Title

Introduction to the tokamak operation (GOLEM specific) - Level 1

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on behalf of the tokamak GOLEM team
for the
Ken and Mary Alice Lindquist Department of Nuclear Engineering,
The Pennsylvania State University

November 14, 2022

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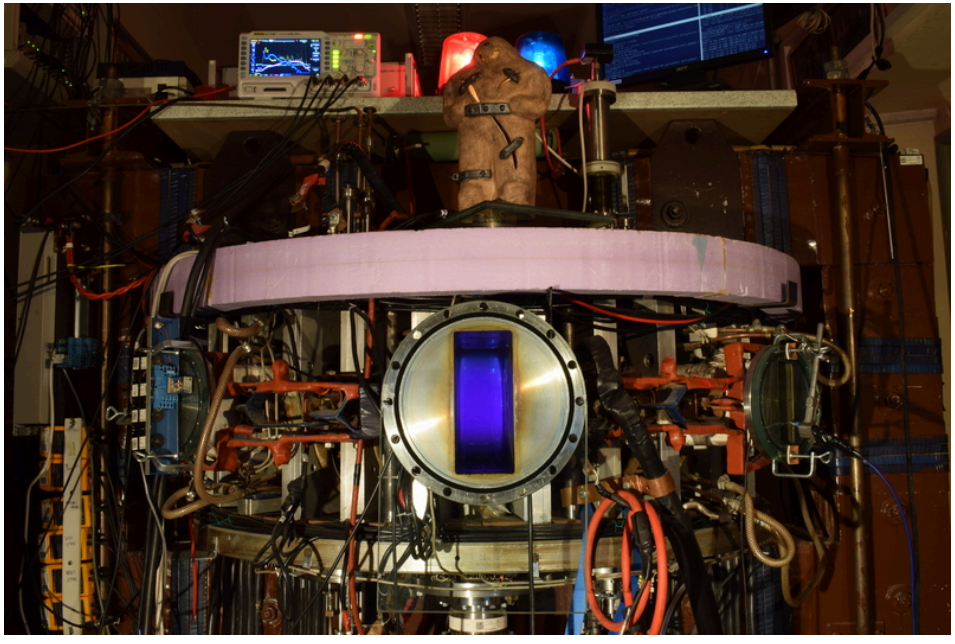
The GOLEM tokamak basic characteristics

The grandfather of all tokamaks (ITER newsline 06/18)



- Vessel major radius: $R_0 = 0.4$ m
- Vessel minor radius: $r_0 = 0.1$ m
- Maximum plasma current: $I_{\mathrm{p}}^{\mathrm{max}} < 8$ kA
- Maximum toroidal magnetic field: $B_{\mathrm{t}}^{\mathrm{max}} < 0.5$ T
- Typical electron density: $< n_e > \in (0.2, 3) \cdot 10^{19}$ m^{-3}
- Maximum electron temperature: $T_{\mathrm{e}}^{\mathrm{max}} < 80$ eV
- Maximum discharge duration: $\tau_{\mathrm{p}}^{\mathrm{max}} < 25$ ms

Tokamak GOLEM @ Wikipedia ..

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https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tokamak

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Tokamak

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

This article is about the fusion reaction device. For other uses, see Tokamak (disambiguation).

A **tokamak** (Russian: **токамак**) is a device that uses a powerful magnetic field to confine plasma in the shape of a torus. Achieving a stable plasma equilibrium requires magnetic field lines that move around the torus in a helical shape. Such a helical field can be generated by adding a toroidal field

it decays into a proton and electron with the emission of energy. When the time comes to actually try to make electricity from a tokamak-based reactor, some of the neutrons produced in the fusion process would be absorbed by a liquid metal blanket and their kinetic energy would be used in heat-transfer processes to ultimately turn a generator.

Experimental tokamaks [edit]

Currently in operation [edit]

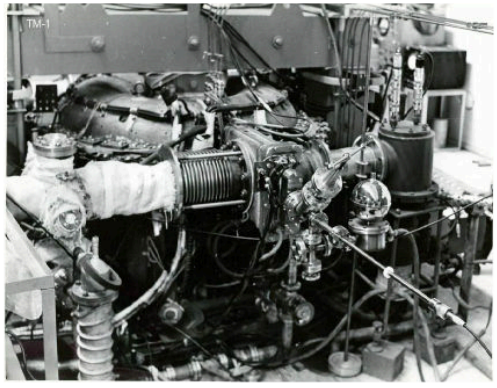
(in chronological order of start of operations)

Alcator C-Mod

- 1960s: TM1-MH (since 1977 Castor; since 2007 Golem[12]) in Prague, Czech Republic. In operation in Kurchatov Institute since early 1960s but renamed to Castor in 1977 and moved to IPP CAS,[13] Prague; in 2007 moved to FNSPE, Czech Technical University in Prague and renamed to Golem.[14]
- 1975: T-10, in Kurchatov Institute, Moscow, Russia (formerly Soviet Union); 2 MW
- 1983: Joint European Torus (JET), in Culham, United Kingdom
- 1985: JT-60, in Naka, Ibaraki Prefecture, Japan; (Currently undergoing upgrade to Super, Advanced model)
- 1987: STOR-M, University of Saskatchewan; Canada; first demonstration of alternating current in a tokamak.
- 1988: Tore Supra,[15] at the CEA, Cadarache, France
- 1989: Aditya, at Institute for Plasma Research (IPR) in Gujarat, India
- 1980s: DIII-D,[16] in San Diego, USA; operated by General Atomics since the late 1980s
- 1989: COMPASS,[13] in Prague, Czech Republic; in operation since 2008, previously operated from 1989 to 1999 in Culham, United Kingdom
- 1990: FTU, in Frascati, Italy
- 1991: Tokamak ISTTOK,[17] at the Instituto de Plasmas e Fusão Nuclear, Lisbon, Portugal;
- 1991: ASDEX Upgrade, in Garching, Germany

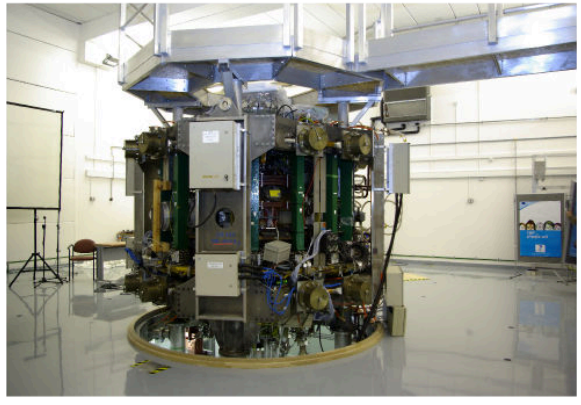
The GOLEM tokamak for education - historical background

Kurchatov Institute near Moscow,
Soviet Union
1960: **TM1-MH**



1974

Culham Centre for Fusion Energy
Great Britain
1989: **COMPASS-D**



2006

Institute of Plasma Physics
Czech republic
CASTOR **COMPASS**

2008

Czech Technical University Prague
Czech republic
GOLEM

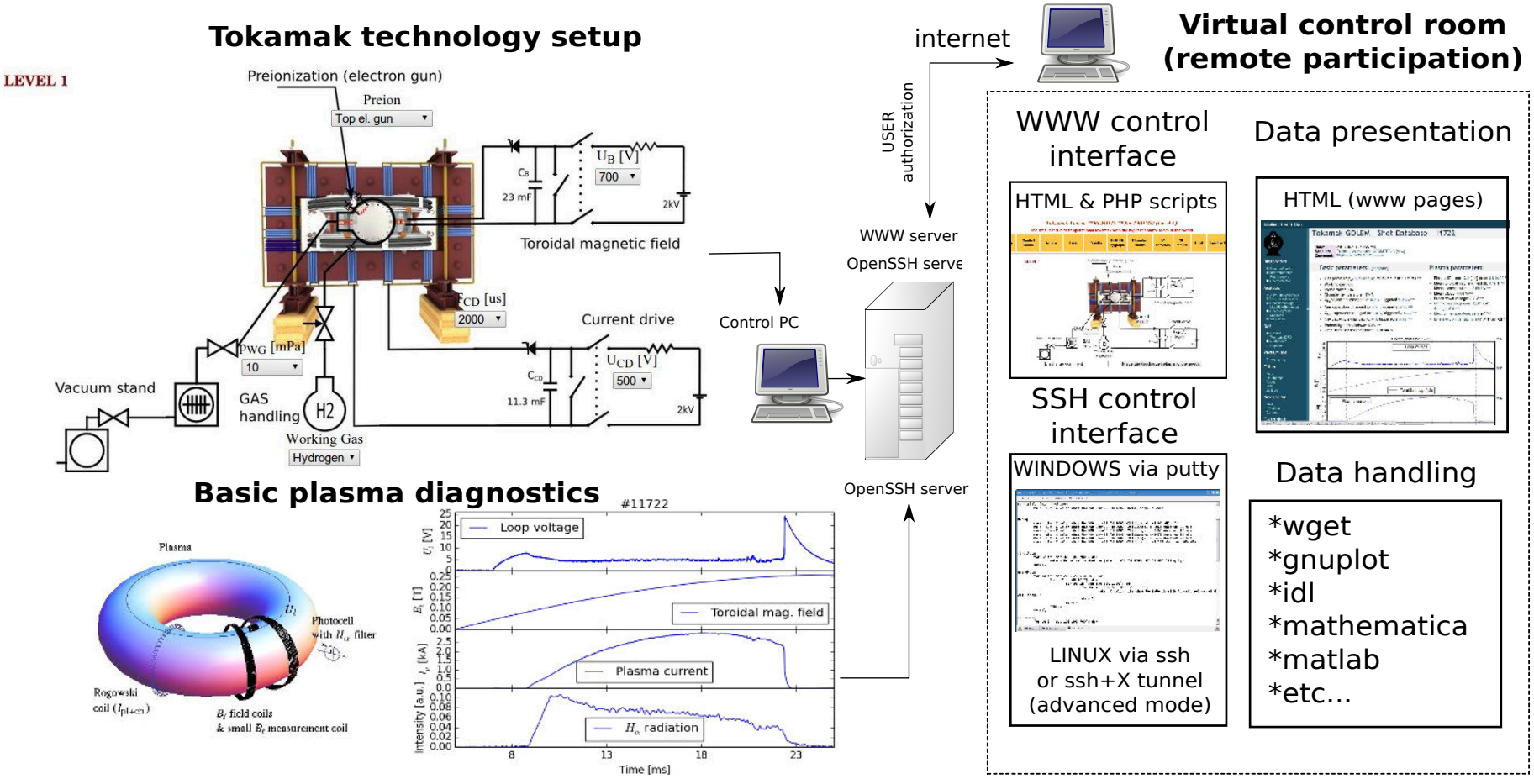
GOLEM

... somewhere, in the ancient cellars of Prague,

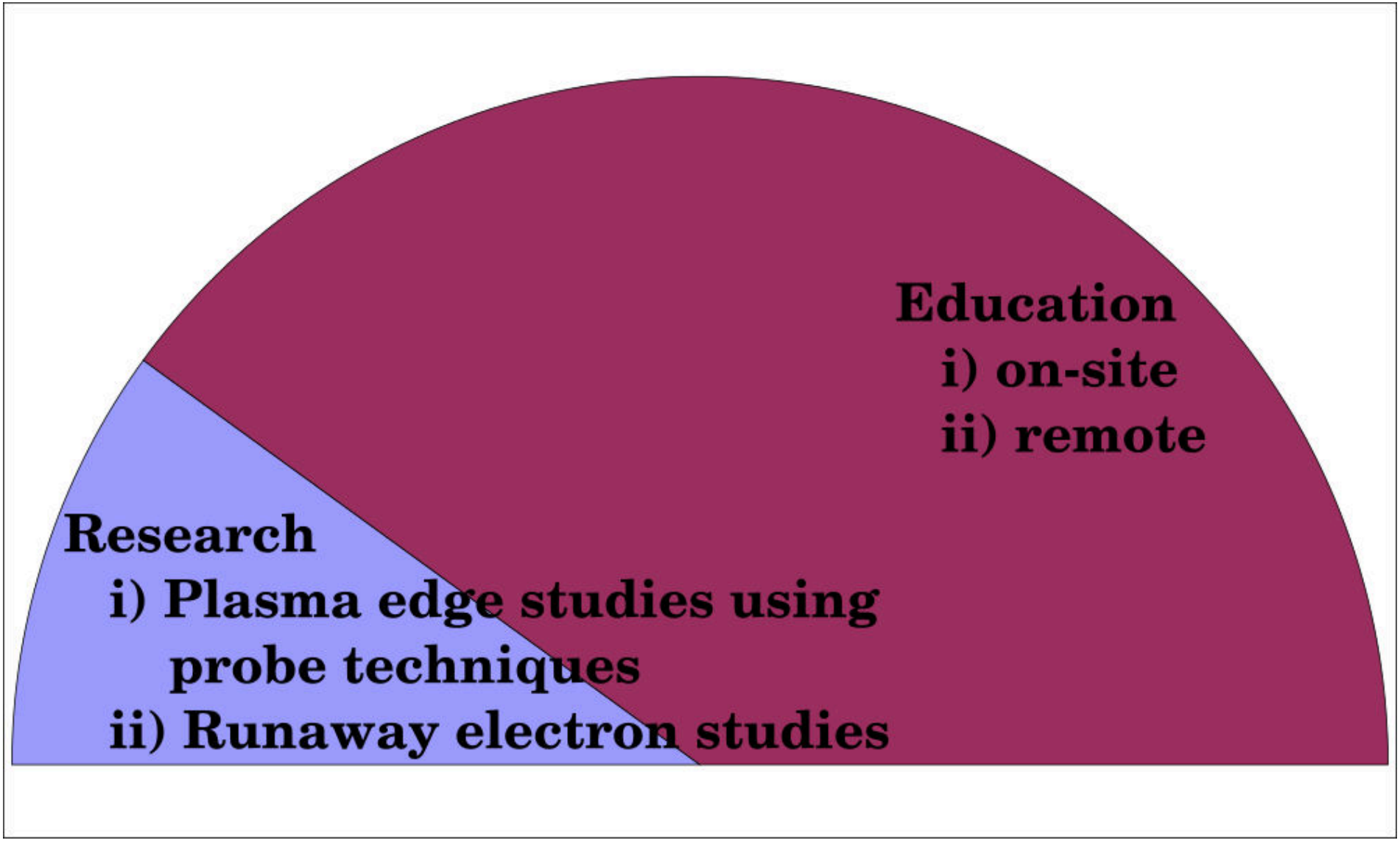
there is hidden indeed "infernal" power. Yet it is the very power of celestial stars themselves. Calmly dormant, awaiting mankind to discover the magic key, to use this power for their benefit...

At the end of the 16th century, in the times when the Czech lands were ruled by Emperor Rudolf II, in Prague, there were Rabbi Judah Loew, well known alchemist, thinker, scholar, writer and inventor of the legendary GOLEM - a clay creature inspired with the Universe power that pursued his master's command after being brought to life with a shem, . Golem is not perceived as a symbol of evil, but rather as a symbol of power which might be useful but is very challenging to handle. To learn more of the Golem legend, see e.g. [1].

The global schematic overview of the GOLEM experiment



The GOLEM tokamak mission



Production

- Everything via `http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/NUCE_PSU`
  - This presentation
  - Control rooms
  - Contact: Vojtech Svoboda, +420 737673903, svoboda@fjfi.cvut.cz
  - Chat: tokamak.golem@gmail.com or skype: tokamak.golem

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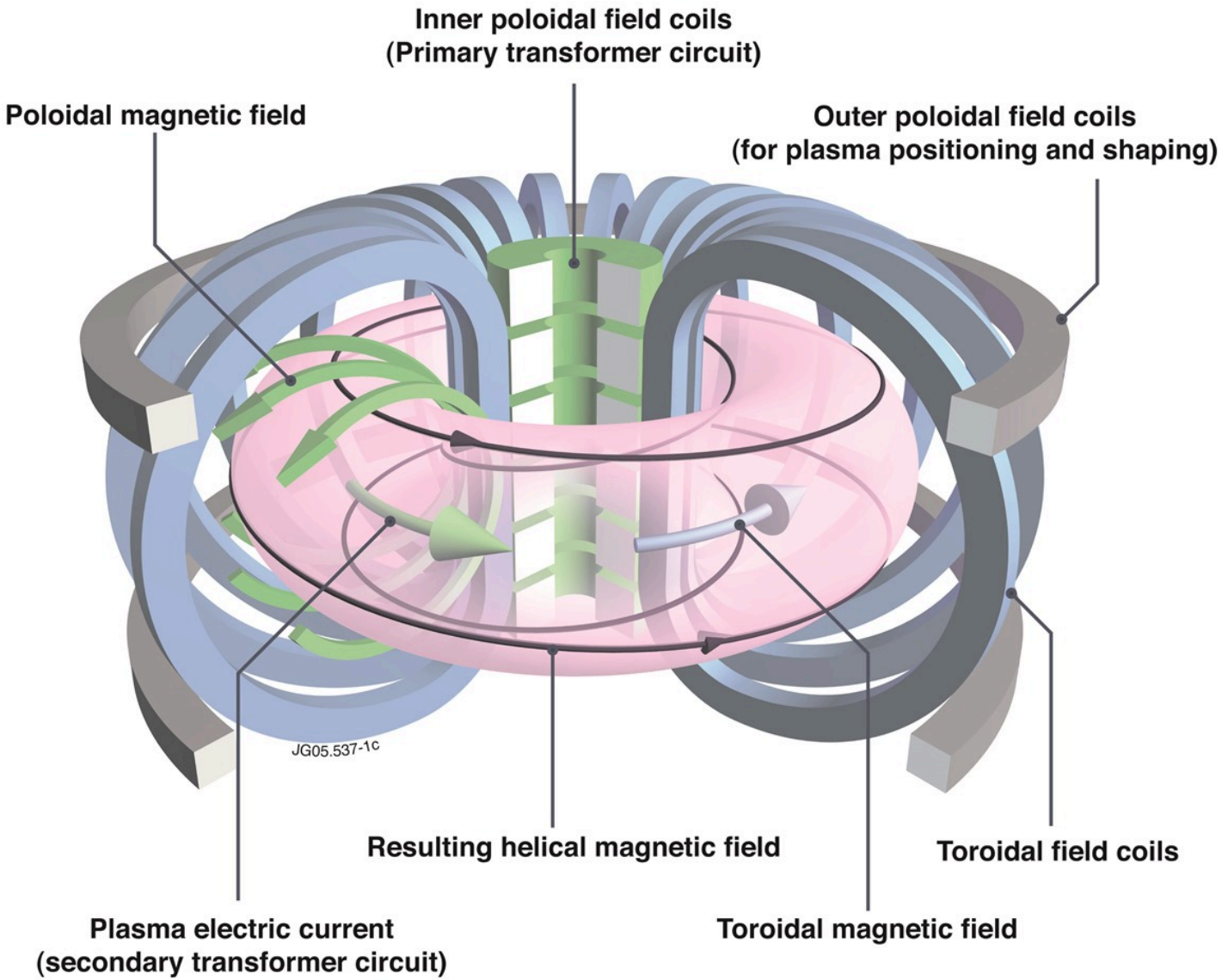
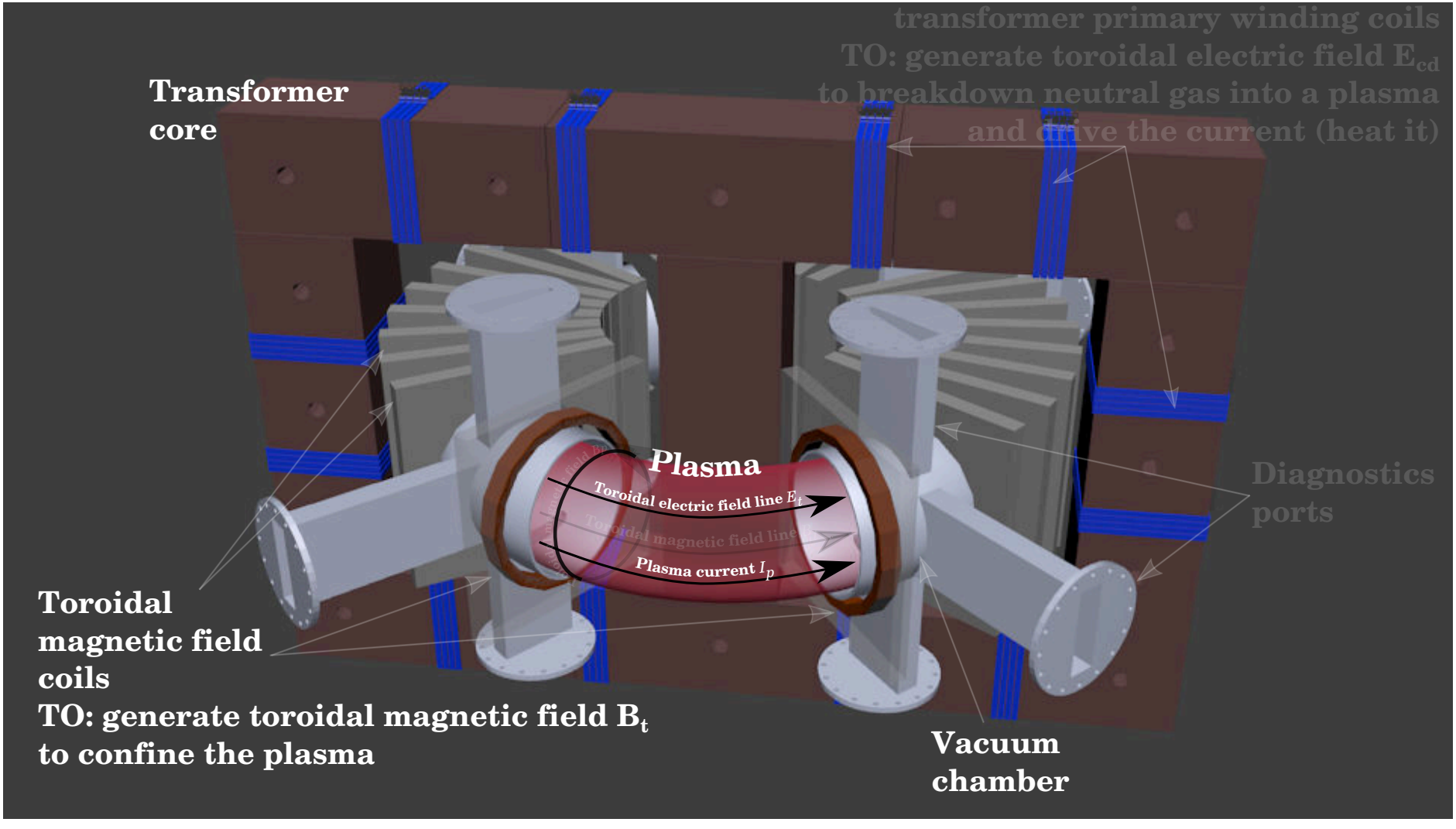
Tokamak magnetic confinement concept



credit:Tokamak concept@Wiki

Tokamak (GOLEM) basic concept to confine and heat the plasma



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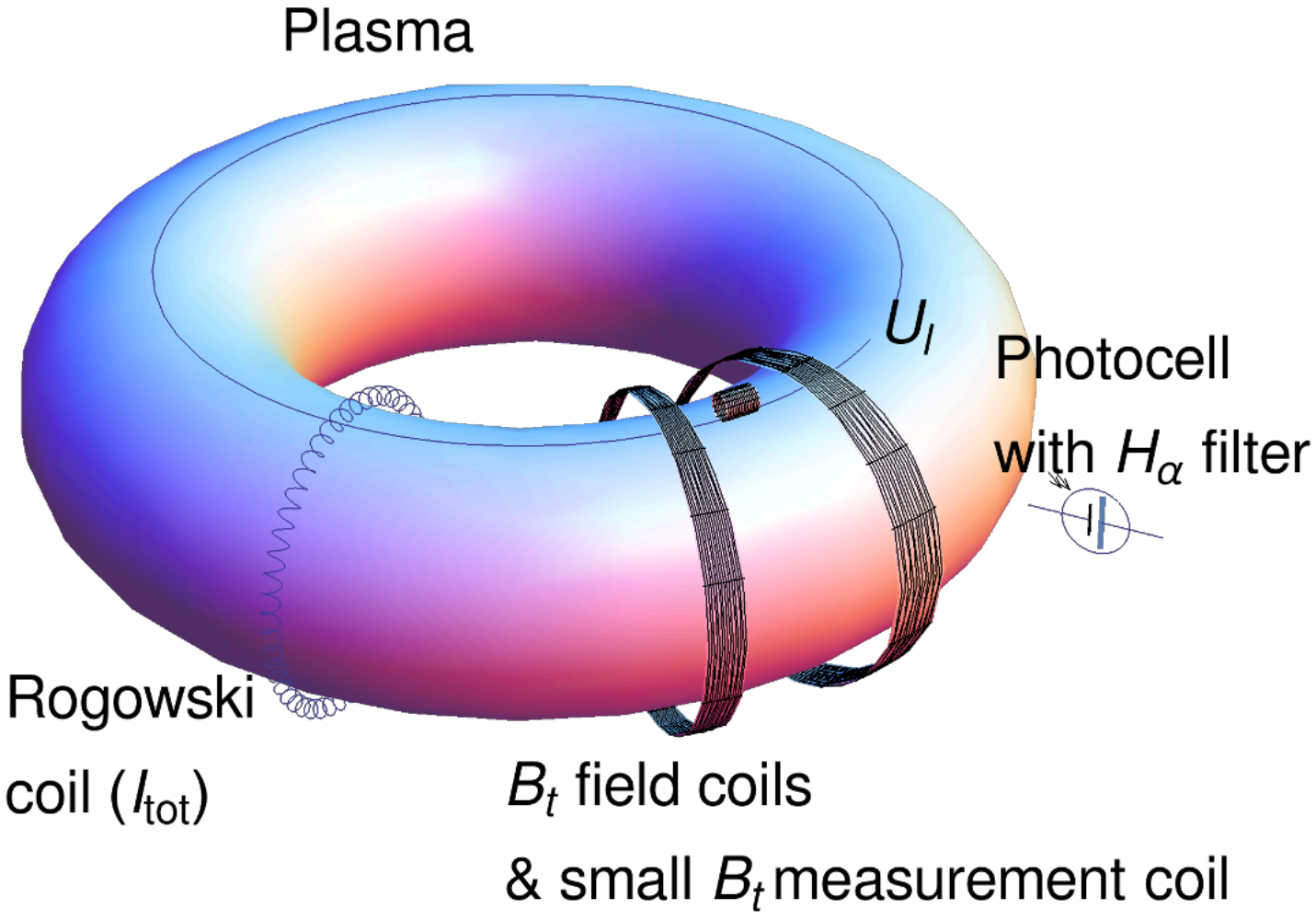
The GOLEM tokamak - basic diagnostics



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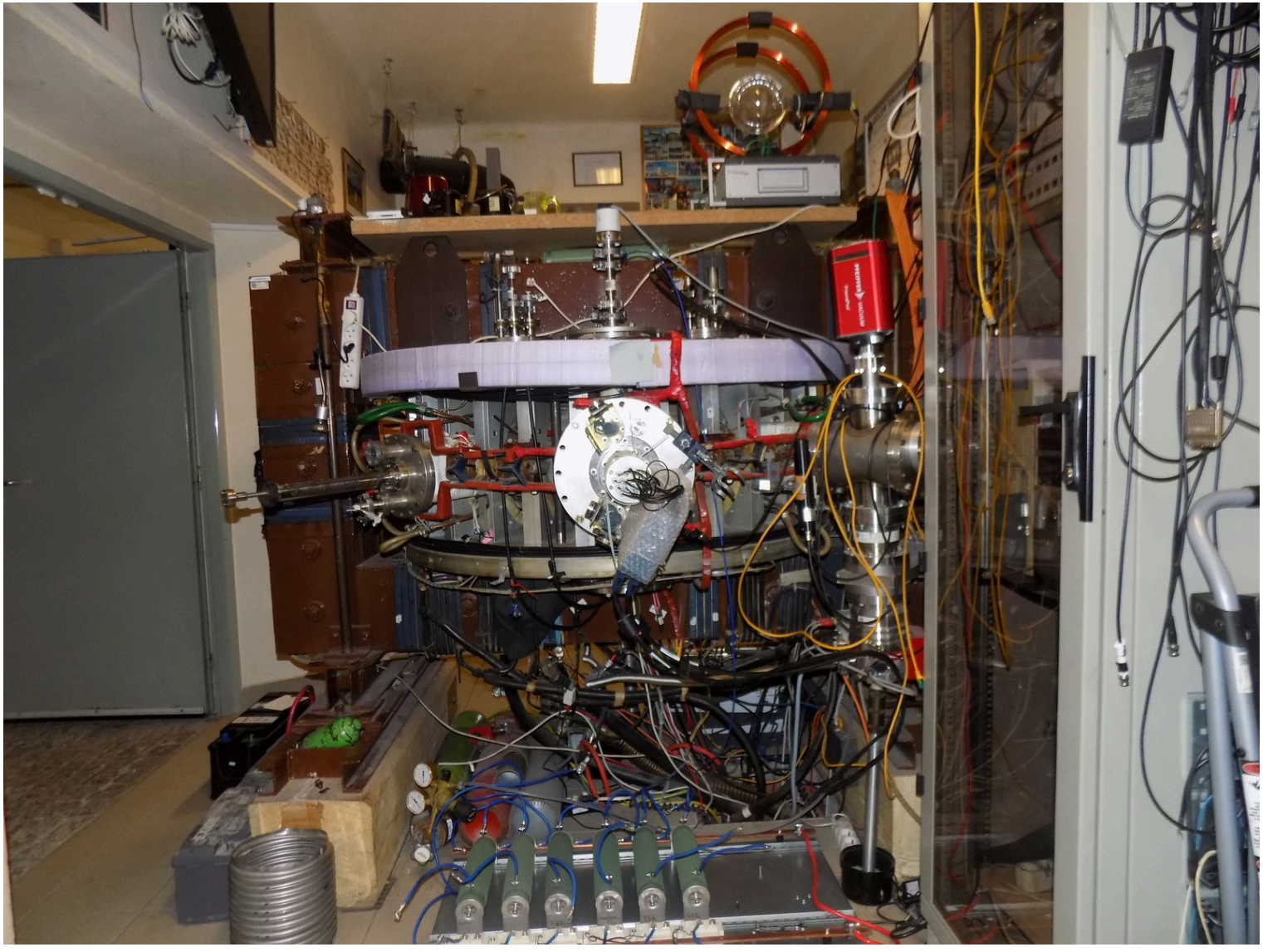
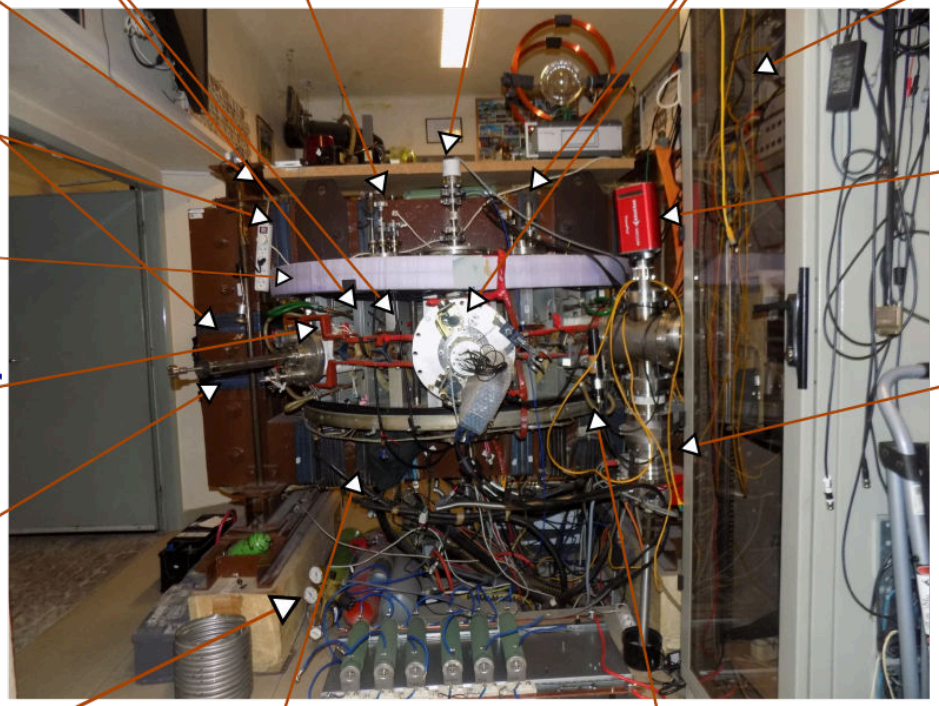
Infrastructure room (below tokamak) 10/16

Infrastructure room (below tokamak) 10/16

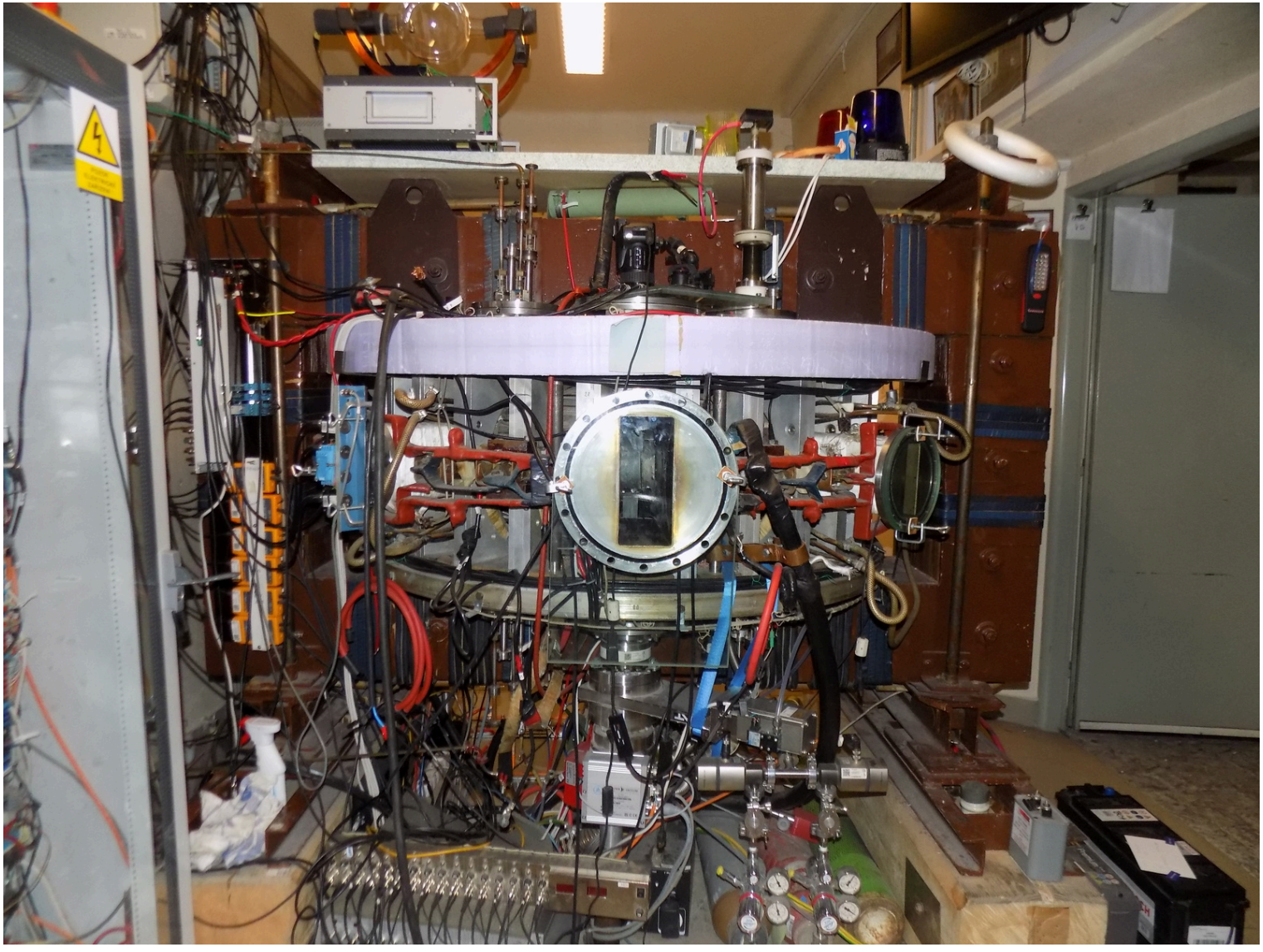
Tokamak room (North) 10/16



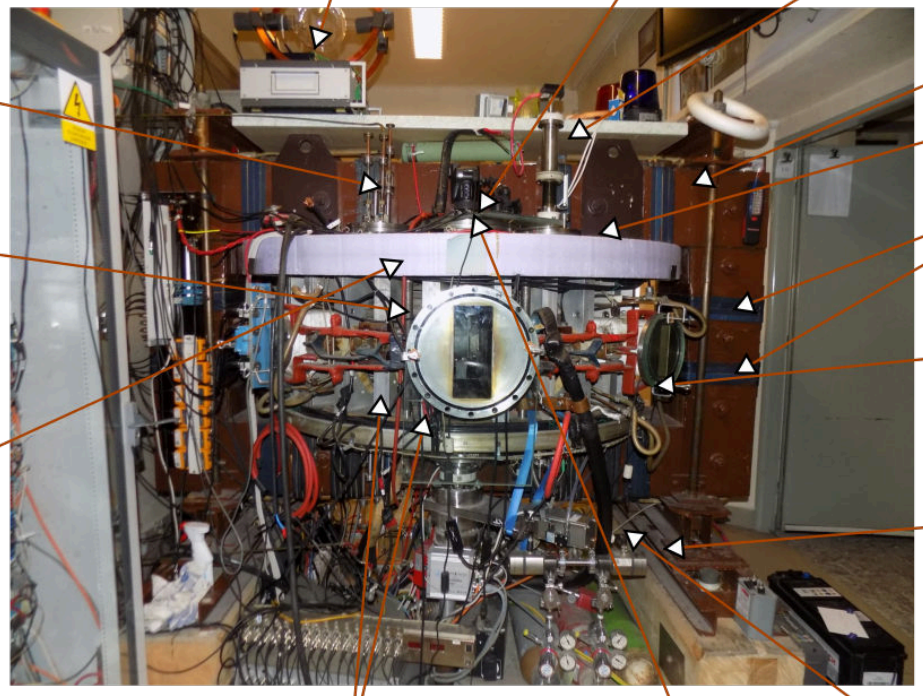
Tokamak room (North) 10/16



Tokamak room (South) 10/16



Tokamak room (South) 10/16



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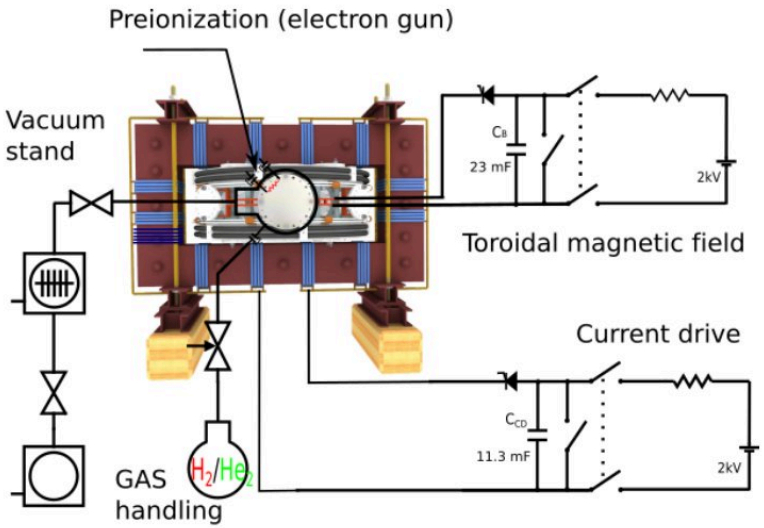
Control room: Introduction

GOLEM remote | Introduction | Control room | Live | Results | Prague | Access: Level 1 | Help

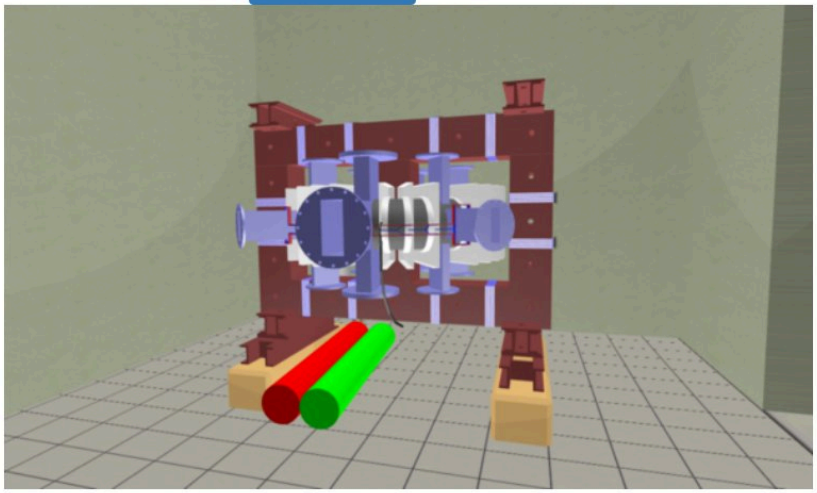
Introduction | Working gas | Preionization | Magnetic field | Current drive | Submit

This web interface will walk you through the process of configuring a discharge in the GOLEM tokamak. All settable values are perfectly safe. Proceed through each step by setting the desired values and then clicking the Next button. You can always go to a specific step by clicking its tab.

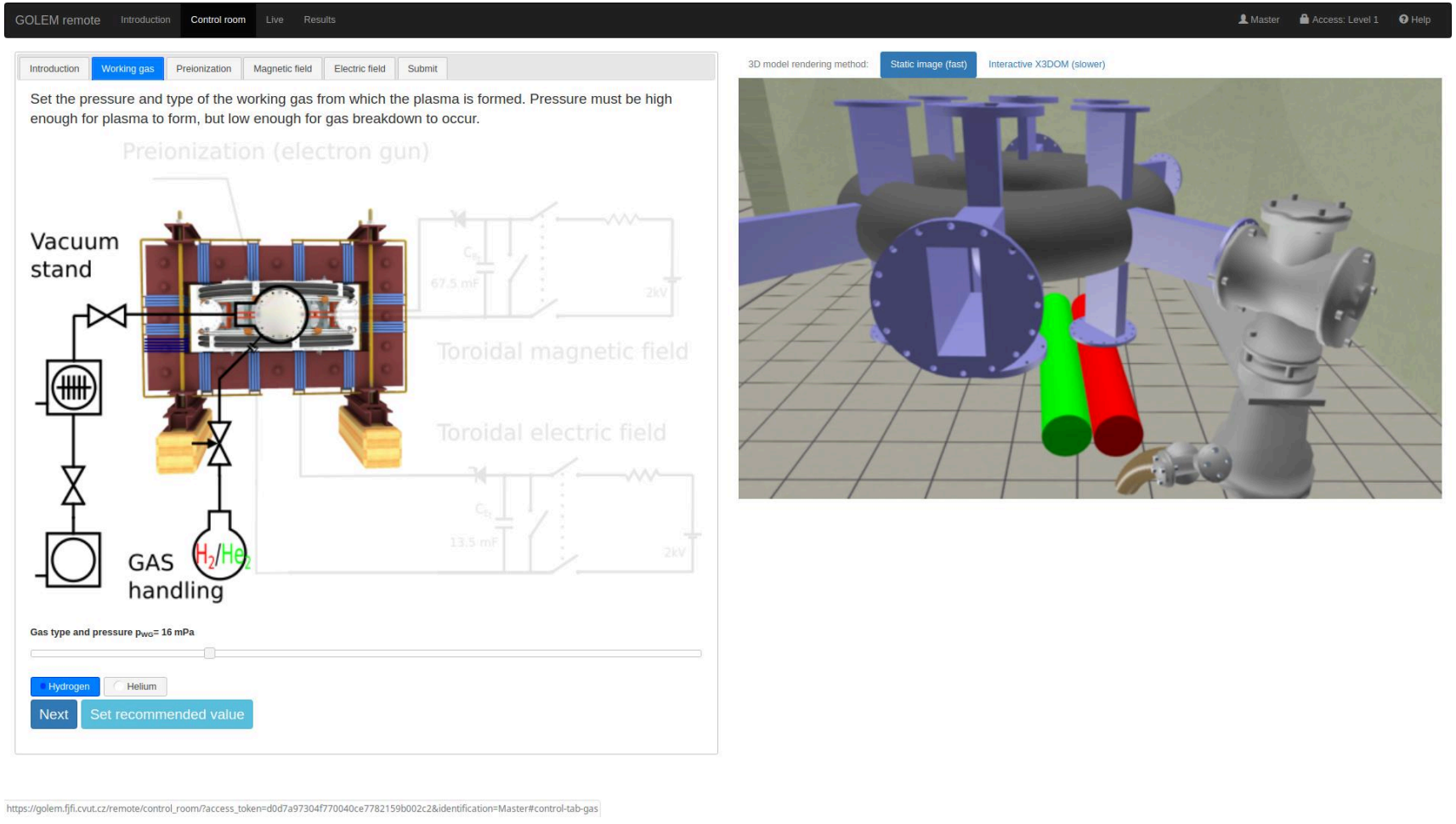


Next

3D model rendering method: Static image (fast) | Interactive X3DOM (slower)

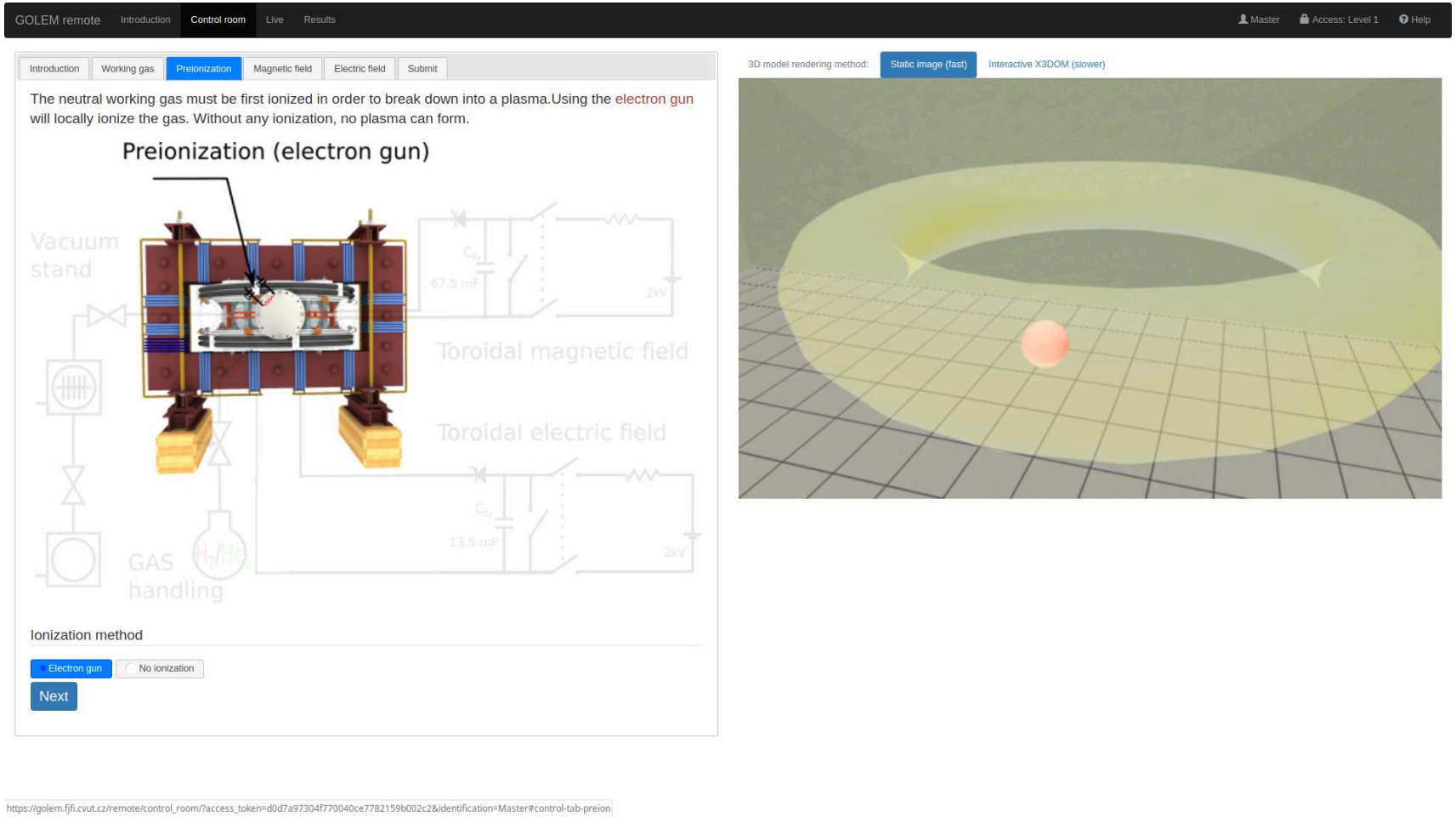


Control room: Working gas



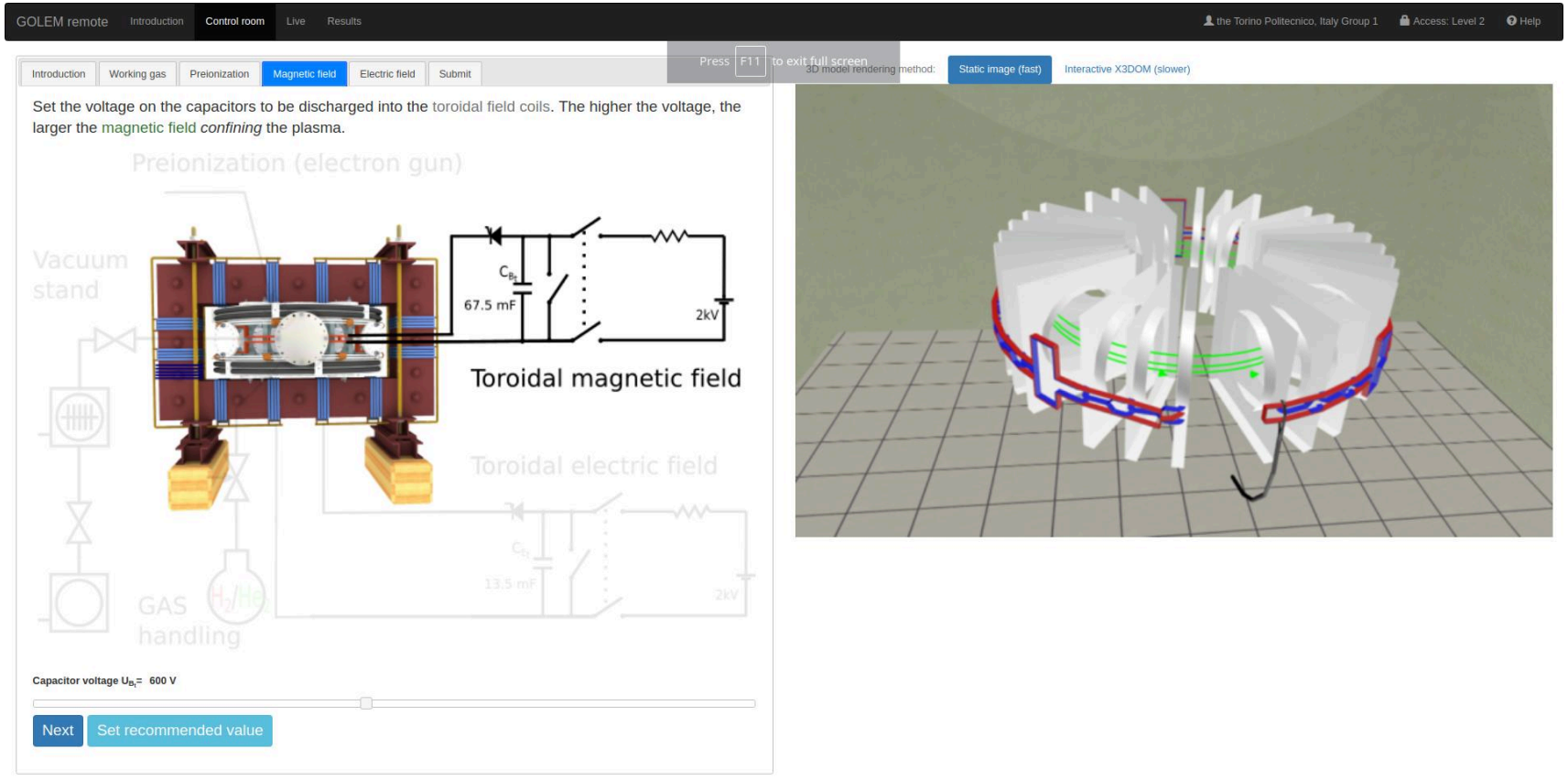
https://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/remote/control_room/?access_token=d0d7a97304f770040ce7782159b002c2&identification=Master#control-tab-gas

Control room: Preionization

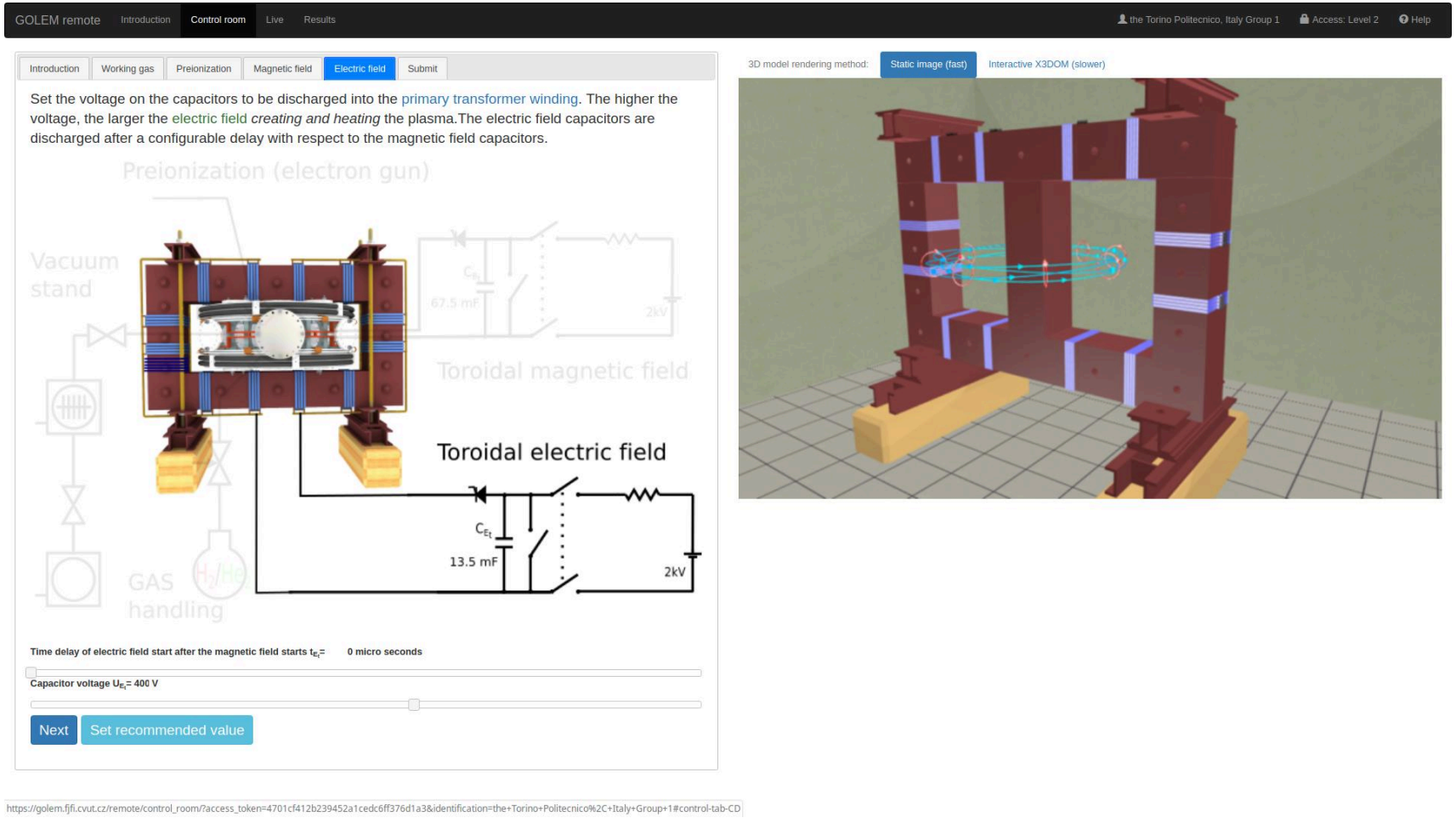


https://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/remote/control_room/?access_token=d0d7a97304f770040ce7782159b002c2&identification=Master#control-tab-preion

Control room: Magnetic field B_t



Control room: Current drive E_{cd}



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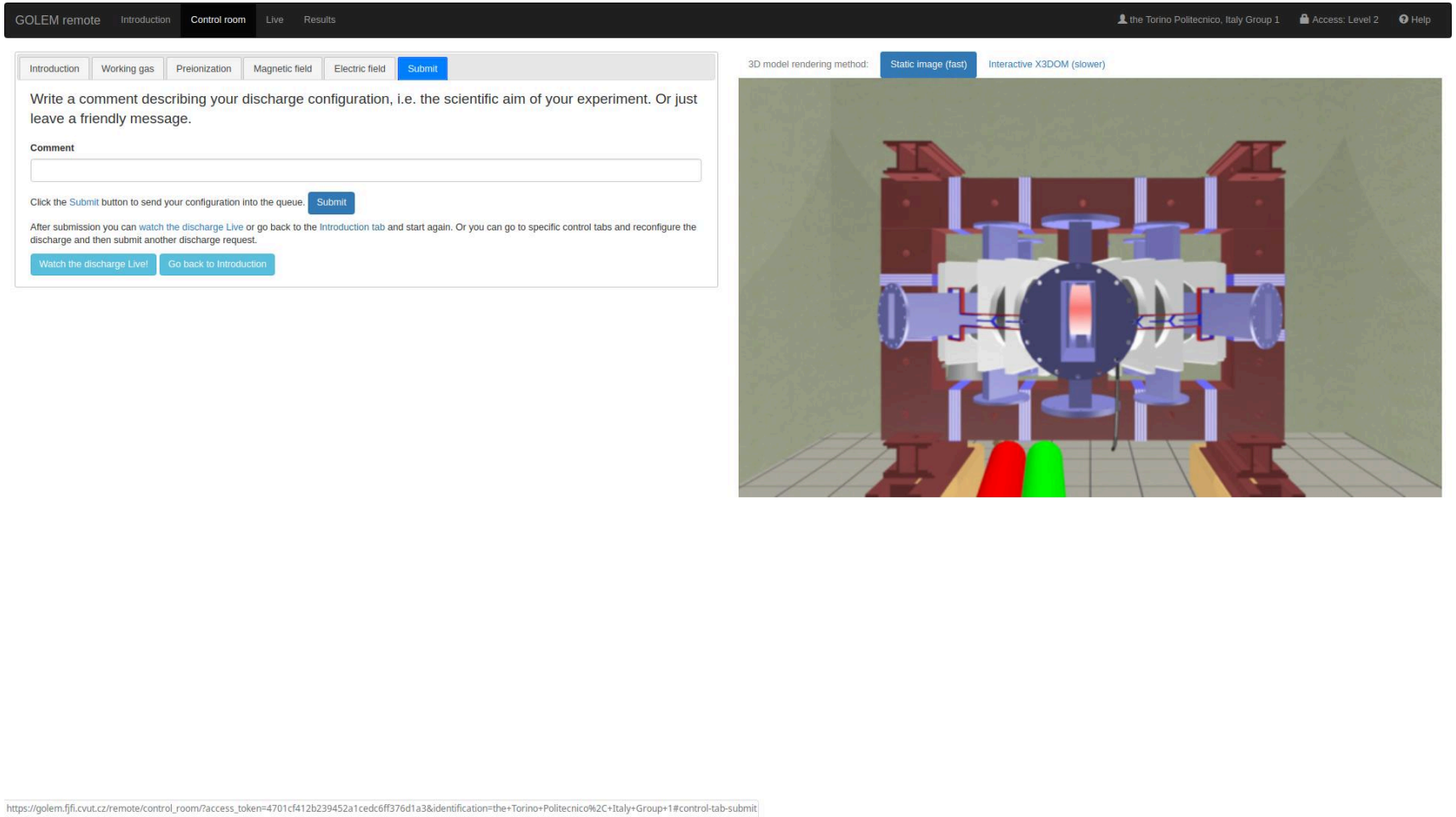
Control room: ... and Submit



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Shot homepage

GOLEM » Shot #22471 »

Tokamak GOLEM - Shot Database - 22471

Diagnostics
- ✓ Interferometer
- ✓ Spectrometer
- ✕ FastCamera
- ✓ HXR

Analysis
- ✓ ShotHomepage

DAS
- ✓ TektronixDPO
- ✓ NIstandard
- ✓ Papouch_St
- ✓ Papouch_Ko
- ✓ NIoctopus

Vacuum log

Other
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- Utilities

Navigation
- Next
- Previous
- Current

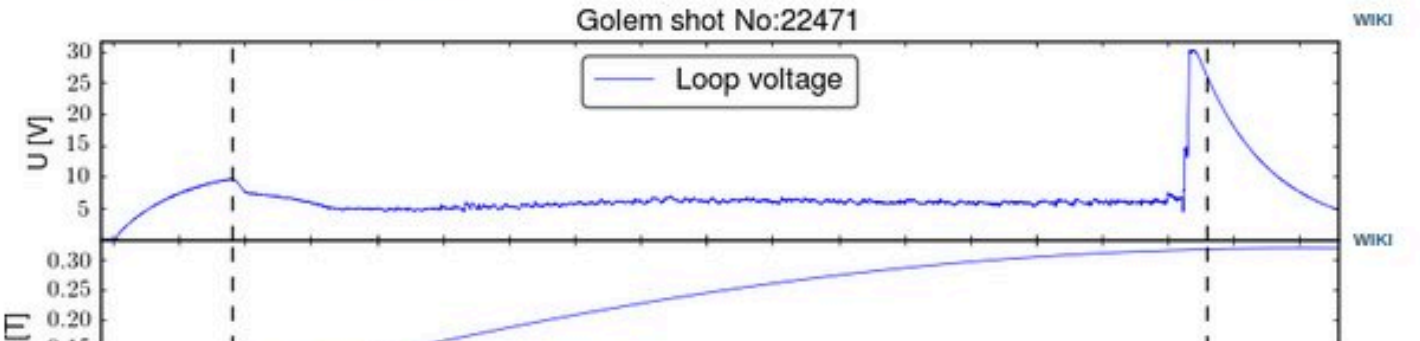
Date: 2016-09-29 - **14:33:57**
Session: TrainingCourses/Universities/Uni_Belgrade.rs/2016/
Comment: `Standard discharge`

Basic parameters: (compare)

- Gas pressure p_{ch}: `0.42`->`20.39` mPa (request: 20 mPa) WIKI
- Working gas: `H`
- Preionization: Upper el. gun
- Chamber temperature: 27.20 C
- C_{B_t} capacitors charged to: `800 V`, triggered `5.0 ms` WIKI
- C_{BD} capacitors charged to: `0 V`, triggered `5.0 ms` WIKI
- C_{CD} capacitors charged to: `400 V`, triggered `6.0 ms` WIKI
- C_{ST} capacitors charged to: `0 V`, triggered `5.0 ms` WIKI
- Probability of breakdown: 85% WIKI
- Time since session beginning: 0:07:50 h

Plasma parameters:

- Plasma life time **14.8** [ms] (from 7.8 to 22.6)
- Mean toroidal magnetic field Bt: 0.23 T WIKI
- Mean plasma current: 3.60 kA WIKI
- Mean Uloop: 5.92 V WIKI
- Break down voltage: 9.6 V WIKI
- Ohmic heating power: 21.33 kW
- Q edge: 2.9 WIKI
- Electron temperature: `41.1` eV WIKI
- Line electron density: `5.52` [10^17.m^-2] WIKI



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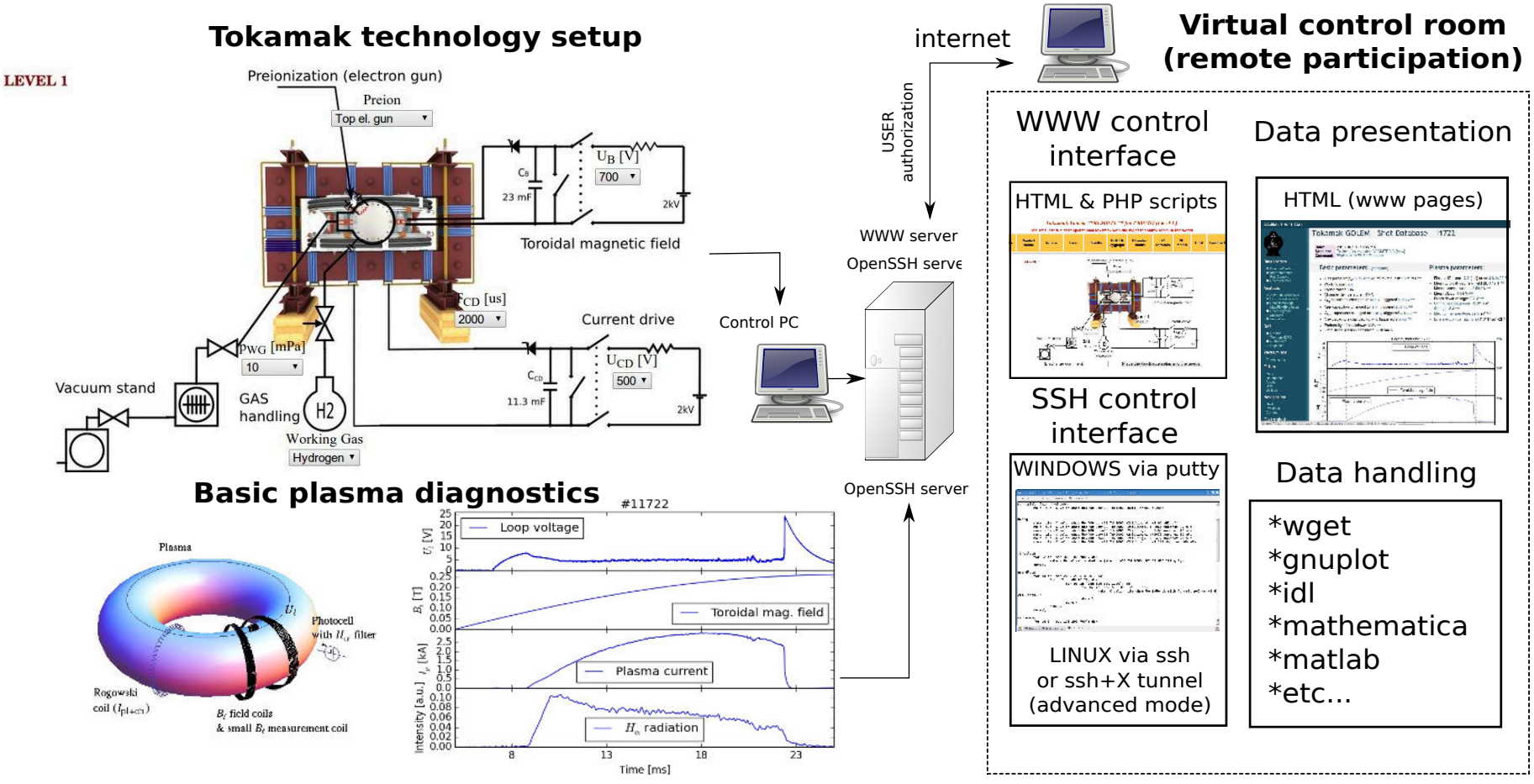
The global schematic overview of the GOLEM experiment



Production

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  - This presentation
  - Control rooms
  - Contact: Vojtech Svoboda, +420 737673903, svoboda@fjfi.cvut.cz
  - Chat: tokamak.golem@gmail.com or skype: tokamak.golem

Fee: postcard from the venue of remote measurements

Acknowledgement

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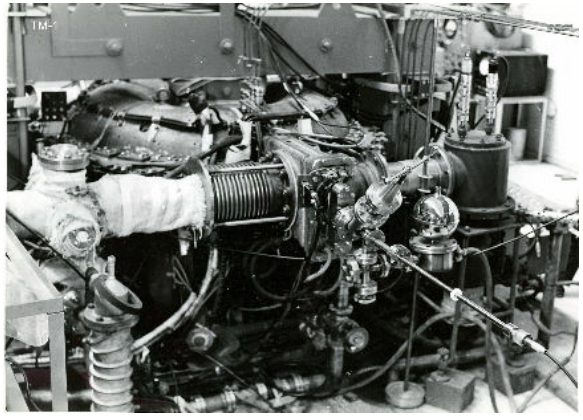
Students, teachers, technicians (random order):

Vladimír Fuchs, Ondřej Grover, Jindřich Kocman, Tomáš Markovič, Michal Odstrčil, Tomáš Odstrčil, Gergo Pokol, Igor Jex, Gabriel Vondrášek, František Žácek, Lukáš Matěna, Jan Stockel, Jan Mlynář, Jaroslav Krbec, Radan Salomonovič, Vladimír Linhart, Kateřina Jiráková, Ondřej Ficker, Pravesh Dhyani, Juan Ignacio Monge-Colepicolo, Jaroslav Čeřovský, Bořek Leitl, Martin Himmel. Petr Švihra, Petr Mácha, Vojtěch Fišer, Filip Papoušek, Sergei Kulkov, Martin Imríšek.

Thank you for your attention

Tokamak TM1
@Kurchatov Institute near Moscow
~1960-1977

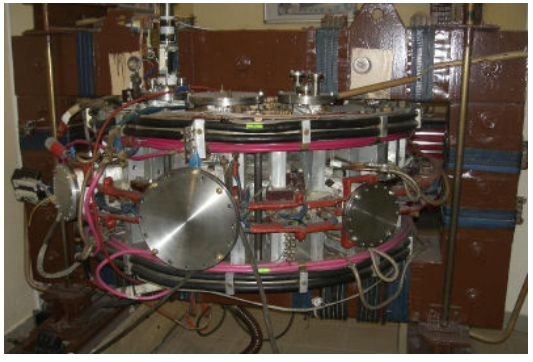


SCIENCE

Tokamak CASTOR
@Institue of Plasma Physics, Prague
1977-2007

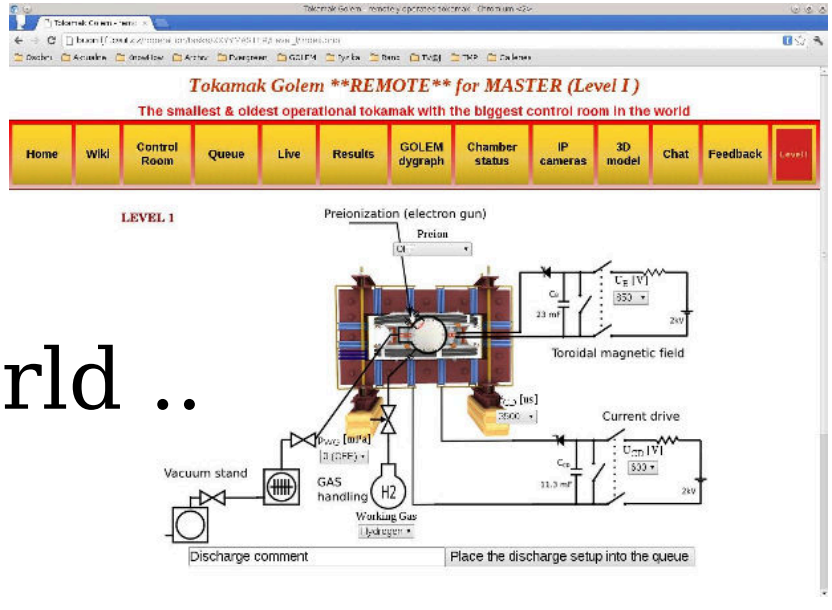
SCIENCE
& education

Tokamak GOLEM
@Czech Technical University, Prague
2007-



EDUCATION
& science

... with the biggest
control room
in the world ..



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References I

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