; $t_p^{max} = 0.00$ ms

On stage diagnostics











	Data flow	measurement	digitization	analysis	Analysis results
Name	Experiment setup		Data acquisition system	Raw data	
<p>Basic Diagnostics</p> 					
<p>Double rake probe</p> 					<p>Without Analysis</p> 

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- 1 Introduction
- 2 The Tokamak (GOLEM)
- 3 The Tokamak GOLEM (remote) operation**
- 4 The Electron energy confinement time calculation (rough estimation)
- 5 Conclusion
- 6 Appendix

Table of Contents

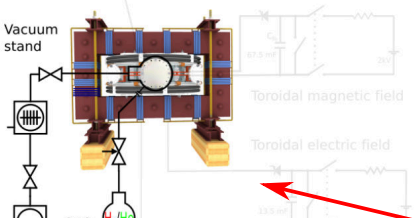
- 1 Introduction
- 2 The Tokamak (GOLEM)
- 3 The Tokamak GOLEM (remote) operation**
 - Control room
 - Data handling @ the Tokamak GOLEM
- 4 The Electron energy confinement time calculation (rough estimation)
- 5 Conclusion
- 6 Appendix

Remote control interface of the GOLEM tokamak

Introduction Working gas Preionization Magnetic field Electric field Submit

Set the pressure and type of the working gas from which the plasma is formed. Pressure must be high enough for plasma to form, but low enough for gas breakdown to occur.

Preionization (electron gun)



Vacuum stand

Toroidal magnetic field

Toroidal electric field

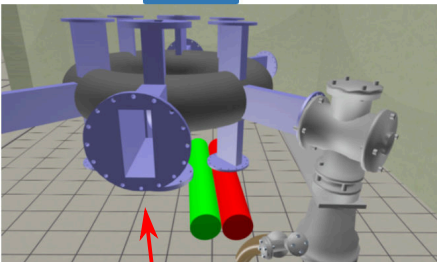
GAS handling

Gas type and pressure $p_{WG} = 16 \text{ mPa}$

Hydrogen Helium

Next Set recommended value

3D model rendering method: Static image (fast) Interactive X3DOM (slower) rendering settings



3D model rendering

engineering scheme

sliders and checkboxes

workflow buttons

Control room: Introduction

GOLEM remote Introduction **Control room** Live Results

Prague Access: Level 1 Help

Introduction Working gas Preionization Magnetic field Current drive Submit

This web interface will walk you through the process of configuring a discharge in the GOLEM tokamak. All settable values are perfectly safe. Proceed through each step by setting the desired values and then clicking the [Next](#) button. You can always go to a specific step by clicking its tab.

Preionization (electron gun)

Vacuum stand

Toroidal magnetic field

Current drive

GAS handling H_2/He

23 mF C_p

11.3 mF C_p

2kV

2kV

[Next](#)

3D model rendering method: [Static image \(fast\)](#) [Interactive X3DOM \(slower\)](#)

The 3D model shows a central toroidal magnetic field structure (blue and white) mounted on a red vacuum stand. A gas handling system with a red and green cylinder is connected to the stand. The entire setup is on a grey tiled floor.

Control room: Working gas

GOLEM remote Introduction Control room Live Results

Introduction Working gas Preionization Magnetic field Electric field Submit

Set the pressure and type of the working gas from which the plasma is formed. Pressure must be high enough for plasma to form, but low enough for gas breakdown to occur.

Preionization (electron gun)

Vacuum stand

Toroidal magnetic field

Toroidal electric field

GAS handling

H_2/H_2O

Gas type and pressure p_{gas} : 38 mPa

Hydrogen Helium

Next Set recommended value

3D model rendering method Static image (best) Interactive X3DOM (preview)

https://golem.f4t.ovh.cz/remote/control_room/?access_token=02d74f7334f770040e77821158602c2&id=ef&action=Master#control-sub-gas

Control room: Preionization

GOLEM remote Introduction Control room Live Results

Introduction Working gas Preionization Magnetic field Electric field Submit

The neutral working gas must first be ionized in order to break down into a plasma. Using the electron gun will locally ionize the gas. Without any ionization, no plasma can form.

Preionization (electron gun)

Vacuum stand

GAS handling

Toroidal magnetic field

Toroidal electric field

67.5 mH

20V

13.5 mF

20V

ionization method

Electron gun No ionization

Next

3D model rendering method Static image (best) Interactive X3DOM (preview)

Control room: Magnetic field B_t

GOLEM version: Introduction Control room Live Results

Press F11 to exit full screen
3D model rendering method: Static image (best) Interactive X3DOM (viewer)

Introduction Working gas Preionization **Magnetic field** Electric field Submit

Set the voltage on the capacitors to be discharged into the toroidal field coils. The higher the voltage, the larger the magnetic field confining the plasma.

Preionization (electron gun)

Vacuum stand

Toroidal magnetic field

Toroidal electric field

GAS handling

Capacitor voltage $U_{C_1} = 600$ V

Next Set recommended value

Control room: Current drive E_{cd}

GOLEM remote Introduction Control room Live Results

the Torneo Politecnico, Italy Group 1 Access: Level 2 Help

Introduction Working gas Preionization Magnetic field **Electric field** Submit

Set the voltage on the capacitors to be discharged into the [primary transformer winding](#). The higher the voltage, the larger the electric field creating and heating the plasma. The electric field capacitors are discharged after a configurable delay with respect to the magnetic field capacitors.

Preionization (electron gun)

Vacuum stand

Toroidal magnetic field

Toroidal electric field

GAS handling

Time delay of electric field start after the magnetic field starts t_{cd} : 0 micro seconds

Capacitor voltage U_{cd} : 400 V

Next Set recommended value

3D model rendering method Static image (best) Interactive X3DOM (preview)

Control room: ... and Submit

GOLEM remote Introduction Control room Live Results

the Torneo Politecnico, Italy Group 1 Access: Level 2 Help

Introduction Working gas Preionization Magnetic field Electric field **Submit**

Write a comment describing your discharge configuration, i.e. the scientific aim of your experiment. Or just leave a friendly message.

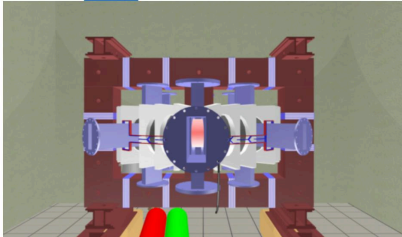
Comment

Click the Submit button to send your configuration into the queue. **Submit**

After submission you can watch the discharge Live or go back to the Introduction tab and start again. Or you can go to specific control tabs and reconfigure the discharge and then submit another discharge request.


[Watch the discharge Live!](#) [Go back to Introduction](#)

3D model rendering method **Static image (best)** Interactive X3DOM (slower)



Shot homepage (≈ 2 minutes after discharge execution)

GOLEM # Shot #40631
autoreload



Diagnostics

BasicDiagnostics
DoubleRakeProbe
Interferometry
LimiterFlareCoils
ScribbleProbes

Other

View
Showroom

Navigation

Next
Previous
Current

Go to shot
40631

GOLEM utils

Home
Plot data
Shot interval plot
Manipulators control

Database operations

Shots listing
Shots filtering

Tokamak GOLEM - Shot Database - #40631

The date of discharge execution 23-02-07 17:23:54

The session mission 1Final -> Dringent service

The session ID 40605

The discharge comment Rake probe 50mm

Discharge command jDringent.sh --discharge --UBt 800 --Tbt 0 --Utd 450 --Tod 500 --preionization 1 --gas H --pre issue 15 --diagnostics.limiterflarecoils.vacuum_shot=40615 --discharge.preionization "m air_switch=on;powsup_heater=80;powsup_accel=100" --infrastructure.position_stabilization "main_switch=on;radial_switch=on;vertical_waveform=1000,0.8000,-20,10000,-25,12000,-10,30000,0;vertical_switch=on;radial_waveform=2000,0.3000,0.7000,-20,9500,-25,10000,-20,30000,2,25000,0" --ScanDefinition 40625 40629 --comment "Rake probe 50mm"

[Shot Logbook]

Technological parameters

- Working Gas: $P_{discharge, before} = 2.46$ mPa; $P_{discharge, after} = 5.04$ mPa ($P_{WG}^{response} = 15$ mPa @ $\Delta T_{WG}^{response} = 4$ H)
- Toroidal magnetic field: $U_{B_t}^{response} = 800$ V @ $I_{B_t}^{response} = 0.0$ us
- Current drive field: $U_{ECC}^{response} = 450$ V @ $I_{ECC}^{response} = 500.0$ us


Plasma:

- Plasma: yes or no:
- Time parameters: $\Delta T_p = 10.88$ ms ($t_{rom, start} = 2.67$ ms, $t_{rom, end} = 13.54$ ms)

Plasma parameters:

- Loop voltage: $U_{loop} = 6.82$ V; $max_{T_{loop}}(I_{discharge}) U_{loop} = 16.17$ V; $U_{breakdown} = 0.00$ V
- Toroidal magnetic field: $B_t = 0.24$ T; $max_{T_{loop}}(I_{discharge}) B_t = 0.36$ T
- Plasma current: $I_p = 2.28$ kA; $max_{T_{loop}}(I_{discharge}) I_p = 2.92$ kA; $t_p^{max} = 0.00$ ms

Basic Diagnostics



On stage diagnostics

	Data flow	measurement	digitization	analysis	Analysis results
Name	Experiment setup		Data acquisition system	Raw data	
Basic Diagnostics					
Double rake probe					

Without Analysis

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 - Control room
 - Data handling @ the Tokamak GOLEM
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GOLEM basic Data Acquisition System (DAS)

- $U_I, U_{B_t}, U_{I_{p+ch}}, I_{rad}$
- $\Delta t = 1\mu s / f = 1MHz.$
- Integration time = 40 ms, thus DAS produces 6 columns x 40000 rows data file.
- Discharge is triggered at 5th milisecond after DAS to have a zero status identification.



Data file example, DAS $\Delta t = 1\mu s / f = 1MHz$ (neutral gas into plasma breakdown focused)

t	$\approx U_I$	$\approx U_{\frac{dB_T}{dt}}$	$\approx U_{\frac{d(I_{p+ch})}{dt}}$	$\approx I_{rad}$
:	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:	:
first	\approx	7405	lines ..	:
:	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:	:
0.007383	1.53931	0.390015	0.048828	0.001831
0.007384	1.53686	0.395508	0.067749	0.00061
0.007385	1.54053	0.391235	0.079956	0.00061
0.007386	1.53686	0.38147	0.072632	0
0.007387	1.54297	0.397949	0.059204	0.00061
0.007388	1.54053	0.384521	0.05249	0.00061
0.007389	1.54053	0.39856	0.068359	0.001221
0.00739	1.54053	0.393677	0.082397	0.001221
0.007391	1.53809	0.38208	0.072632	0.001221
0.007392	1.54297	0.400391	0.056763	0.00061
0.007393	1.54419	0.383911	0.053101	0.00061
0.007394	1.53931	0.397339	0.068359	0.001221
0.007395	1.54297	0.391846	0.084229	0.00061
0.007396	1.54541	0.394897	0.074463	0.00061
0.007397	1.54297	0.388184	0.056763	0.001221
0.007398	1.54297	0.391846	0.056763	0.00061
0.007399	1.54297	0.394287	0.06897	0.00061
:	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:	:
next	\approx	32500	lines ..	:
:	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:	:

Data access

All the recorded data and the settings for each discharge (shot) are available at the GOLEM website. The root directory for the files is:

```
http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/shots/<#ShotNo>/
```

The most recent discharge has the web page:

```
http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/shots/0
```

Particular data from DAS specified with <DASname> and <DASchannelidentifier> have the format:

```
http:  
//golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/<#ShotNo>/<DASname>/<DASchannelidentifier>
```

Jupyter (python)

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

shot_no = 39187
identifier = "U_loop.csv"
DAS='Diagnostics/BasicDiagnostics/Results/'
# create data cache in the 'golem_cache' folder
ds = np.DataSource('golem_cache')
#Create a path to data and download and open the file
base_url = "http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/shots/"
data_file = ds.open(base_url + str(shot_no)+ '/' +DAS +identifier)
#Load data from the file and plot to screen and to disk
data = np.loadtxt(data_file,delimiter=",")
plt.title('#'+str(shot_no))
plt.plot(data[:,0]*1000, data[:,1]) #1. column vs 2. column
plt.xlabel('Time [ms]');plt.ylabel('$U_1$ [V]');
plt.savefig('graph.jpg')
plt.show()

#Run it: save it as script.py and run "python script.py" or execute in a
```


Matlab

```
ShotNo=39187
baseURL='http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/shots/';
diagnPATH='/Diagnostics/BasicDiagnostics/Results/U_loop.csv';
%Create a path to data
dataURL=strcat(baseURL,int2str(ShotNo),diagnPATH);
% Write data from GOLEM server to a local file
urlwrite(dataURL,'LoopVoltage');
% Load data
data = load('LoopVoltage', '\t');
% Plot and save the graph
f = figure('visible', 'off');
hold on
plot(data(:,1)*1000, data(:,2), '.');
xlabel('Time [ms]')
ylabel('U_1 [V]')
hold off
print -djpeg plot.jpg
close(f)
exit;
```

Octave

```
ShotNo=39187
baseUrl='http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/shots/';
diagnPATH='/Diagnostics/BasicDiagnostics/Results/U_loop.csv';
%Create a path to data
dataURL=strcat(baseUrl,int2str(ShotNo),diagnPATH);
% Write data from GOLEM server to a local file
urlwrite(dataURL,'U_Loop.csv');
% Load data
data = load('U_Loop.csv', '\t');
% Plot and save the graph
plot(data(:,1)*1000, data(:,2), '.');
xlabel('time [ms]')
ylabel('U_{loop} [V]')
saveas(gcf, 'plot', 'jpg');
exit;
```

Gnuplot

```
identifier = 'U_loop.csv' ;
ShotNo = '39187'
# Create a path to the data
DAS='Diagnostics/BasicDiagnostics/Results/'
baseURL='http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/shots/'
DataURL= baseURL.ShotNo.'/'.DAS.identifier
set datafile separator ',';
set title "Uloop for #".ShotNo;
! wget -q @DataURL ;# Write data from GOLEM erver to a local file
# Plot the graph from a local file
set xrange [0:0.02];set xlabel 'Time [s]';set ylabel 'U_1 [V]'
set terminal jpeg; plot identifier u 1:2 w l t 'Uloop'
```

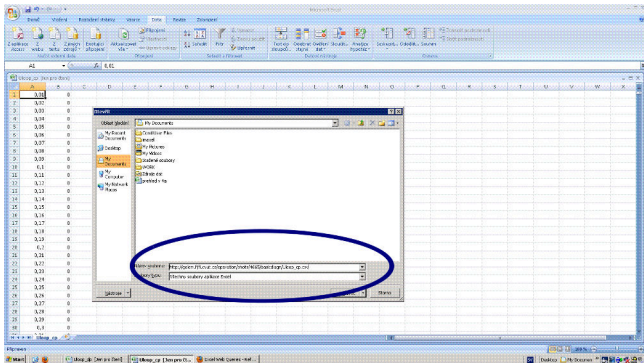
```
shot_no=39187;\
signal_id="Diagnostics/BasicDiagnostics/Results/U_loop.csv";\
gnuplot -p -e "set title \"Golem\";set datafile separator \",\";\
set xlabel \"t [s]\";set ylabel \"U\";\
plot \"< \
wget -q -O - http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/shots/$shot_no/$signal_id\" \
w l t \"U\""
```

GNU Wget

GNU Wget is a free software package for retrieving files using HTTP, HTTPS and FTP, the most widely-used Internet protocols. It is a non-interactive commandline tool, so it may easily be called from scripts, cron jobs, terminals without X-Windows support, etc.

- Runs on most UNIX-like operating systems as well as Microsoft Windows.
- Homepage: <http://www.gnu.org/software/wget/>
- Basic usage:
 - To get U_l : `wget http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/utills/data/<#ShotNo>/loop_voltage`
 - To get whole shot: `wget -r -nH -cut-dirs=3 -no-parent -l2 -Pshot http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/shots/<#ShotNo>`

Excel



File→Open→

`http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/utils/data/<#ShotNo>/<identifier>`

Spreadsheets (Excel and others)

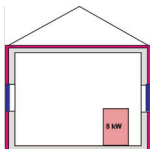
are not recommended, only tolerated.

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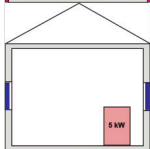
- 1 Introduction
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Energy balance of the house

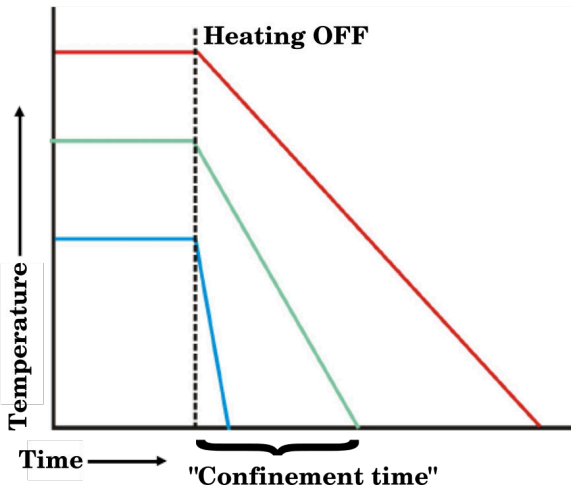
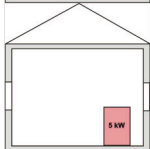
Closed windows & insulation



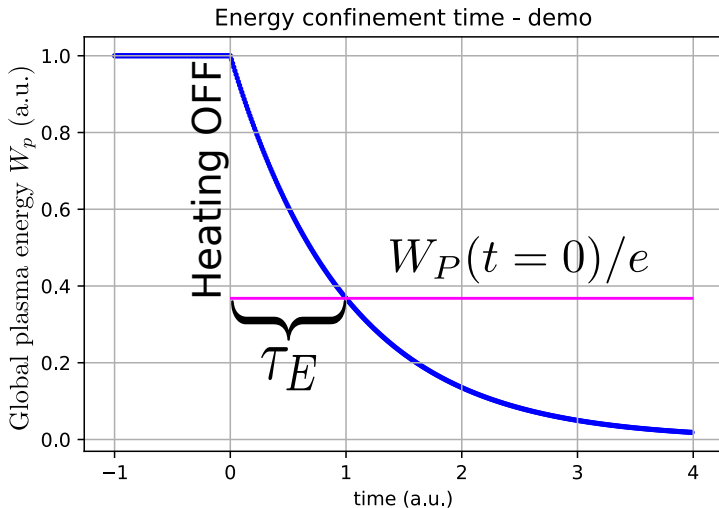
Closed windows



Open windows



Energy balance of the tokamak



Energy confinement time

Under the assumption of a simplified power balance, the heating power P_H is partially absorbed in the plasma and leads to an increase of the plasma energy W_p and the rest is lost as the loss power P_{Loss}

$$P_H = \frac{dW_p}{dt} + P_{Loss}$$

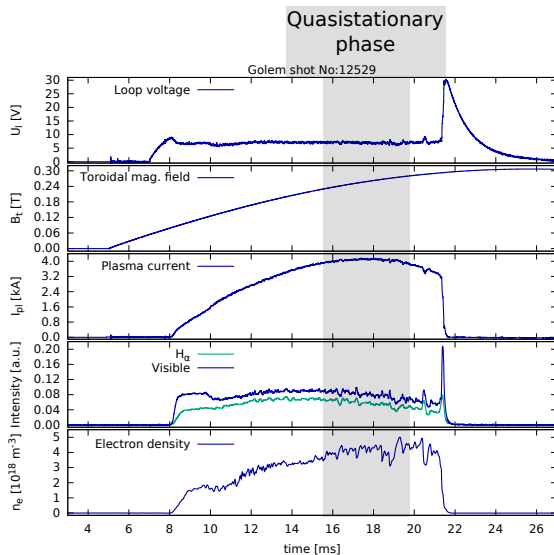
The energy confinement time is defined as the characteristic time scale of the exponential decay of the plasma energy W_p due to the loss power P_{Loss} :

$$\tau_E = \frac{W_p}{P_{Loss}} = \frac{W_p}{P_H - dW_p/dt}$$

Choosing the quasistationary phase of the plasma discharge, where $\frac{dW_p}{dt} = 0$ gives:

$$\tau_E(t) = \frac{W_p(t)}{P_H(t)}$$

The discharge - quasistationary phase



Plasma heating power

On the GOLEM tokamak the only heating mechanism of the plasma is ohmic heating P_{OH} resulting from the plasma current I_p flowing in a conductor with finite resistivity R_p . The time dependence of the ohmic heating power can be calculated as:

$$P_H(t) = P_{OH}(t) = R_p(t) \cdot I_p^2(t)$$

Plasma Energy

The global plasma energy content W_p can be simply calculated from the temperature estimation $T_e(0, t)$, average density n_e and plasma volume V_p , based on the ideal gas law, taking into account the assumed

$T_e(r, t) = T_e(0, t) \left(1 - \frac{r^2}{a^2}\right)^2$ temperature profile:

$$W_p(t) = V_p \frac{n_e k_B T_e(0, t)}{3}.$$

The information that the magnetic field reduces the degrees of freedom of the particles to two has been used to derive this formula.

- $V_p \approx 80 \text{ l}$

Central Electron Temperature estimation (Spitzer Formula)

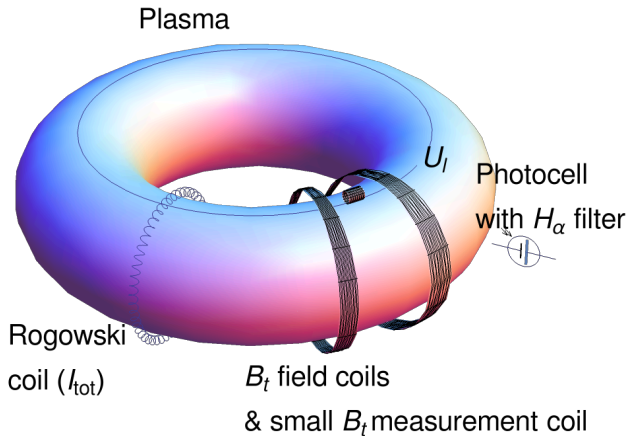
The time evolution of the central electron temperature $T_e(0, t)$ is calculated from equation based on Spitzer's resistivity formula (see eg. [5],[6]):

$$T_e(0, t) = \left(\frac{R_0}{a^2} \frac{8Z_{eff.}}{1544} \frac{1}{R_p(t)} \right)^{2/3}, [eV; m, \Omega]$$

For particular case of the GOLEM tokamak it says:

$$T_e(0, t) = 0.9 \cdot \left(\frac{I_p(t)}{U_I(t)} \right)^{2/3}, [eV; A, V]$$

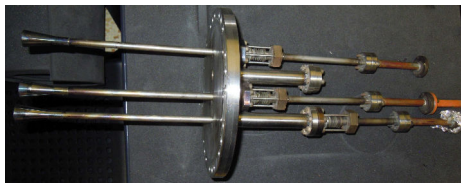
The GOLEM tokamak - standard diagnostics



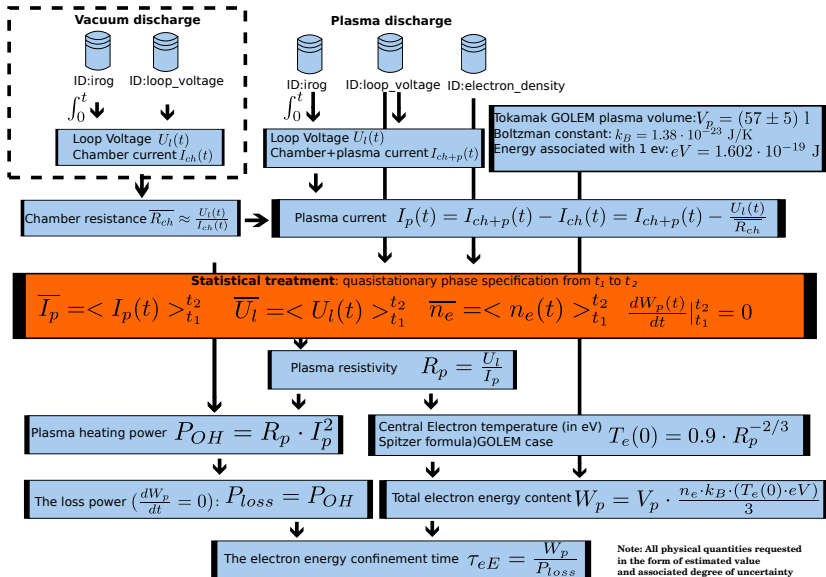
Hands on the GOLEM tokamak - equipment



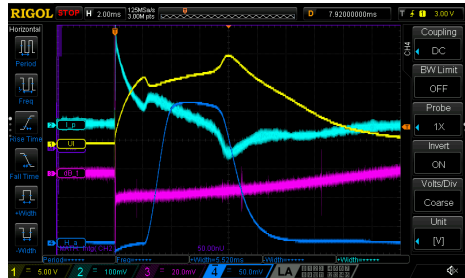
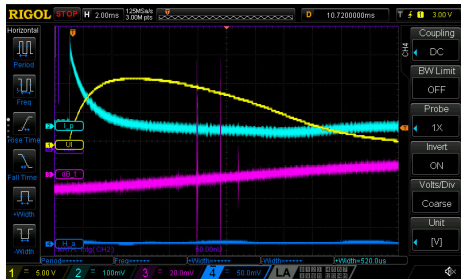
The GOLEM tokamak interferometry HW



Towards Electron energy confinement time τ_{eE}



Vacuum x Plasma discharge @ Oscilloscope



Vacuum x Plasma shot

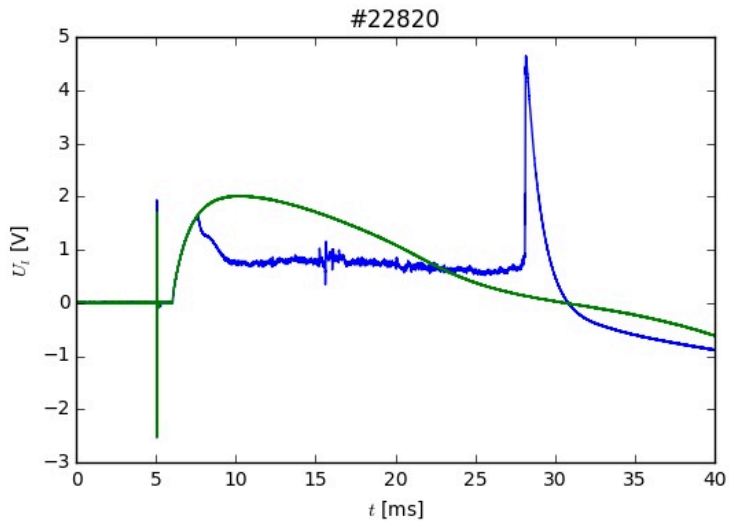


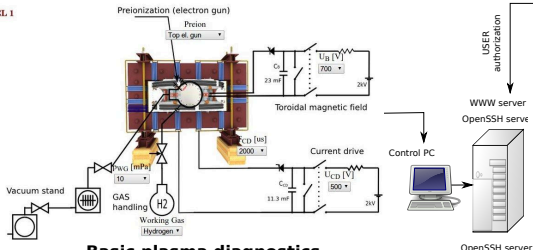
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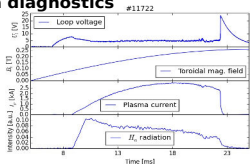
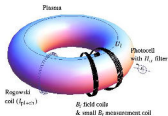
The global schematic overview of the GOLEM experiment

LEVEL 1

Tokamak technology setup



Basic plasma diagnostics



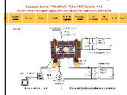
internet



**Virtual control room
(remote participation)**

WWW control interface

HTML & PHP scripts



SSH control interface

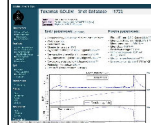
WINDOWS via putty



LINUX via ssh
or ssh+X tunnel
(advanced mode)

Data presentation

HTML (www pages)



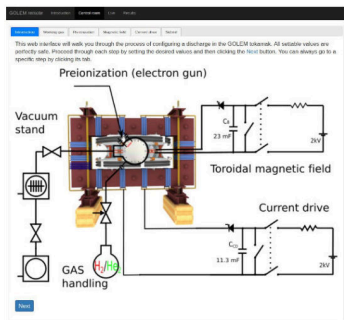
Data handling

- *wget
- *gnuplot
- *idl
- *mathematica
- *matlab
- *etc...

- Everything via `http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/ZJT`
 - This presentation
 - Control rooms
 - Contact: Vojtech Svoboda,
+420 737673903,
vojtech.svoboda@fjfi.cvut.cz
 - Videoconference:
`https://meet.google.com/hnv-qjhu-xvi`



Recommended values for the GOLEM tokamak operation



- Preionization: Top electron gun
- Gas: Hydrogen. A Working gas pressure: p_{WG} [mPa] $< 0, 40 >$ mPa
- A voltage to charge the Current drive field E_t capacitor: U_{E_t} [V] $< 400, 700 >$ V
- A voltage to charge the Toroidal magnetic field B_t capacitor: U_{B_t} [V] $< 600, 1200 >$ V
- Time delay of the E_t trigger with respect to the B_t trigger: T_{CD} [μs] $< 0, 10000 >$ μs

Acknowledgement

Financial support highly appreciated:

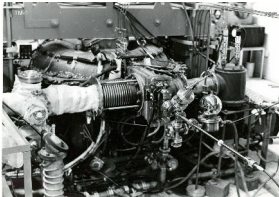
CTU RVO68407700, SGS 17/138/OHK4/2T/14, GAČR GA18-02482S, EU funds CZ.02.1.01/0.0/0.0/16_019/0000778 and CZ.02.2.69/0.0/0.0/16_027/0008465, IAEA F13019, FUSENET and EUROFUSION.

Students, teachers, technicians (random order):

Vladimír Fuchs, Ondřej Grover, Jindřich Kocman, Tomáš Markovič, Michal Odstrčil, Tomáš Odstrčil, Gergo Pokol, Igor Jex, Gabriel Vondrášek, František Žáček, Lukáš Matěna, Jan Stockel, Jan Mlynář, Jaroslav Krbec, Radan Salomonovič, Vladimír Linhart, Kateřina Jiráková, Ondřej Ficker, Pravesh Dhyani, Juan Ignacio Monge-Colepicolo, Jaroslav Čerovský, Bořek Leitl, Martin Himmel. Petr Švihra, Petr Mácha, Vojtěch Fišer, Filip Papoušek, Sergei Kulkov, Martin Imříšek.

Thank you for your attention

Tokamak TM1
@Kurchatov Institute near Moscow
~1960-1977



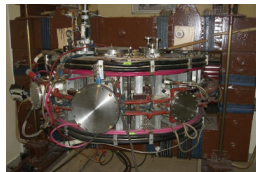
SCIENCE

Tokamak CASTOR
@Institute of Plasma Physics, Prague
1977-2007



SCIENCE
& education

Tokamak GOLEM
@Czech Technical University, Prague
2007-



EDUCATION
& science

... with the biggest
control room
in the world ..

Tokamak Golem **REMOTE**** for MASTER (Level 1)**
The smallest & oldest operational tokamak with the biggest control rooms in the world

Home	Wiki	Control Room	Queue	Live	Results	GOLEM Diagram	Chamber status	IP cameras	3D model	Chat	Feedback	Stop
------	------	--------------	-------	------	---------	---------------	----------------	------------	----------	------	----------	------

LEVEL 1

Preionization (electron gun)
Proton
Toroidal magnetic field
Current drive
Vacuum island
GAS handling
Working Gas
Discharge comment
Place the discharge setup into the queue.



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References I

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References II

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