Introduction to the tokamak GOLEM operation
Practical guide

Vojtěch Svoboda
on behalf of the tokamak GOLEM team
for Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile

May 28, 2024

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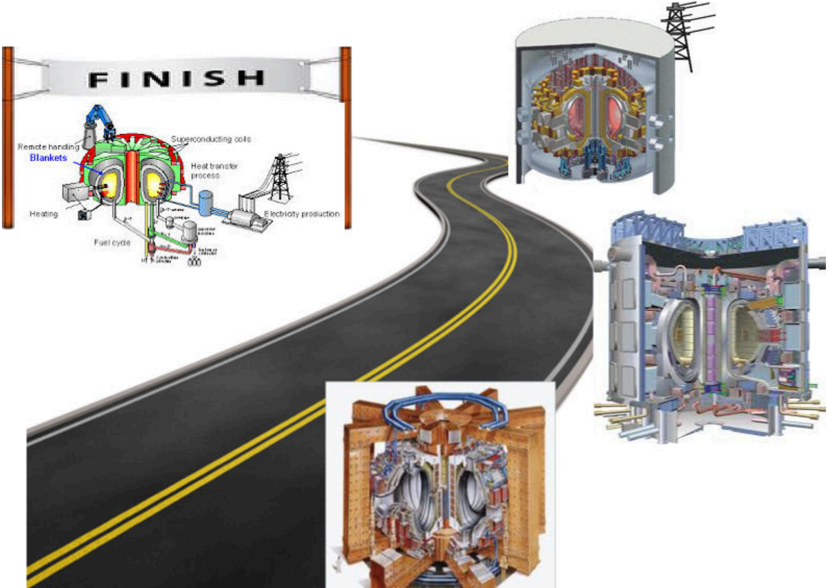
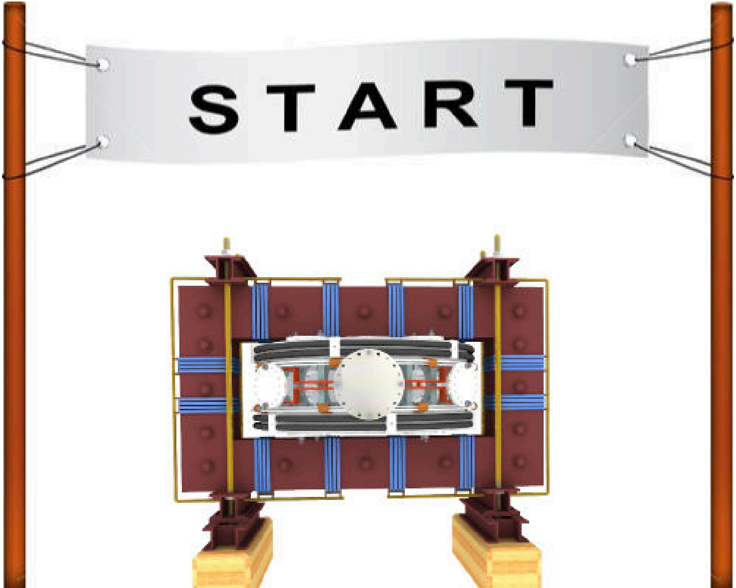
Milestones to Fusion Power Plant



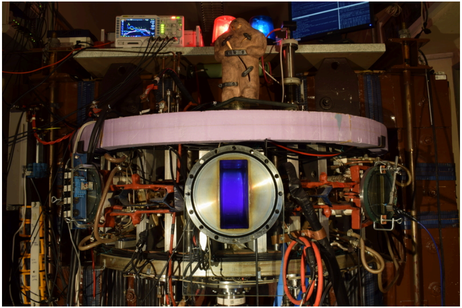
Education importance

Let's start with the tokamak GOLEM - *the smallest tokamak in the World with the biggest controll room*



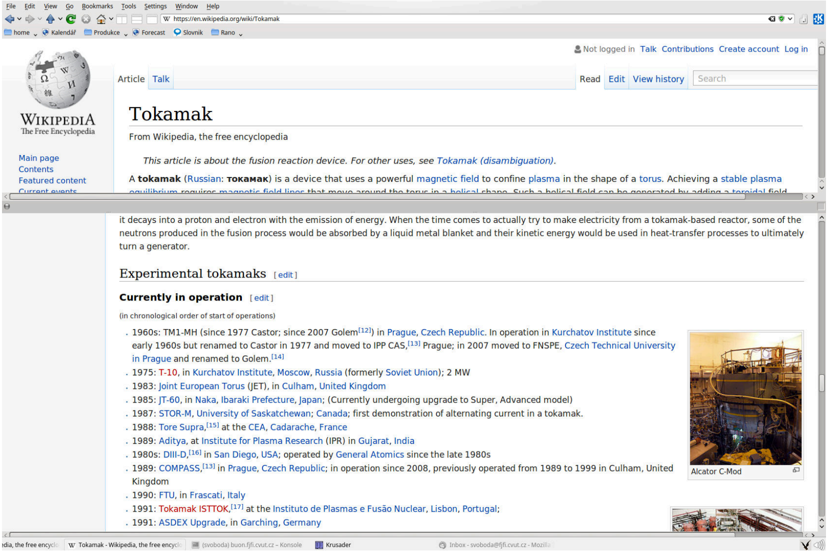
The GOLEM tokamak basic characteristics

The grandfather of all tokamaks (ITER newsline 06/18)



- Vessel major radius: $R_0 = 0.4$ m
- Vessel minor radius: $r_0 = 0.1$ m
- Maximum plasma current: $I_\mathrm{p}^\mathrm{max} < 8$ kA
- Maximum toroidal magnetic field: $B_\mathrm{t}^\mathrm{max} < 0.5$ T
- Typical electron density: $< n_e > \in (0.2, 3) \cdot 10^{19}$ m^{-3}
- Maximum electron temperature: $T_\mathrm{e}^\mathrm{max} < 80$ eV
- Maximum discharge duration: $\tau_\mathrm{p}^\mathrm{max} < 25$ ms

Tokamak GOLEM @ Wikipedia ..



Tokamak

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

This article is about the fusion reaction device. For other uses, see Tokamak (disambiguation).

A **tokamak** (Russian: **токамак**) is a device that uses a powerful magnetic field to confine plasma in the shape of a torus. Achieving a stable plasma

...

it decays into a proton and electron with the emission of energy. When the time comes to actually try to make electricity from a tokamak-based reactor, some of the neutrons produced in the fusion process would be absorbed by a liquid metal blanket and their kinetic energy would be used in heat-transfer processes to ultimately turn a generator.

Experimental tokamaks [edit]

Currently in operation [edit]

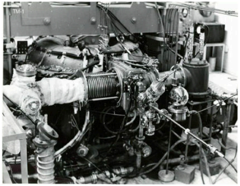
(in chronological order of start of operations)

- 1960s: TM1-MH (since 1977 Castor; since 2007 Golem[12]) in Prague, Czech Republic. In operation in Kurchatov Institute since early 1960s but renamed to Castor in 1977 and moved to IPP CAS,[13] Prague; in 2007 moved to FNSPE, Czech Technical University in Prague and renamed to Golem.[14]
- 1975: T-10, in Kurchatov Institute, Moscow, Russia (formerly Soviet Union); 2 MW
- 1983: Joint European Torus (JET), in Culham, United Kingdom
- 1985: JT-60, in Naka, Ibaraki Prefecture, Japan; (Currently undergoing upgrade to Super, Advanced model)
- 1987: STOR-M, University of Saskatchewan; Canada; first demonstration of alternating current in a tokamak.
- 1988: Tore Supra,[15] at the CEA, Cadarache, France
- 1989: Aditya, at Institute for Plasma Research (IPR) in Gujarat, India
- 1980s: DIII-D,[16] in San Diego, USA; operated by General Atomics since the late 1980s
- 1989: COMPASS,[13] in Prague, Czech Republic; in operation since 2008, previously operated from 1989 to 1999 in Culham, United Kingdom
- 1990: FTU, in Frascati, Italy
- 1991: Tokamak ISTTOK,[17] at the Instituto de Plasmas e Fusão Nuclear, Lisbon, Portugal;
- 1991: ASDEX Upgrade, in Garching, Germany

Alcator C-Mod

The GOLEM tokamak for education - historical background

Kurchatov Institute near Moscow,
Soviet Union
1960: **TM1-MH**



1974

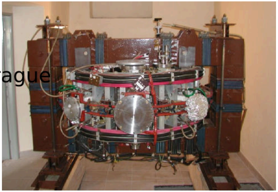
Culham Centre for Fusion Energy
Great Britain
1989: **COMPASS-D**

2006

Institute of Plasma Physics
Czech republic
CASTOR **COMPASS**

2008

Czech Technical University Prague
Czech republic
GOLEM



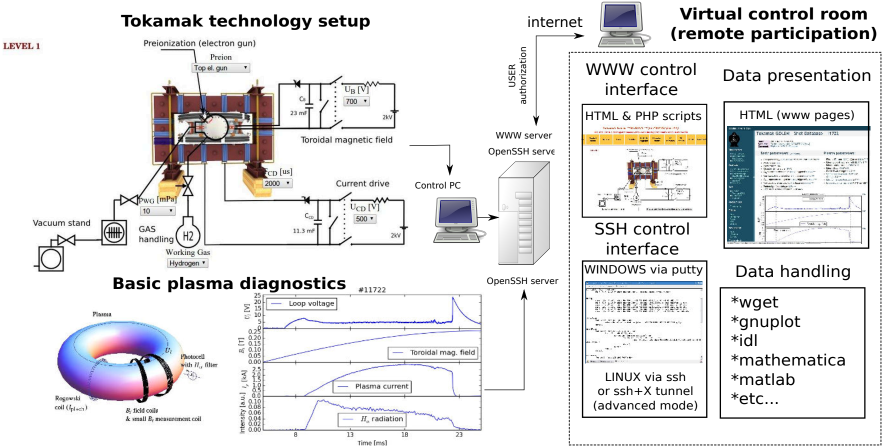
GOLEM

... somewhere, in the ancient cellars of Prague,

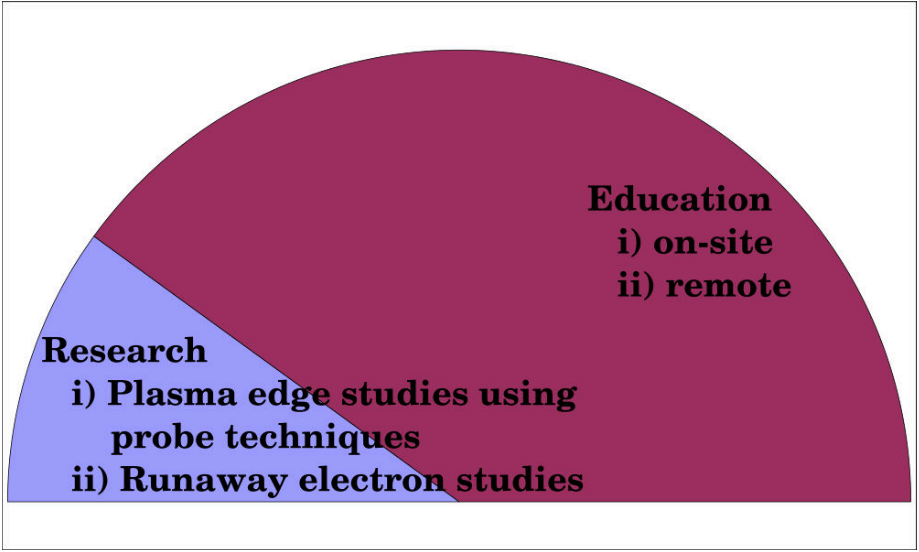
there is hidden indeed "infernal" power. Yet it is the very power of celestial stars themselves. Calmly dormant, awaiting mankind to discover the magic key, to use this power for their benefit...

At the end of the 16th century, in the times when the Czech lands were ruled by Emperor Rudolf II, in Prague, there were Rabbi Judah Loew, well known alchemist, thinker, scholar, writer and inventor of the legendary GOLEM - a clay creature inspired with the Universe power that pursued his master's command after being brought to life with a shem, . Golem is not perceived as a symbol of evil, but rather as a symbol of power which might be useful but is very challenging to handle. To learn more of the Golem legend, see e.g. [1].

The global schematic overview of the GOLEM experiment

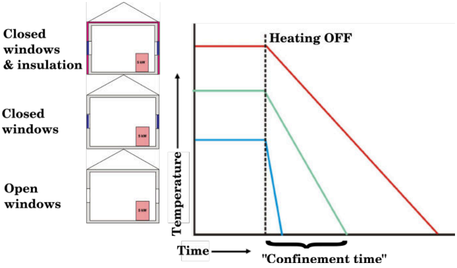


The GOLEM tokamak mission

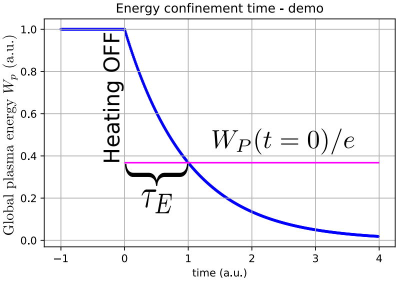


Towards ... Energy confinement time

House



Tokamak



Lawson criterion

credit:Lawson criterion @ Wiki [2]

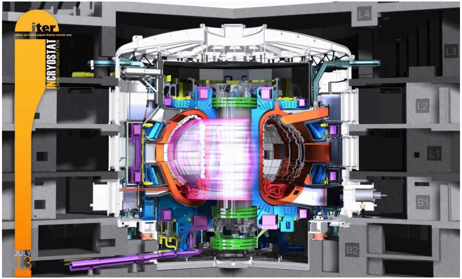
- Net power = Efficiency × (Fusion - Radiation loss - Conduction loss)
- The confinement time: $\tau_E = \frac{W}{P_{\rm loss}}$
- Energy density $W = 3nk_{\rm B}T$ & rate of radiation and conduction energy loss per unit volume $P_{\rm loss}$
- Reactions per volume per time of fusion reactions is: $f = n_{\rm d}n_{\rm t}\langle\sigma v\rangle = \frac{1}{4}n^2\langle\sigma v\rangle$
- Fusion heating $fE_{\rm ch}$, where $E_{\rm ch} = 3.5\,\mathrm{MeV}$ should exceeds the losses: $fE_{\rm ch} \geq P_{\rm loss}$

$$n\tau_{\rm E} \geq L \equiv \frac{12}{E_{\rm ch}}\frac{k_{\rm B}T}{\langle\sigma v\rangle} \geq 1.5 \cdot 10^{20}\frac{\rm s}{\rm m^3}$$

(DT reaction@minimum ≈ 26 keV)

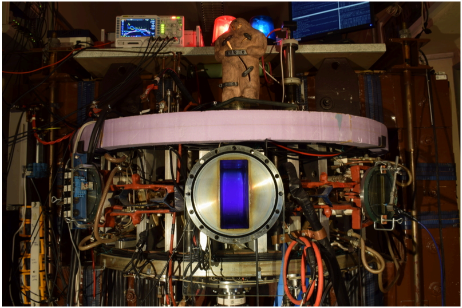
The competition

The ITER: 3.6 s



credit:[3]

The GOLEM: ??? s or ms or us ??



credit:[4]

Production

- Everything via `http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/puc`
  - This presentation
  - Control rooms
  - Contact: Vojtech Svoboda, +420 737673903, vojtech.svoboda@fjfi.cvut.cz
  - Videoconference: https://meet.google.com/hnv-qjhu-xvi

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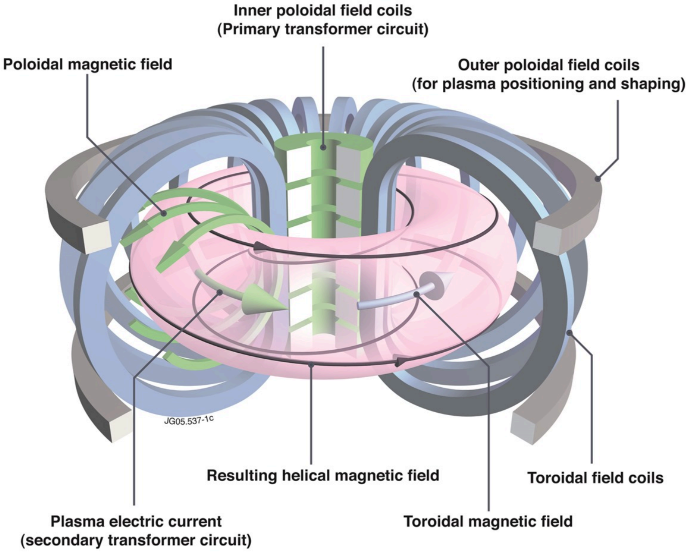
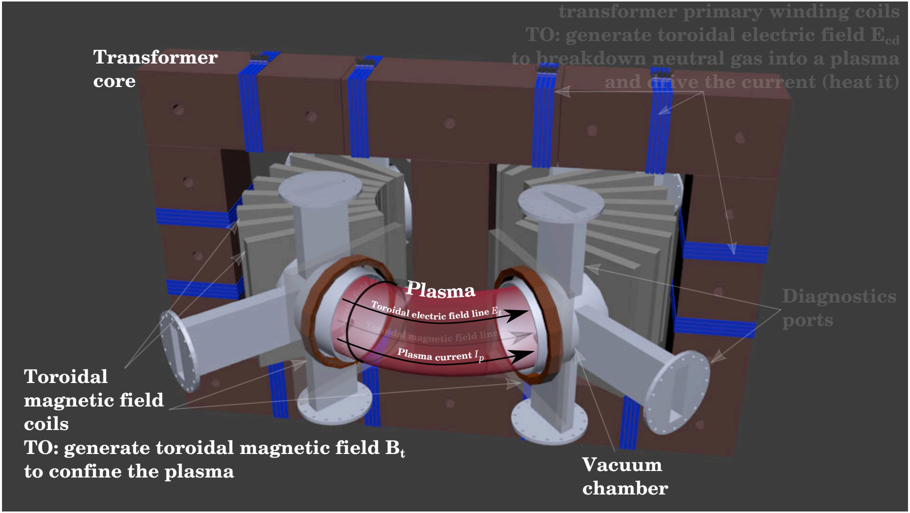
Tokamak magnetic confinement concept



credit: Tokamak concept@Wiki

Tokamak (GOLEM) basic concept to confine and heat the plasma



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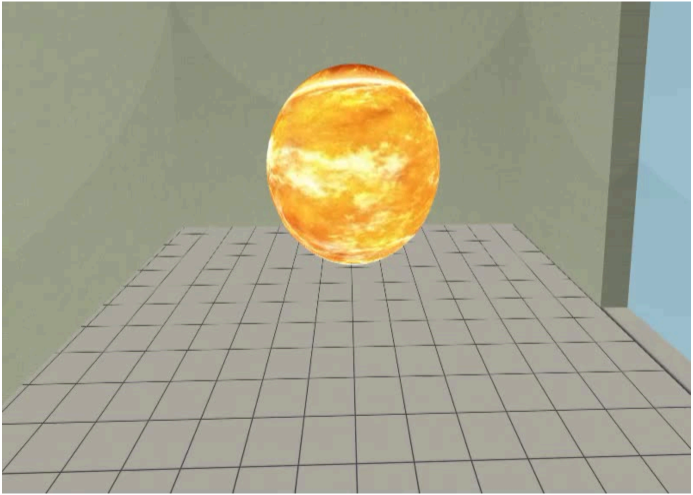
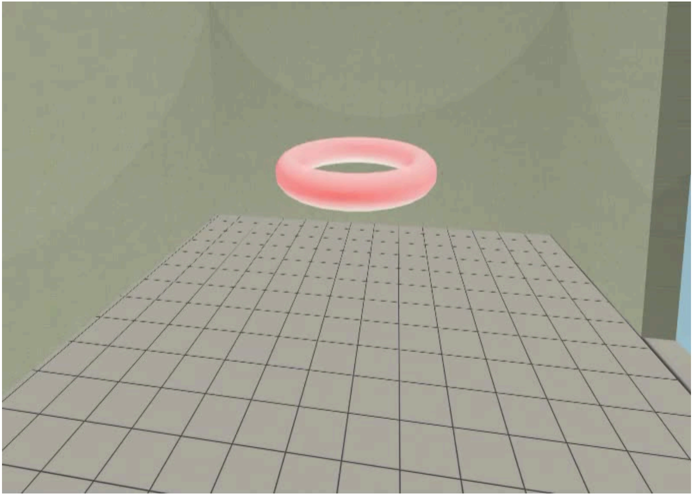
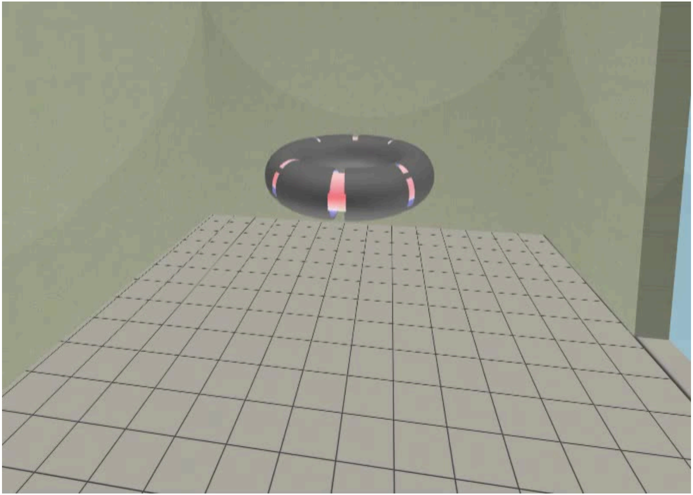
Our goal: the technology to create a μSun on the Earth



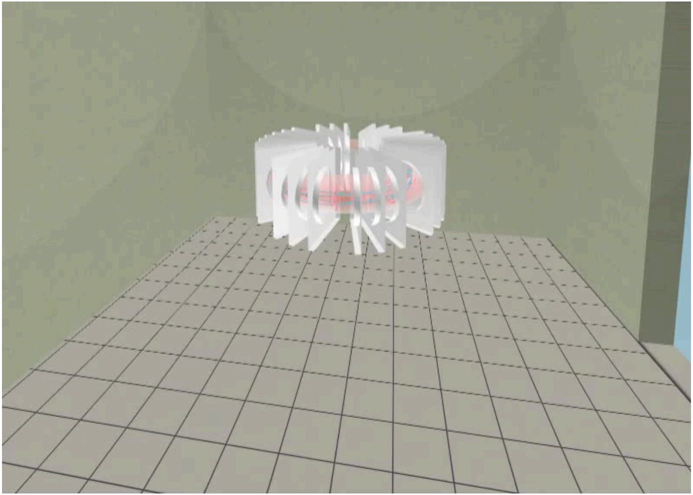
Magnetic confinement requires toroidal geometry



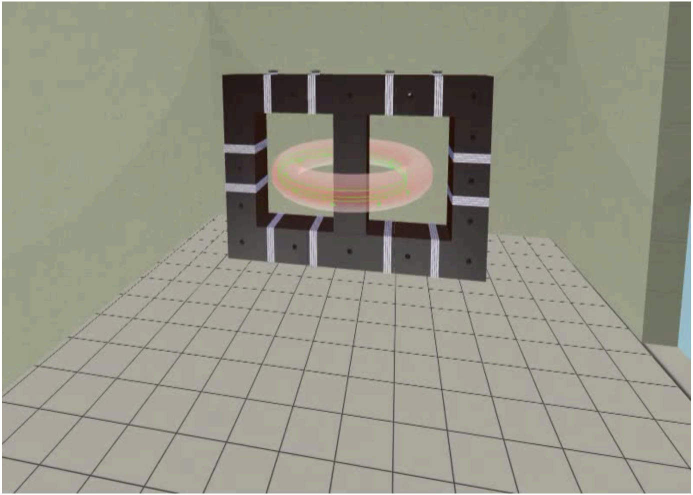
A chamber contains the thermonuclear reaction



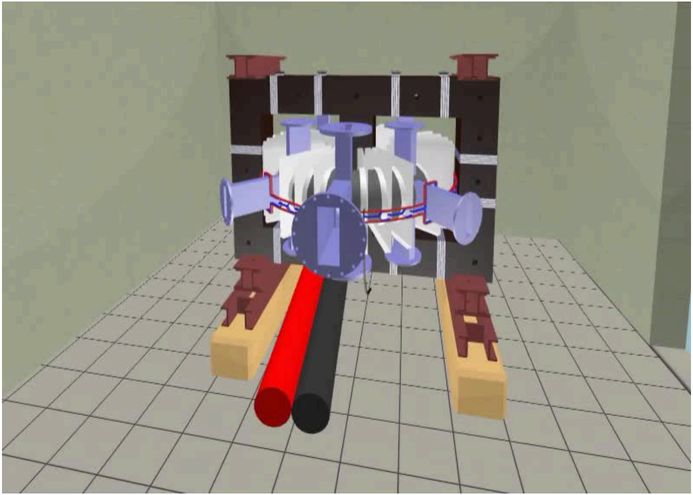
Toroidal magnetic field coils confine the plasma



A transformer action creates and heats the plasma



The final technology altogether



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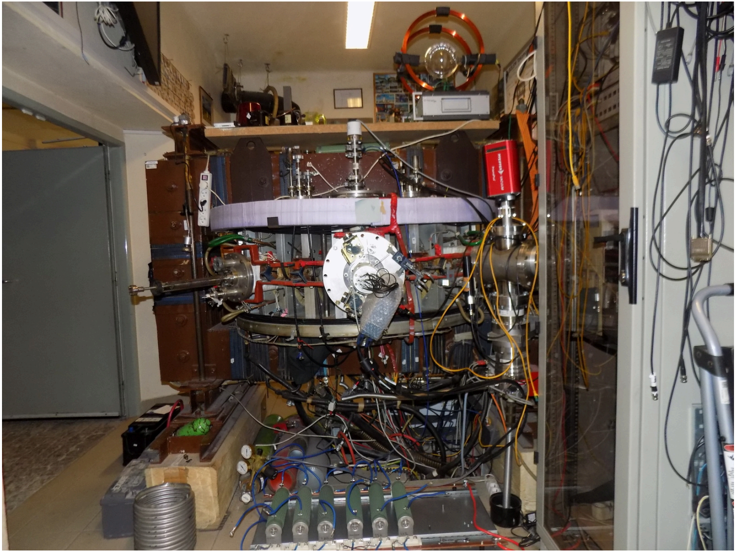
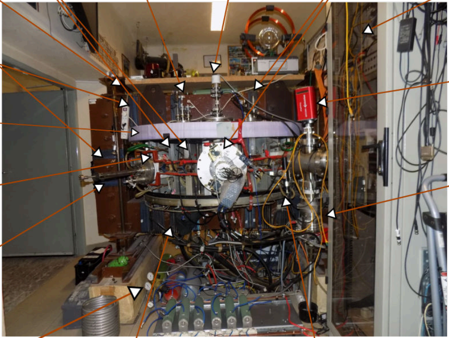
Infrastructure room (below tokamak) 10/16

Infrastructure room (below tokamak) 10/16

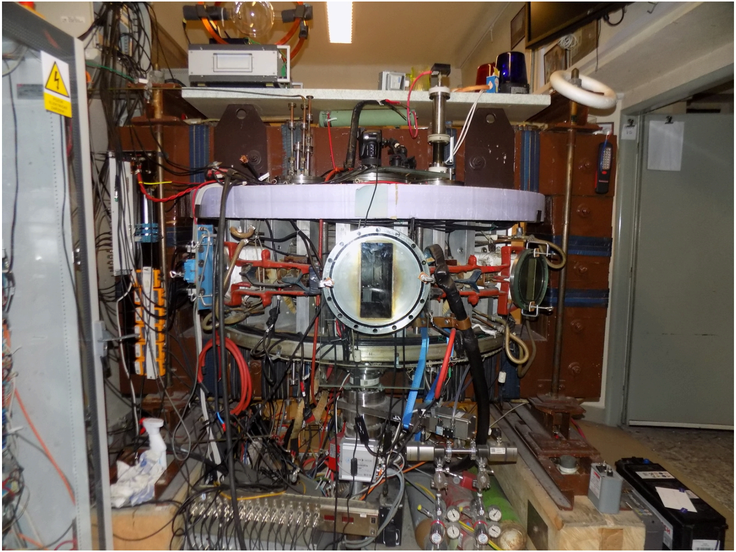
Tokamak room (North) 10/16



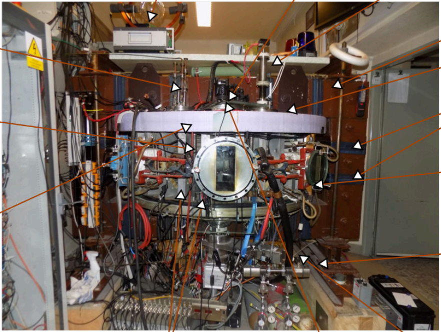
Tokamak room (North) 10/16



Tokamak room (South) 10/16



Tokamak room (South) 10/16



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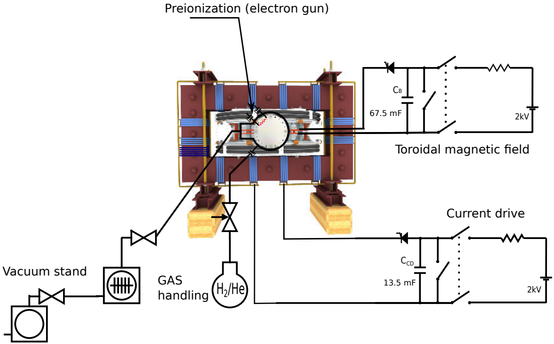
Plasma in Tokamak (GOLEM) - the least to do



To do:

- session start phase:
  - Evacuate the chamber
- pre-discharge phase
  - Charge the capacitors
  - Fill in the working gas
  - Preionization
- discharge phase
  - Toroidal magnetic field to confine plasma
  - Toroidal electric field to breakdown neutral gas into plasma
  - Toroidal electric field to heat the plasma
  - Plasma positioning
  - Diagnostics
- post-discharge phase

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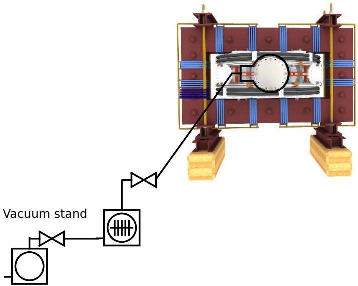

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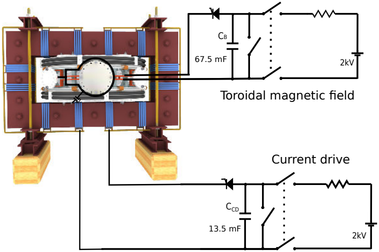

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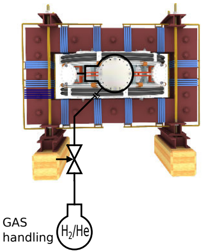

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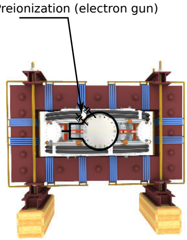

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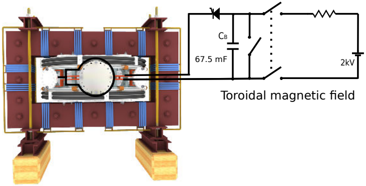

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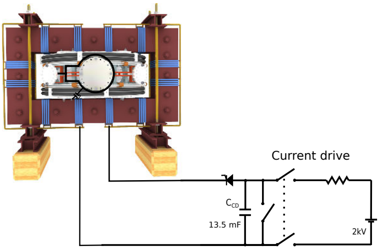

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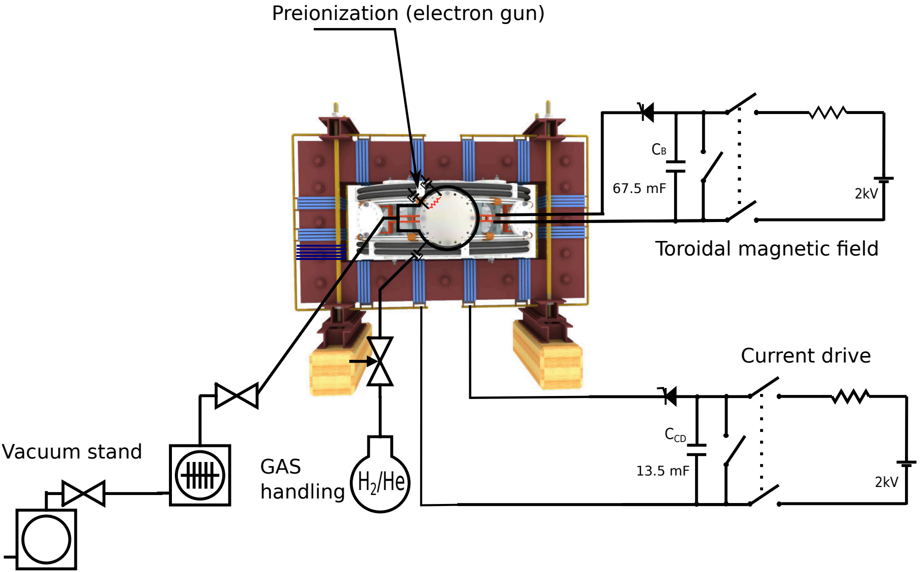
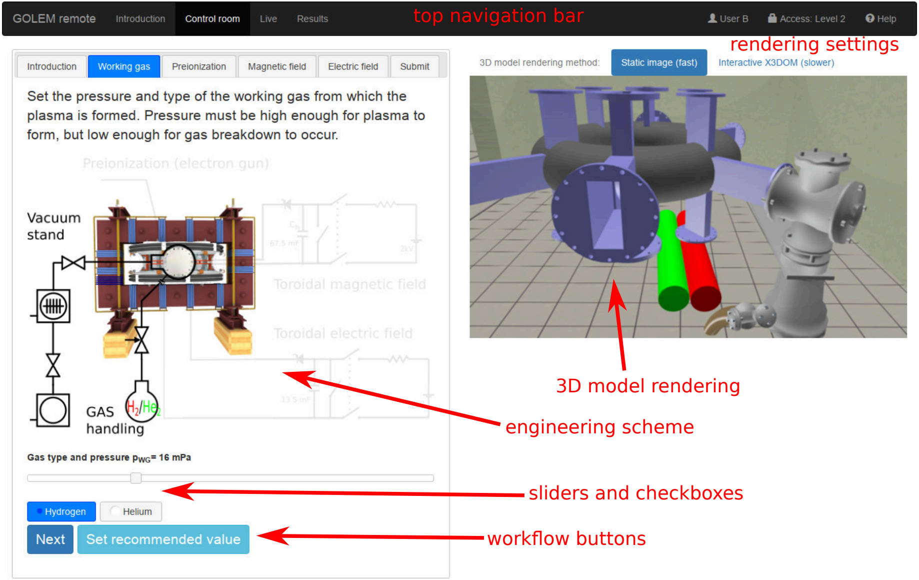
Tokamak GOLEM - schematic experimental setup



Remote control interface of the GOLEM tokamak



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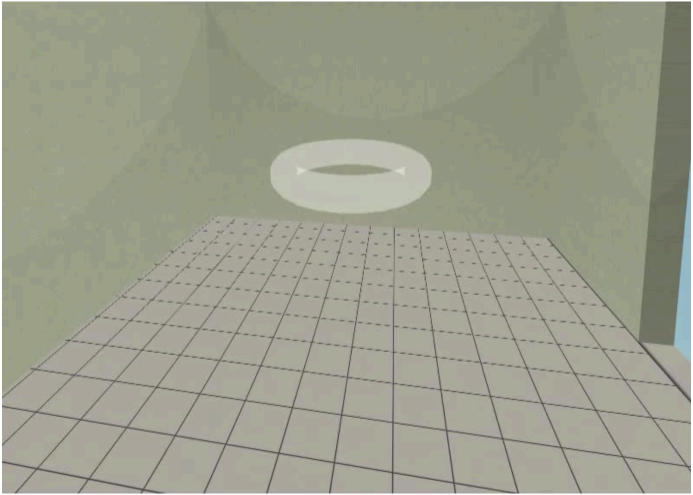
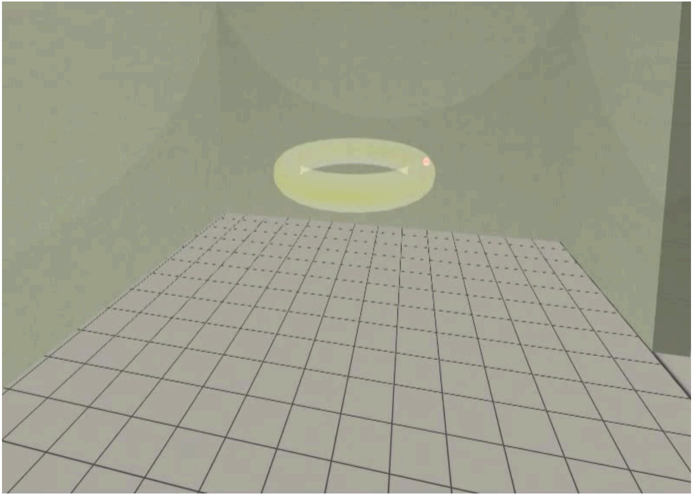
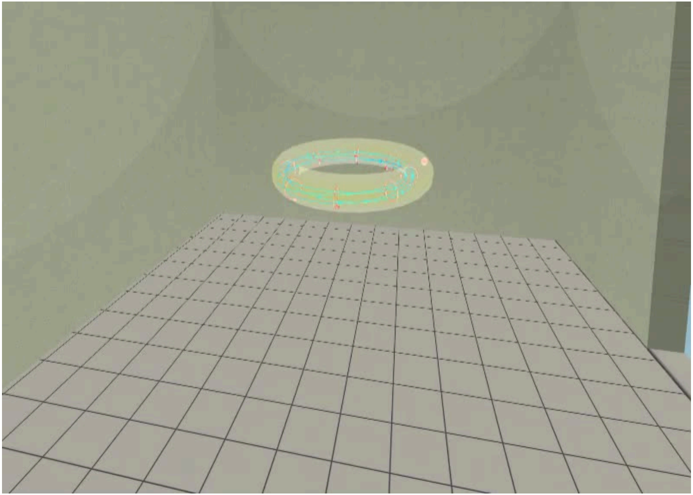
Introduce the working gas (Hydrogen x Helium)



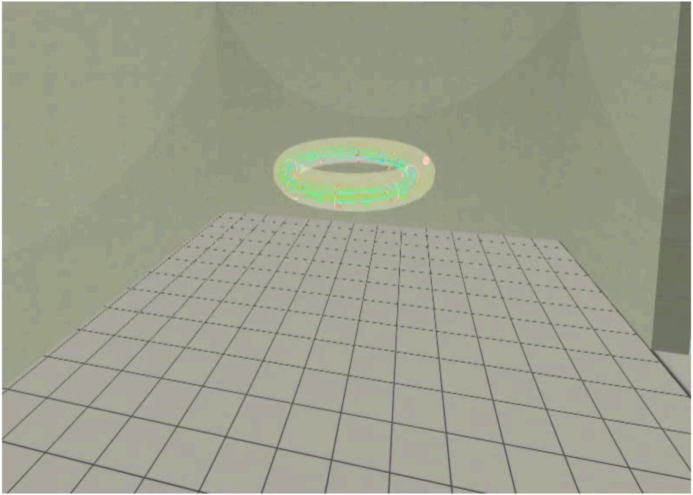
Switch on the preionization



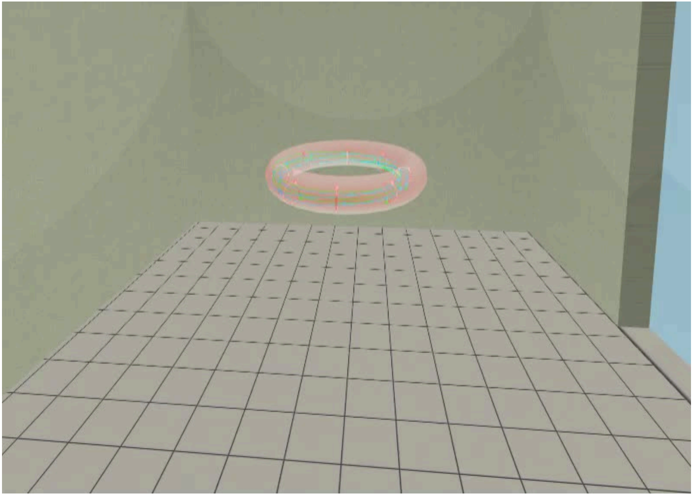
Introduce the magnetic field



Introduce the electric field



Plasma ..



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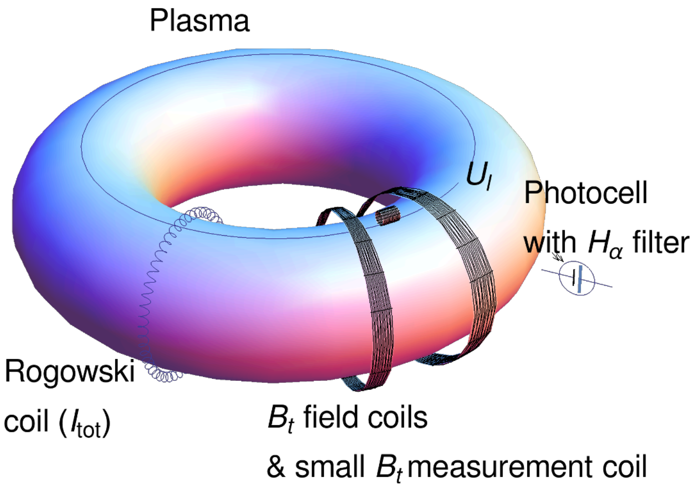
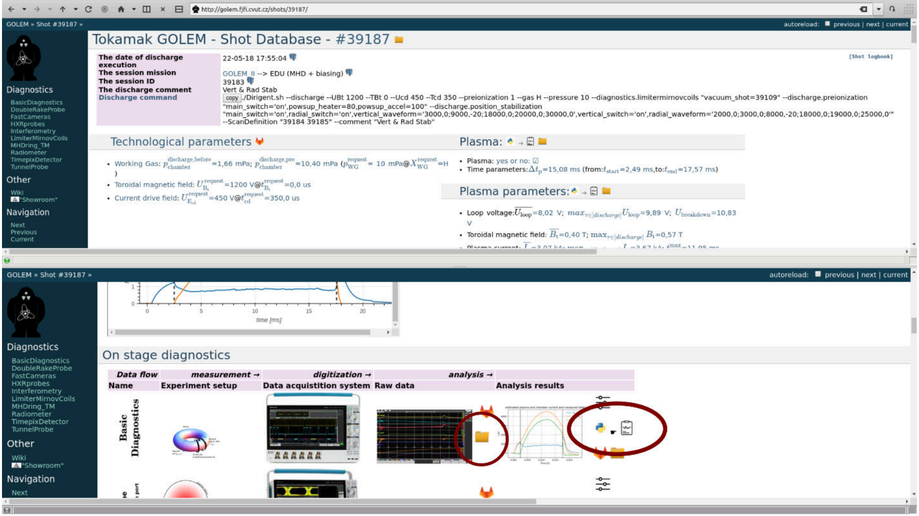
The GOLEM tokamak - basic diagnostics

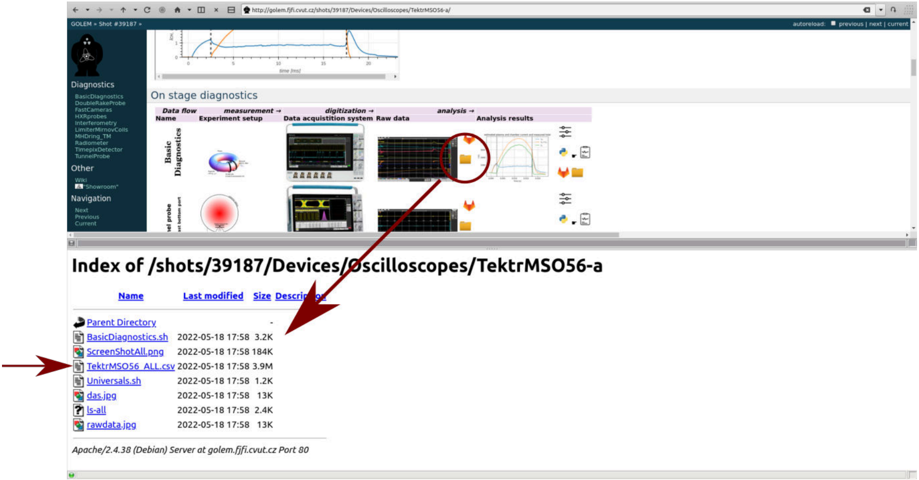


Hands on the GOLEM tokamak - equipment

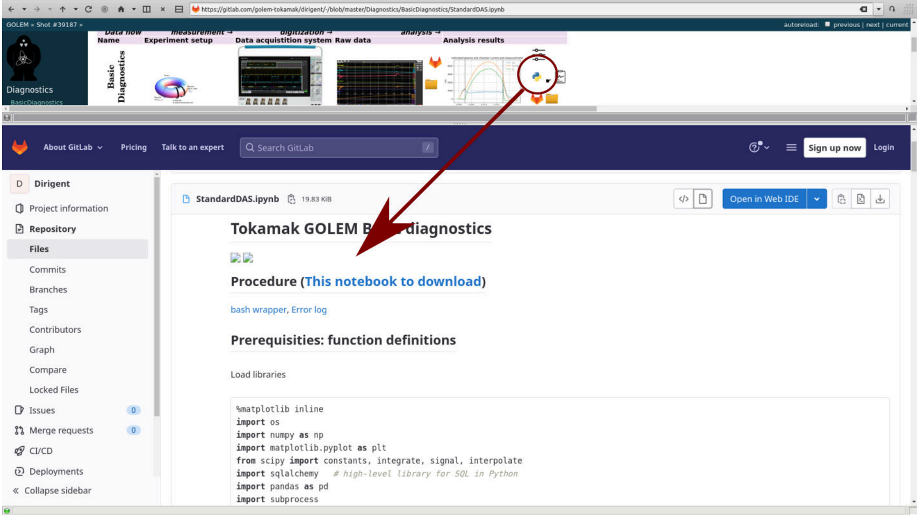
Basic diagnostics - numerical processing, shot homepage



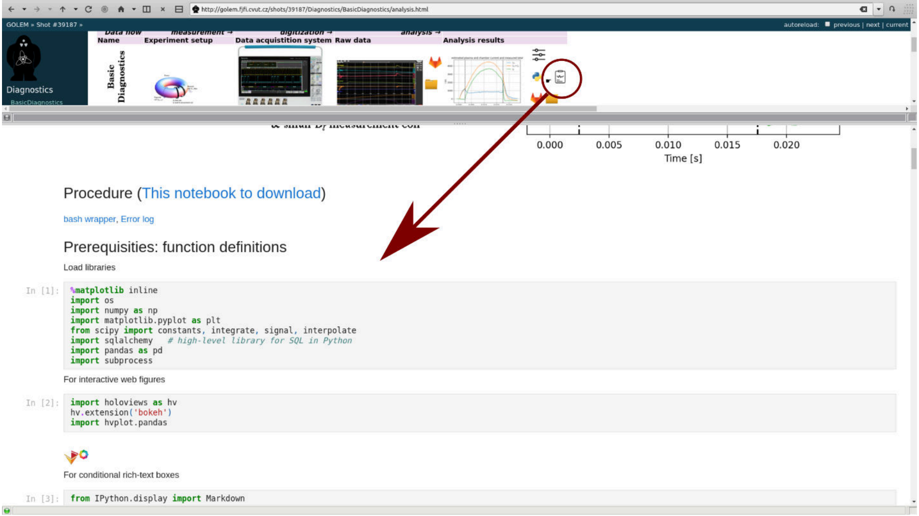
Basic diagnostics - numerical processing, raw data



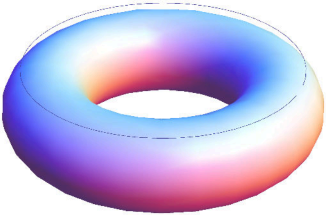
Basic diagnostics - numerical processing, Jupyter-notebook@GitLab **Download & play**

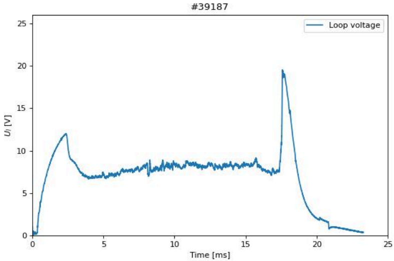


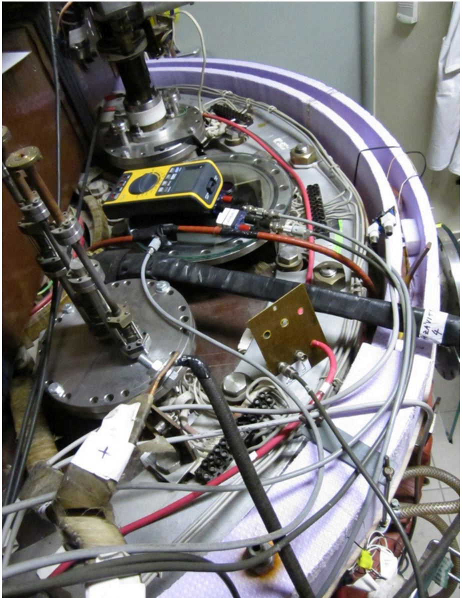
Basic diagnostics - numerical processing, Jupyter-notebook applied on the Discharge



Loop voltage U_l @ the GOLEM tokamak







Basic diagnostics - numerical processing, U_{loop}

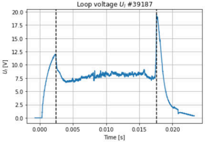
```
    t_scale = 1e-3 if in_seconds else 1
    if is_plasma:
        for t in (t_plasma_start, t_plasma_end):
            plt.axvline(t * t_scale, color='k', linestyle='--')
```

U_l management

Check the data availability

In [11]:
```
loop_voltage = read_signal(shot_no, 'U_Loop')
polarity_CD = read_parameter(shot_no, 'CD_orientation')
if polarity_CD != 'CW':                          # TODO hardcoded for now!
    loop_voltage *= -1  # make positive
loop_voltage = correct_inf(loop_voltage)
loop_voltage.loc[:t_CD] = 0
ax = loop_voltage.plot(grid=True)
show_plasma_limits()
ax.set(xlabel="Time [s]", ylabel="$U_l$ [V]", title="Loop voltage $U_l$ #{}".format(shot_no));
```

Out[11]:
```
[Text(0.5, 0, 'Time [s]'),
 Text(0, 0.5, '$U_l$ [V]'),
 Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Loop voltage $U_l$ #39187')]
```



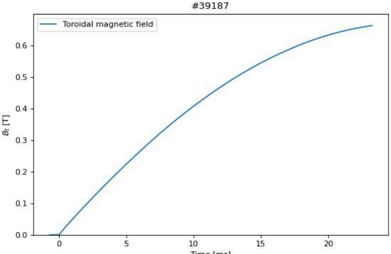
B_t calculation

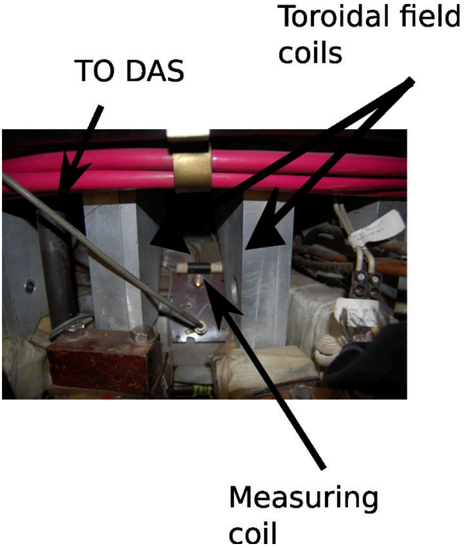
Check the data availability

It is as magnetic measurement, so the raw data only give $\frac{dB_t}{dt}$

In [12]:
```
dBt = read_signal(shot_no,'U_BtCoil')
polarity_Bt = read_parameter(shot_no, 'Bt_orientation')
if polarity_Bt != 'CW':                          # TODO hardcoded for now!
    dBt *= -1  # make positive
dBt = correct_inf(dBt)
dBt -= dBt.loc[offset_sl].mean()
ax = dBt.plot(grid=True)
show_plasma_limits()
ax.set(xlabel="Time [s]", ylabel="$dU_{B_t}/dt$ [V]", title="BtCoil_raw signal #{}".format(shot_no));
```

Toroidal magnetic field B_t @ the tokamak GOLEM





Basic diagnostics - numerical processing, B_t

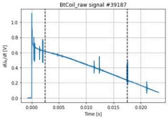
B_t calculation

Check the data availability

It is as magnetic measurement, so the raw data only give $\frac{dB_t}{dt}$

In [12]:
```
dBt = read_signal(shot_no,'U_BtCoil')
polarity_Bt = read_parameter(shot_no, 'Bt_orientation')
if polarity_Bt != 'CW':                          # TODO hardcoded for now!
    dBt *= -1  # make positive
dBt = correct_inf(dBt)
dBt -= dBt.loc[offset_sl].mean()
ax = dBt.plot(grid=True)
show_plasma_limits()
ax.set(xlabel="Time [s]", ylabel="$dU_{B_t}/dt$ [V]", title="BtCoil_raw signal #{}".format(shot_no));
```

Out[12]:
```
[Text(0.5, 0, 'Time [s]'),
 Text(0, 0.5, '$dU_{B_t}/dt$ [V]'),
 Text(0.5, 1.0, 'BtCoil_raw signal #39187')]
```



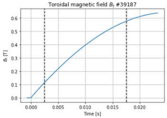
Integration (it is a magnetic diagnostic) & calibration

In [13]:
```
K_BtCoil = float(read_parameter(shot_no, 'SystemParameters/K_BtCoil')) # Get BtCoil calibration factor
print('BtCoil calibration factor K_BtCoil={} T/(Vs)'.format(K_BtCoil))
```

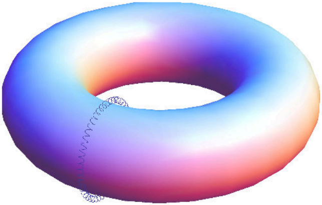
```
BtCoil calibration factor K_BtCoil=70.42 T/(Vs)
```

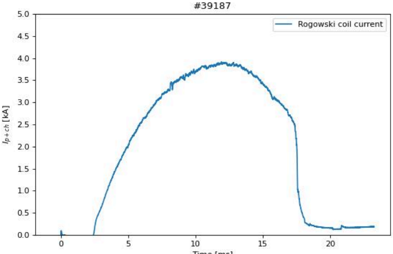
In [14]:
```
Bt = pd.Series(integrate.cumtrapz(dBt, x=dBt.index, initial=0) * K_BtCoil,
               index=dBt.index, name='Bt')
ax = Bt.plot(grid=True)
show_plasma_limits()
ax.set(xlabel="Time [s]", ylabel="$B_t$ [T]", title="Toroidal magnetic field $B_t$ #{}".format(shot_no));
```

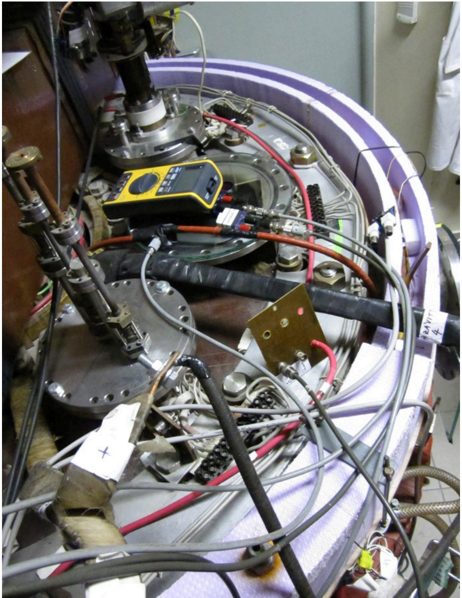
Out[14]:
```
[Text(0.5, 0, 'Time [s]'),
 Text(0, 0.5, '$B_t$ [T]'),
 Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Toroidal magnetic field $B_t$ #39187')]
```



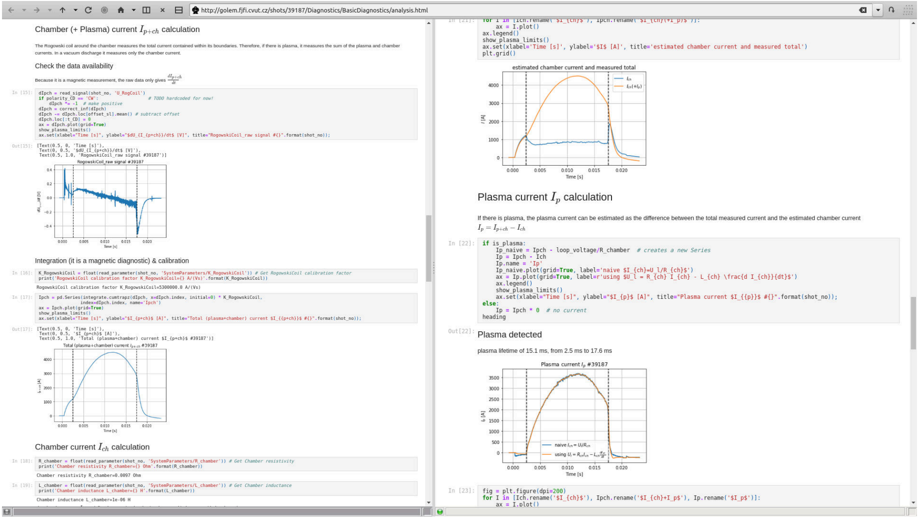
Total current I_{ch+p}



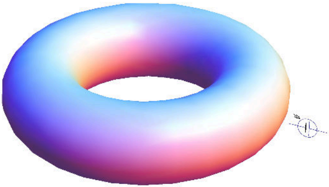


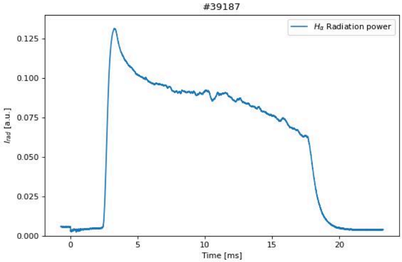


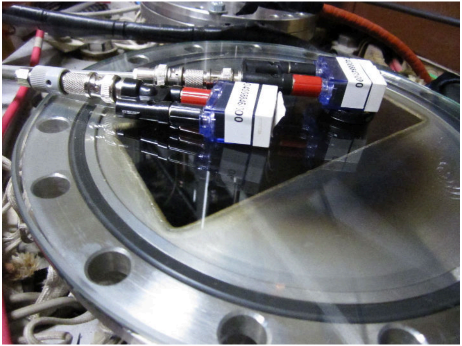
Basic diagnostics - numerical processing, U_{ch+p}



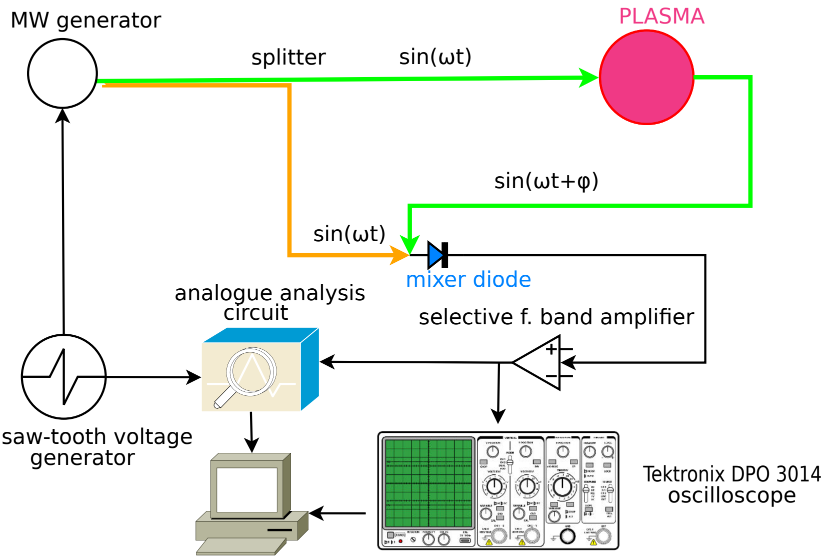
Visible radiation



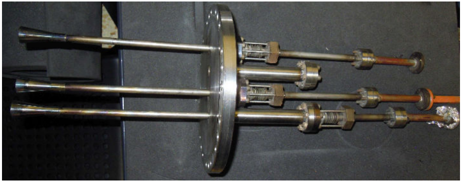




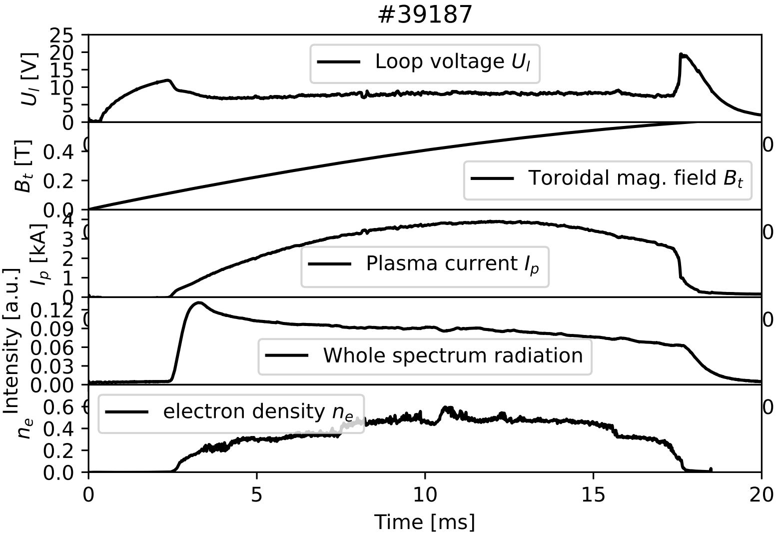
Electron density n_e interferometry measurement scheme



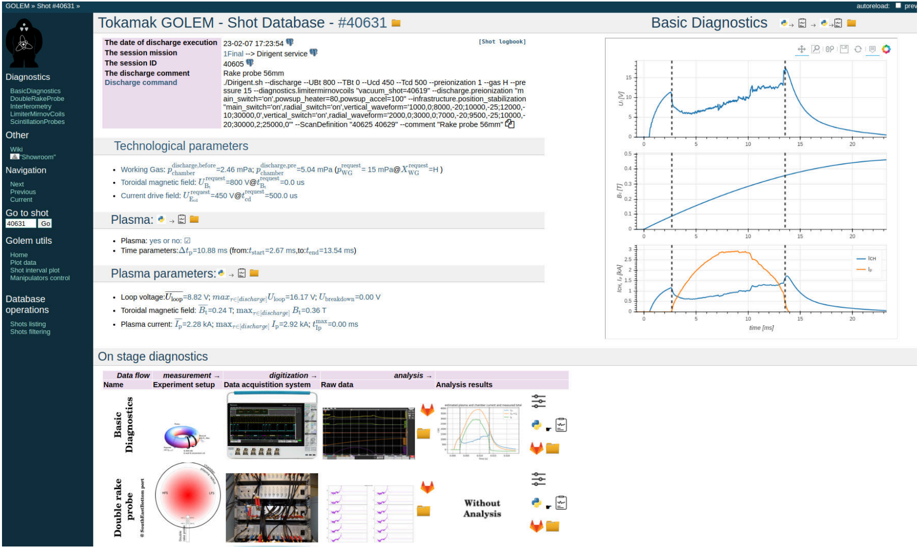
The GOLEM tokamak interferometry HW



Finally "Typical", well executed discharge @ GOLEM



Shot homepage (≈ 2 minutes after discharge execution)



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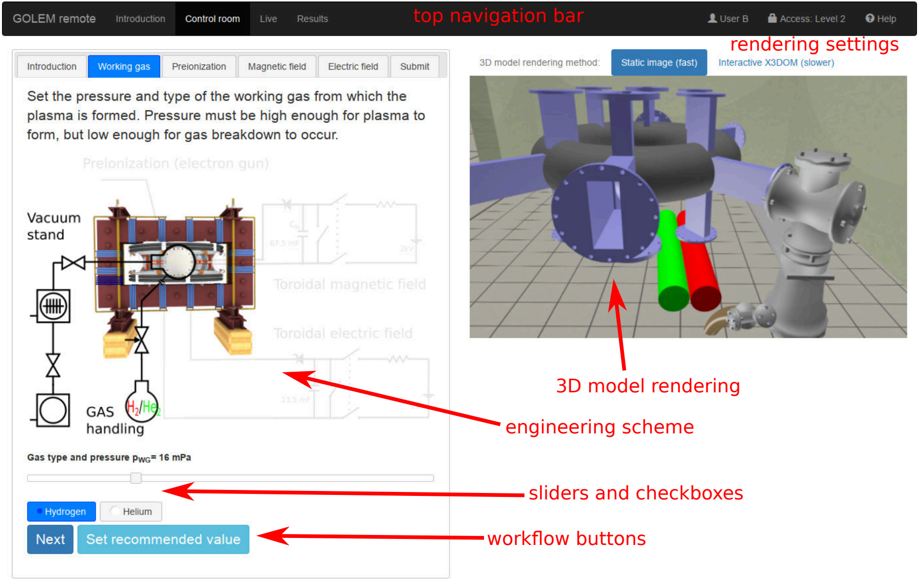
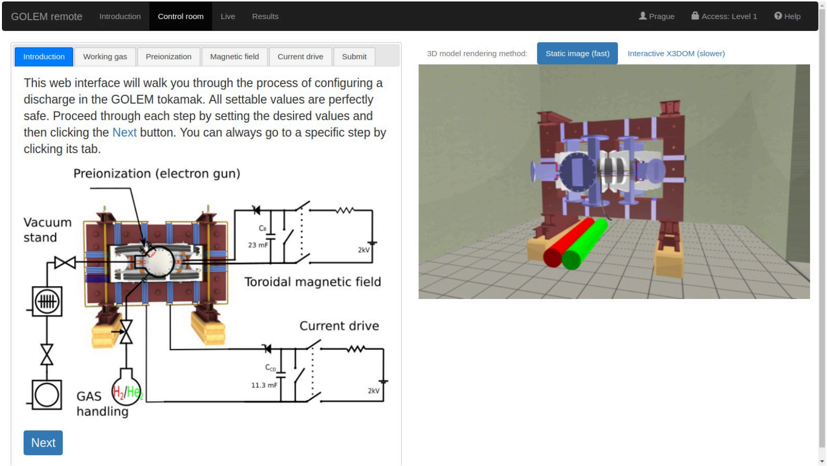
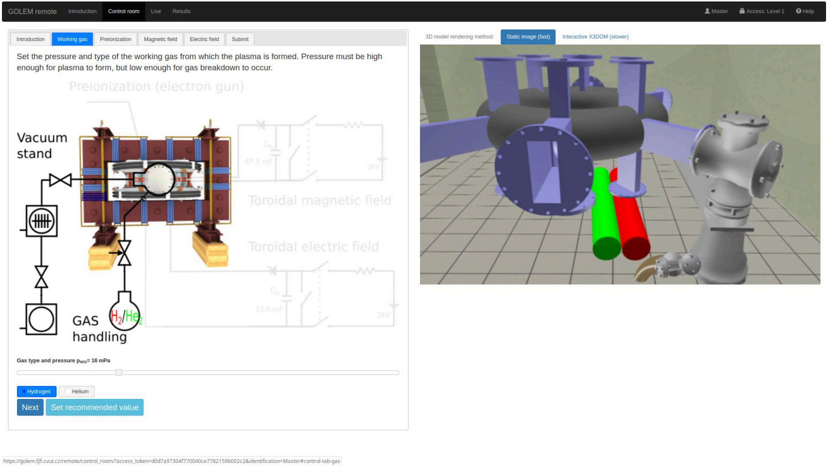
Remote control interface of the GOLEM tokamak



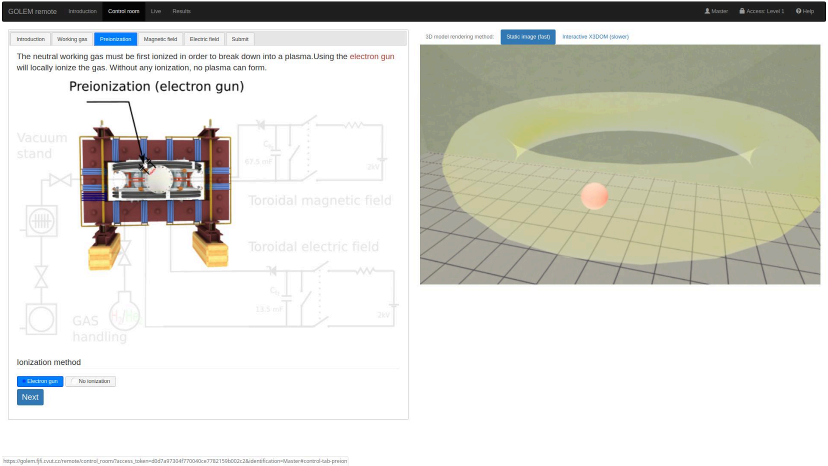
Control room: Introduction



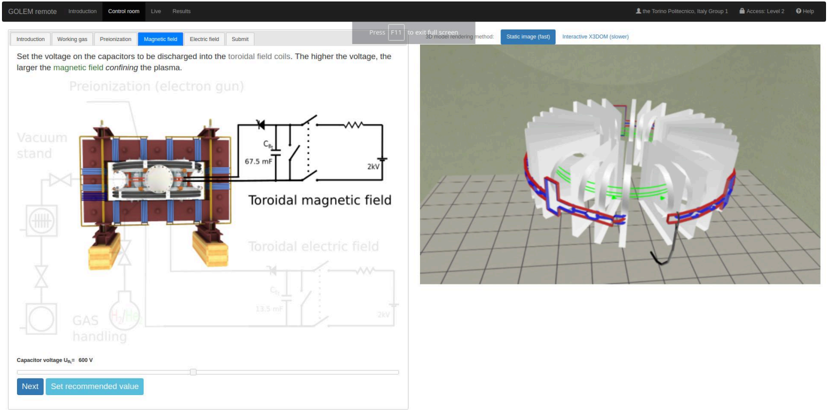
Control room: Working gas



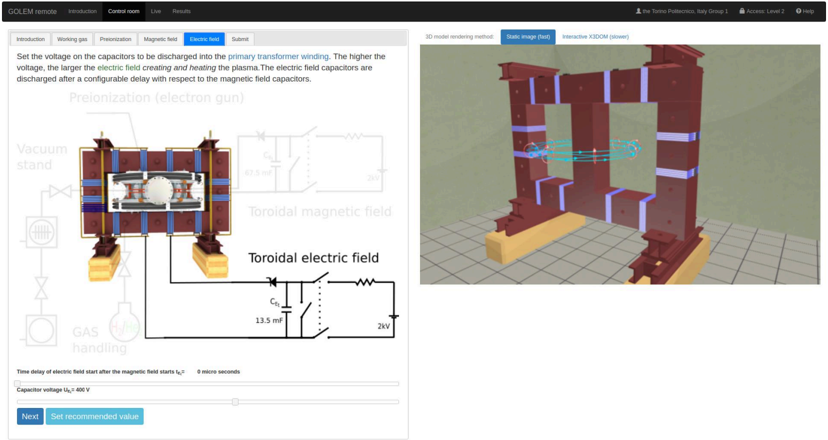
Control room: Preionization



Control room: Magnetic field B_t

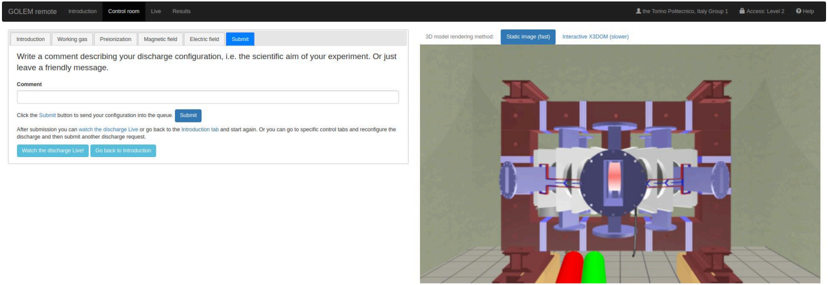


Control room: Current drive E_{cd}



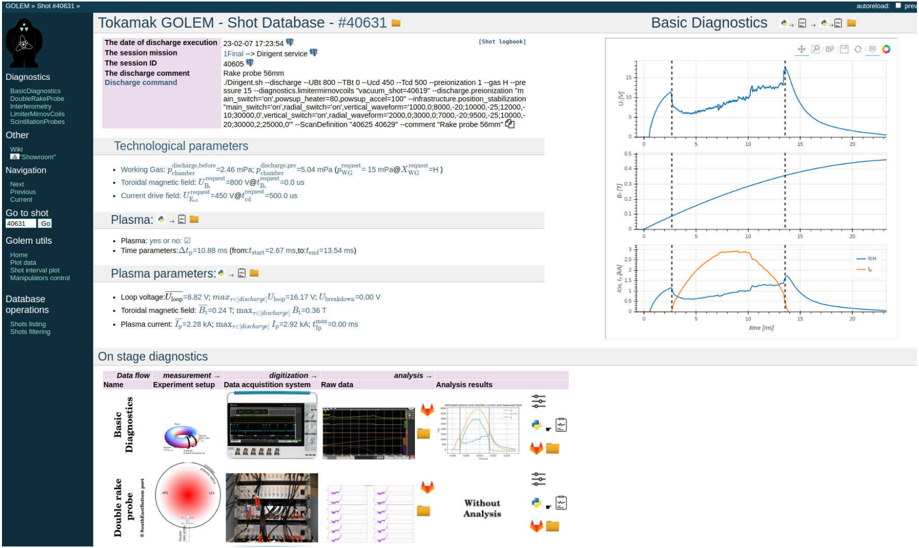
https://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/remote/control_room/?access_token=4701cf412b239452a1cedc6ff376d1a3&identification=the+Torino+Politecnico%2C+Italy+Group+1#control-tab-CD

Control room: ... and Submit



https://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/remote/control_room/?access_token=4701cf412b239452a1cedc6ff376d1a3&identification=the+Torino+Politecnico%2C+Italy+Group+1#control-tab-submit

Shot homepage (≈ 2 minutes after discharge execution)



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GOLEM **basic** Data Acquisition System (DAS)

- $U_l, U_{B_t}, U_{I_{p+ch}}, I_{rad}$
- $\Delta t = 1\mu s / f = 1MHz$.
- Integration time = 40 ms, thus DAS produces 6 colums x 40000 rows data file.
- Discharge is triggered at 5th milisecond after DAS to have a zero status identification.

Data file example, DAS $\Delta t = 1\mu s/f = 1MHz$ (neutral gas into plasma breakdown focused)

t	$\approx U_l$	$\approx U_{\frac{dB_T}{dt}}$	$\approx U_{\frac{d(I_{p+ch})}{dt}}$	$\approx I_{rad}$
:	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:	:
first	$\approx$	7405	lines ..	
:	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:	:
0.007383	1.53931	0.390015	0.048828	0.001831
0.007384	1.53686	0.395508	0.067749	0.00061
0.007385	1.54053	0.391235	0.079956	0.00061
0.007386	1.53686	0.38147	0.072632	0
0.007387	1.54297	0.397949	0.059204	0.00061
0.007388	1.54053	0.384521	0.05249	0.00061
0.007389	1.54053	0.39856	0.068359	0.001221
0.00739	1.54053	0.393677	0.082397	0.001221
0.007391	1.53809	0.38208	0.072632	0.001221
0.007392	1.54297	0.400391	0.056763	0.00061
0.007393	1.54419	0.383911	0.053101	0.00061
0.007394	1.53931	0.397339	0.068359	0.001221
0.007395	1.54297	0.391846	0.084229	0.00061
0.007396	1.54541	0.394897	0.074463	0.00061
0.007397	1.54297	0.388184	0.056763	0.001221
0.007398	1.54297	0.391846	0.056763	0.00061
0.007399	1.54297	0.394287	0.06897	0.00061
:	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:	:
next	$\approx$	32500	lines ..	
:	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:	:

Data access

All the recorded data and the settings for each discharge (shot) are available at the GOLEM website. The root directory for the files is:

`http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/shots/<#ShotNo>/`

The most recent discharge has the web page:

`http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/shots/0`

Particular data from DAS specified with `<DASname>` and `<DASchannelidentifier>` have the format:

`http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/<#ShotNo>/<DASname>/<DASchannelidentifier>`

Jupyter (python)

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

shot_no = 39187
identifier = "U_loop.csv"
DAS='Diagnostics/BasicDiagnostics/Results/'
# create data cache in the 'golem_cache' folder
ds = np.DataSource('golem_cache')
#Create a path to data and download and open the file
base_url = "http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/shots/"
data_file = ds.open(base_url + str(shot_no)+ '/' +DAS +identifier)
#Load data from the file and plot to screen and to disk
data = np.loadtxt(data_file,delimiter=",")
plt.title('#'+str(shot_no))
plt.plot(data[:,0]*1000, data[:,1]) #1. column vs 2. column
plt.xlabel('Time [ms]');plt.ylabel('$U_l$ [V]');
plt.savefig('graph.jpg')
plt.show()

#Run it: save it as script.py and run "python script.py" or execute in a
```

Matlab

```
ShotNo=39187
baseURL='http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/shots/';
diagnPATH='/Diagnostics/BasicDiagnostics/Results/U_loop.csv';
%Create a path to data
dataURL=strcat(baseURL,int2str(ShotNo),diagnPATH);
% Write data from GOLEM server to a local file
urlwrite(dataURL,'LoopVoltage');
% Load data
data = load('LoopVoltage', '\t');
% Plot and save the graph
f = figure('visible', 'off');
hold on
plot(data(:,1)*1000, data(:,2), '.') ;
xlabel('Time [ms]')
ylabel('U_l [V]')
hold off
print -djpeg plot.jpg
close(f)
exit;
```

Octave

```
ShotNo=39187
baseURL='http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/shots/';
diagnPATH='/Diagnostics/BasicDiagnostics/Results/U_loop.csv';
%Create a path to data
dataURL=strcat(baseURL,int2str(ShotNo),diagnPATH);
% Write data from GOLEM server to a local file
urlwrite(dataURL,'U_Loop.csv');
% Load data
data = load('U_Loop.csv', '\t');
% Plot and save the graph
plot(data(:,1)*1000, data(:,2), '.') ;
xlabel('time [ms]')
ylabel('U_{loop} [V]')
saveas(gcf, 'plot', 'jpg');
exit;
```

Gnuplot

```
identifier = 'U_loop.csv' ;
ShotNo = '39187'
# Create a path to the data
DAS='Diagnostics/BasicDiagnostics/Results/'
baseURL='http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/shots/'
DataURL= baseURL.ShotNo.'/'.DAS.identifier
set datafile separator ',';
set title "Uloop for #".ShotNo;
! wget -q @DataURL ;# Write data from GOLEM erver to a local file
# Plot the graph from a local file
set xrange [0:0.02];set xlabel 'Time [s]';set ylabel 'U_l [V]'
set terminal jpeg; plot identifier u 1:2 w l t 'Uloop'
```

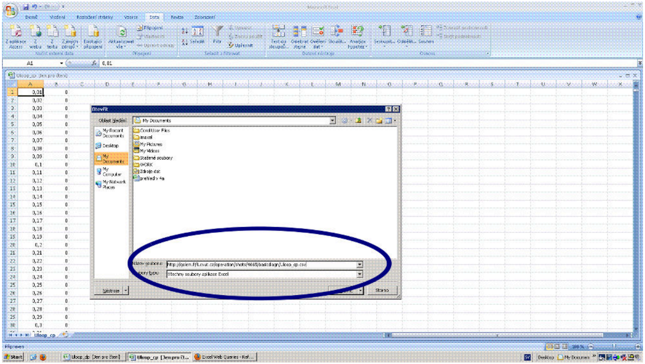
```
shot_no=39187;\
signal_id="Diagnostics/BasicDiagnostics/Results/U_loop.csv";\
gnuplot -p -e "set title \"Golem\";set datafile separator \",\";\
set xlabel \"t [s]\";set ylabel \"U\";\
plot \"< \
wget -q -O - http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/shots/$shot_no/$signal_id\" \
w l t \"U\""
```

GNU Wget

GNU Wget is a free software package for retrieving files using HTTP, HTTPS and FTP, the most widely-used Internet protocols. It is a non-interactive commandline tool, so it may easily be called from scripts, cron jobs, terminals without X-Windows support, etc.

- Runs on most UNIX-like operating systems as well as Microsoft Windows.
- Homepage: `http://www.gnu.org/software/wget/`
- Basic usage:
  - To get U_l: wget `http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/utils/data/<#ShotNo>/loop_voltage`
  - To get whole shot: wget -r -nH –cut-dirs=3 –no-parent -l2 -Pshot `http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/shots/<#ShotNo>`

Excel



File→Open→
`http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/utils/data/<#ShotNo>/<identifier>`

Spredsheets (Excel and others)

are not recommended, only tolerated.

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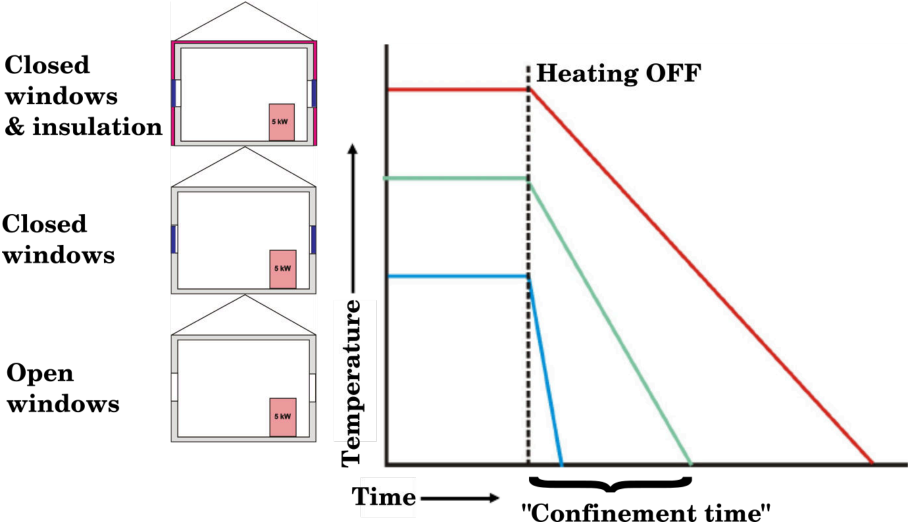
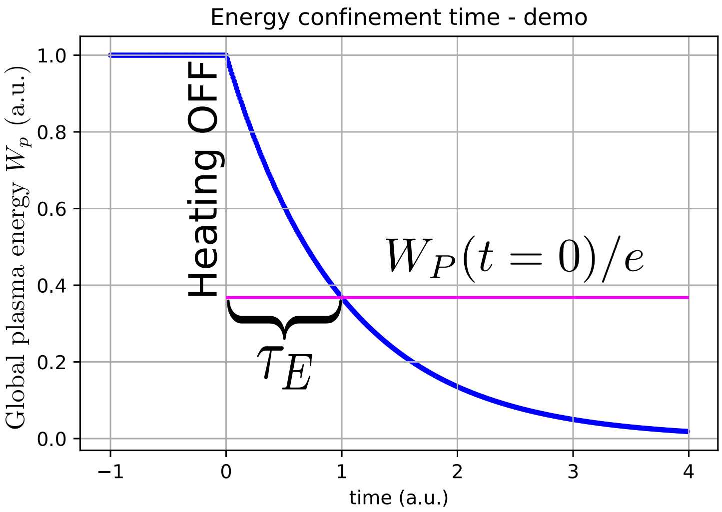
Energy balance of the house



Energy balance of the tokamak



Energy confinement time

Under the assumption of a simplified power balance, the heating power P_H is partially absorbed in the plasma and leads to an increase of the plasma energy W_p and the rest is lost as the loss power P_{Loss}

$$P_H = \frac{dW_p}{dt} + P_{Loss}$$

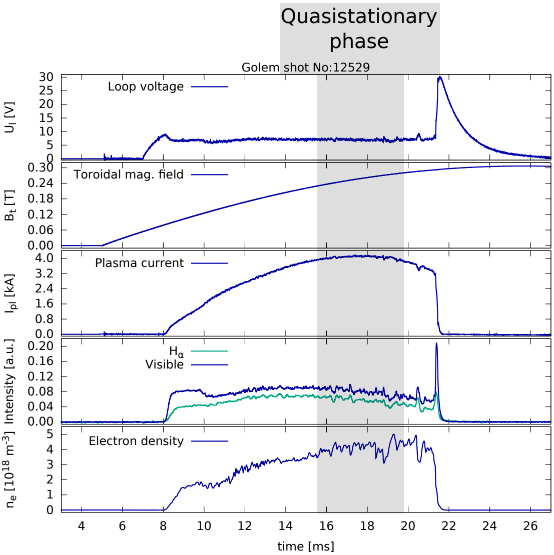
The energy confinement time is defined as the characteristic time scale of the exponential decay of the plasma energy W_p due to the loss power P_{Loss}:

$$\tau_E = \frac{W_p}{P_{Loss}} = \frac{W_p}{P_H - dW_p/dt}$$

Choosing the quasistationary phase of the plasma discharge, where $\frac{dW_p}{dt} = 0$ gives:

$$\tau_E(t) = \frac{W_p(t)}{P_H(t)}$$

The discharge - quasistationary phase



Plasma heating power

On the GOLEM tokamak the only heating mechanism of the plasma is ohmic heating P_{OH} resulting from the plasma current I_p flowing in a conductor with finite resistivity R_p. The time dependence of the ohmic heating power can be calculated as:

$$P_H(t) = P_{OH}(t) = R_p(t) \cdot I_p^2(t)$$

Plasma Energy

The global plasma energy content W_p can be simply calculated from the temperature estimation $T_e(0,t)$, average density n_e and plasma volume V_p, based on the ideal gas law, taking into account the assumed $T_e(r,t) = T_e(0,t)\left(1 - \frac{r^2}{a^2}\right)^2$ temperature profile:

$$W_p(t) = V_p \frac{n_e k_B T_e(0,t)}{3}.$$

The information that the magnetic field reduces the degrees of freedom of the particles to two has been used to derive this formula.

- $V_p \approx 80$ l

Central Electron Temperature estimation (Spitzer Formula)

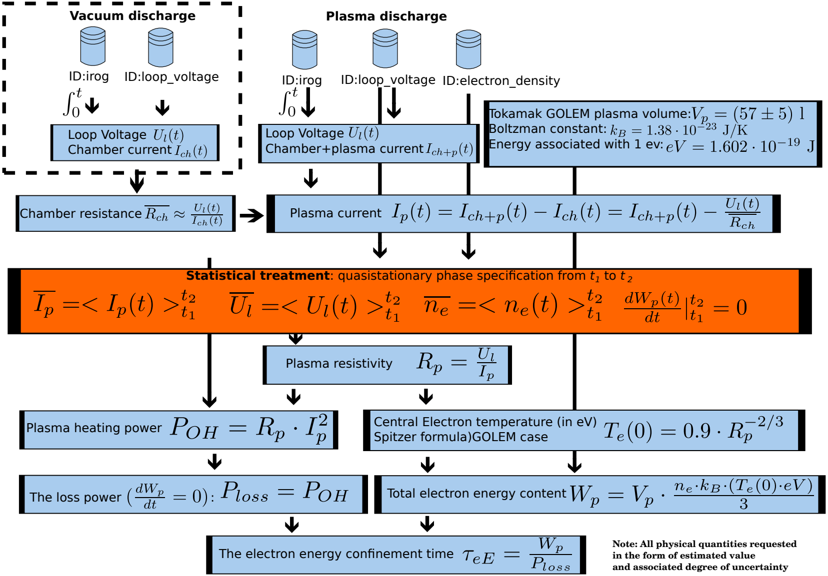
The time evolution of the central electron temperature $T_e(0,t)$ is calculated from equation based on Spitzer's resistivity formula (see eg. [5],[6]):

$$T_e(0,t) = \left(\frac{R_0}{a^2} \frac{8Z_{eff.}}{1544} \frac{1}{R_p(t)} \right)^{2/3}, [eV; m, \Omega]$$

For particular case of the GOLEM tokamak it says:

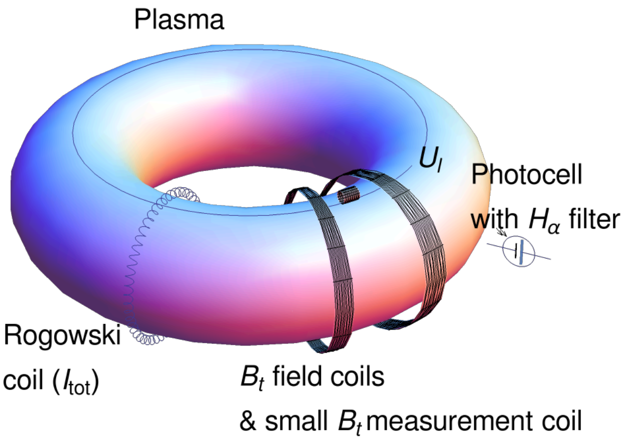
$$T_e(0,t) = 0.9 \cdot \left(\frac{I_p(t)}{U_l(t)} \right)^{2/3}, [eV; A, V]$$

Towards Electron energy confinement time τ_E



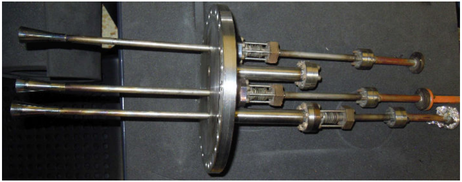
Note: All physical quantities requested in the form of estimated value and associated degree of uncertainty

The GOLEM tokamak - standard diagnostics

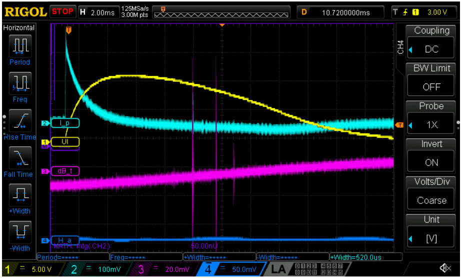


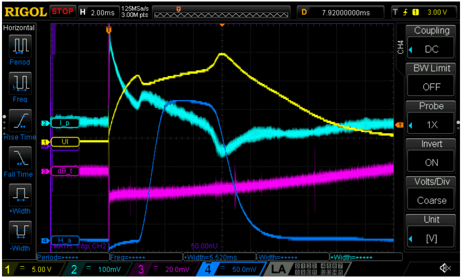
Hands on the GOLEM tokamak - equipment

The GOLEM tokamak interferometry HW

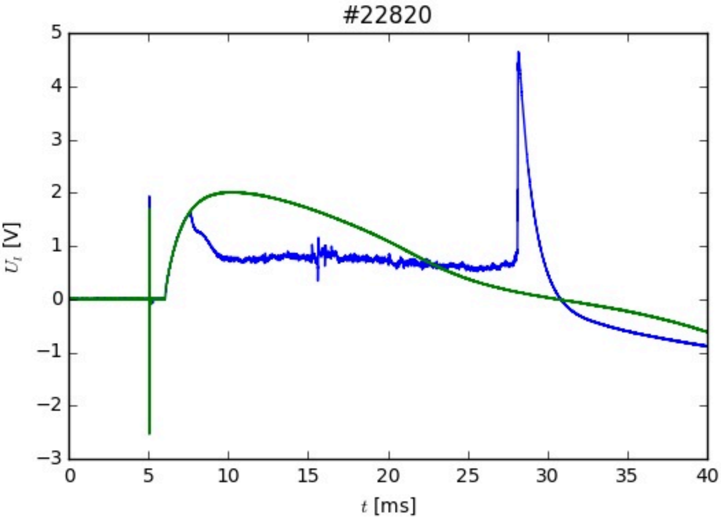


Vacuum x Plasma discharge @ Oscilloscope





Vacuum x Plasma shot



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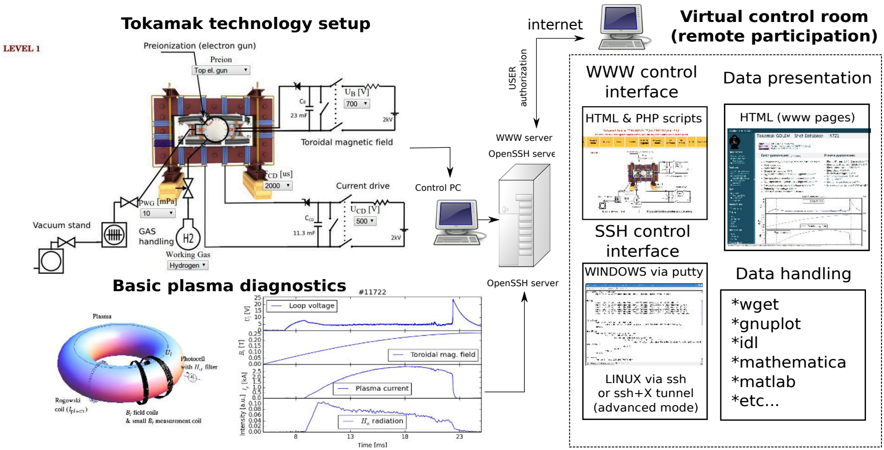
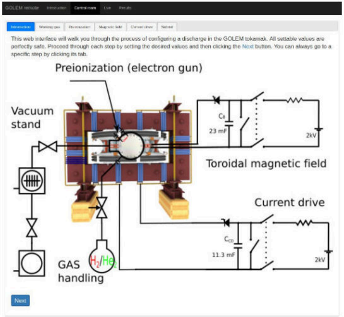
The global schematic overview of the GOLEM experiment



Production

- Everything via `http://golem.fjfi.cvut.cz/puc`
  - This presentation
  - Control rooms
  - Contact: Vojtech Svoboda, +420 737673903, vojtech.svoboda@fjfi.cvut.cz
  - Videoconference: https://meet.google.com/hnv-qjhu-xvi

Recommended values for the GOLEM tokamak operation



- Preionization: Top electron gunn
- Gas: Hydrogen. A Working gas pressure: p_{WG} [mPa] $< 0, 40 >$ mPa
- A voltage to charge the Current drive field E_t capacitor: U_{E_t} [V] $< 400, 700 >$ V
- A voltage to charge the Toroidal magnetic field B_t capacitor: U_{B_t} [V] $< 600, 1200 >$ V
- Time delay of the E_t trigger with respect to the B_t trigger: T_{CD} [μs] $< 0, 10000 > \mu$s

Fee: postcard from the venue of remote measurements

Acknowledgement

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Thank you for your attention

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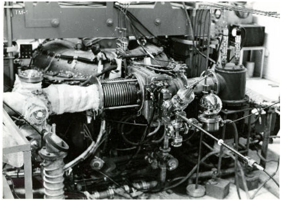

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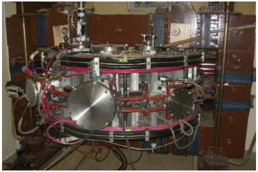

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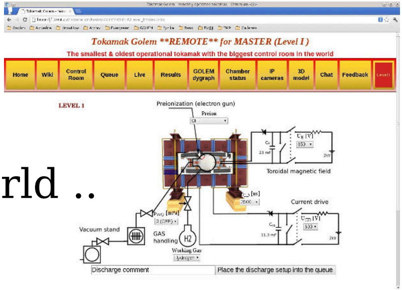

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